THE ONLY ONE.

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full telegraphic day service of the Associated Press by its own operator in its its own office. That's why it leads all its local rivals in the latest war news.

THE LOWELL SUN

SECOND HAND PAPERS.

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot, you must buy The Lowell Sun.

21ST YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT.

THE SOLDIERS' FAREWELL

Was One of the Greatest Events in Lowell's History.



COL. C. A. R. DIMON, Chief Marshal of the Parade.

Thousands and Thousands Accompanied The Departing Soldiers to Their Train and the Enthusiasm and Excitement Exceeded Anything Ever Seen in This Patriotic Community.

This was the greatest day in Lowell's history.

There may be one greater one and it will be when the gallant soldiers, who today went to the war, return, having seen active service.

Lowell's two companies of the Sixth Regiment, emulating the example of the Old Sixth, the regiment of Ladd and Whitney, departed to the front and patriotic Lowell turned out by the thousands to do them honor.

Though the arrangements were speedily made and, in fact, not completed, the departure of the troops excels anything in the history of the patriotic old state.

Everyone, all stations of life, all creeds and nationalities, were decorated with the national colors, while thousands of people with nothing else in common were this once akin and cheered long and loudly as the bell on the engine of the special train at the Northern depot shortly after 10 o'clock gave a sharp warning ring and the train moved slowly, taking the two companies to—time alone will tell. Perhaps only to South Framingham but probably to the Philippines or to Cuba.

As early as sunrise this morning the crowds began to assemble along the principal streets, to get points of vantage ere the immense throng collected. The favorite spots in the early morn were City Hall, gaily decorated in flags and bunting, and the Armory, where the soldier boys gathered betimes, speedily discarding their heavy overcoats and rolling them up to carry on their knapsack as the delinquent sun warmed and dried the dripping streets.

One of the first men on deck was old Mr. J. P. Searles, the only living survivor of the Mexican war, who as early as 7 o'clock was out with a large American flag inquiring of Chief Marshal Dimon as to the parade.

He was given a prominent place in the line.

Then the different marching bodies began to gather within the shadow of the monument to the memory of Ladd and Whitney, and many a man who marched into line doffed his hat to the granite shaft as memory took him back to a similar, but much less elaborate event in the dark days of '61.

Owing to the fact that several of the bodies in line had neglected to notify the chief marshal of their intention to parade, there was some confusion in getting formed, the line extending from the corner of Market and Dutton street up almost to the corner of Merrimack and Suffolk streets. Shortly before 9 o'clock, the column, with its several thousand organized men and thousands of civilians in the rear, was ordered to move, the bands simultaneously striking up each a patriotic air that roused to the cheering pitch the enthusiasm of the assembled multitudes.

Then the immense column, the like of which never before has been seen in Lowell, moved along Dutton street in indifferent order, depending upon a chance at the armory to countermarch and get into regular formation.

Up over Thorndike street hill they went, past the depot, now alive with cheering and flag-waving humanity to Westford street and the armory, where with but little delay, it marched back again in the following order.

FORMATION OF PARADE.

The formation of the parade is as follows:

Mounted officers—Messrs. Walsh, Sparks, Whitney and O'Connell.

Chief marshal, C. A. Dimon, assistants, Col. A. M. Chadwick, George L. Hubbard; chief of staff, Capt. Charles H. Kimball.

Aids—Commander S. G. Smiley, Alderman Rives, E. G. Foss, Dr. Downs, George W. Pattee, Rev. Dr. Chambre, Capt. J. C. Hill, Capt. C. H. Coborn, Dr. George E. Pinkham, M. G. Parker, Col. James Francis, A. L. Bacheller, Hon. E. J. Noyes, H. S. Cushing, Major C. H. Stott, Capt. George D. Kimball, C. O'Donnell, P. Gilbride, J. V. Keyes, Gardner King, J. V. Keyes, H. L. Williams, Herbert V. Hunt, C. F. Callahan, Alexander Abels, C. Holmes, C. E. Mitchell, C. A. Spencer, Richard Welch, George F. Stiles, Capt. J. P. Thompson, Major E. T. Rowell, Capt. James T. Smith, Dr. H. G. Smith, Dr. F. C. Plunkett, Col. George J. Carney, J. R. Fulton, Joseph Smith, E. B. Conant, Charles E. Carter, Joseph Bennett, H. K. Gates, T. P. Boulger, H. C. McOsker, Hon. C. D. Palmer, Cyrus Irish, Frank W. Sherburne, William J. Viney, Gen. Adelbert Ames, Rev. J. G. Craig, Lieut. Geo. E. Worthen, John J. Burns, Joseph Sweeney.

Naval Veterans, with flag, Capt. E. A. Robinson.

Borjes' Military Band.

Police Department, headed by Police Commissioners Faulkner, Rice and Brady, escorting His Honor, the Mayor, members of the city government, and city officials.

Delegation of Newspaper Men.

Survivors of the old Sixth Regiment, Major Thomas O. Allen, Col. A. Pindar, Captain D. Moody Prescott, M. V. M. Libbey and Frank Calvert, Capt. Jim Eddie Hill.

Fire Department, commanded by Chief Hosmer.

Post 42, G. A. R.

Lowell Military Band.

Post 120 on right side and Post 155 on left side of the street, carrying national colors, and forming a hollow square in which marched:

Past commanders and past members of Putnam Guards, with Mr. Putnam leading; volunteers for the war, of the Putnam Guards; past commanders and members of Company C followed by Company C volunteers for the war.

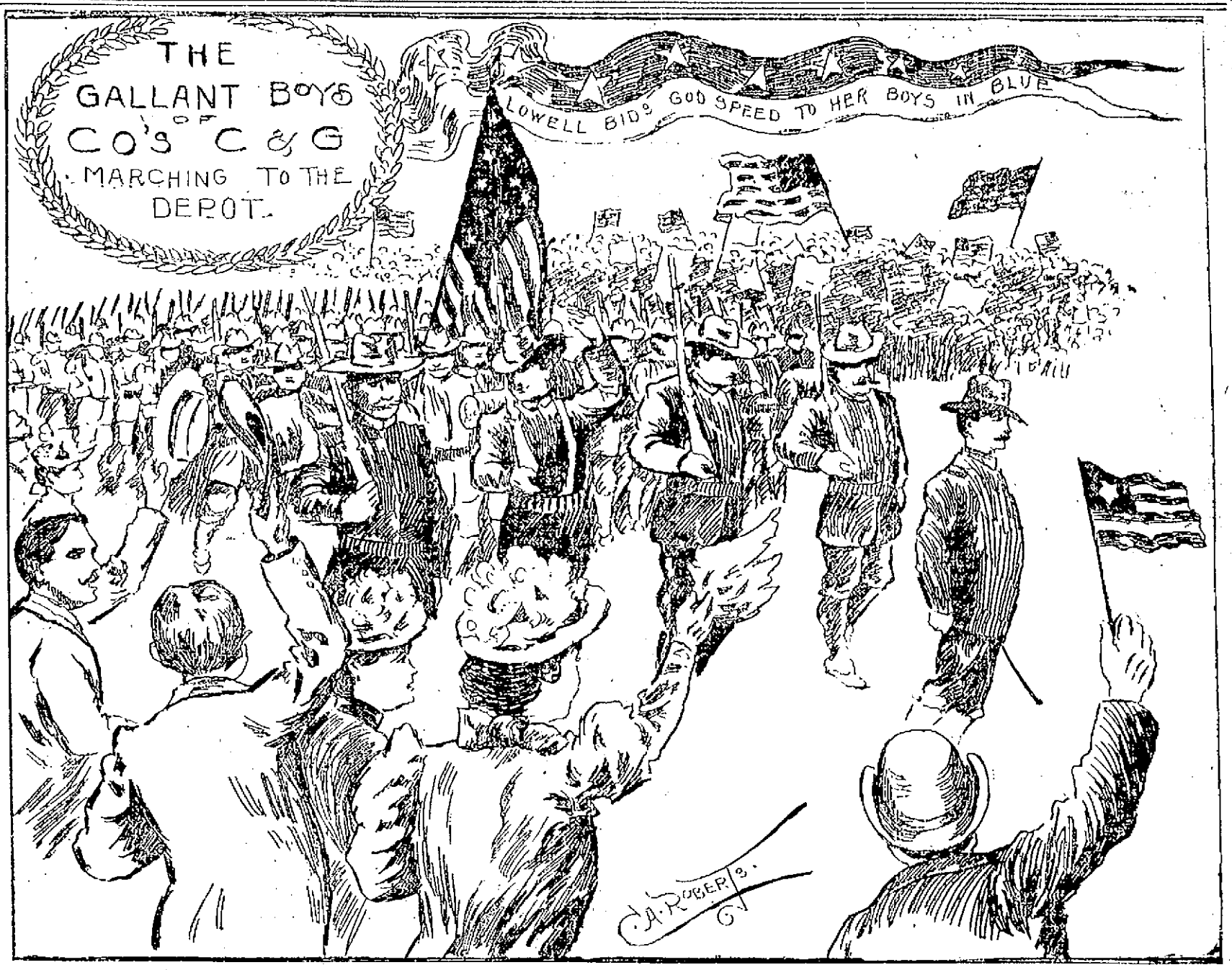
National Band.

High School Regiment.

Cadet Col. Charles Wilson; Cadet Reg. Adj. Arthur Butler; Cadet Q. M., Alfred Kennedy; Cadet Reg. Sergt. Maj. Douglas Rivet, Cadet Q. M. Sergt. Timothy Coleman, Cadet Color Sergt. Arthur Kelly.

First Battalion—Cadets: Maj. Freier-

(Continued to Page Two.)



"We don't want to fight, but by jingo if we do,
"We've got the ships, we've got the men, and we've got the money, too."

THE FIRST WORD FROM DEWEY

Since He Demolished the Spanish Fleet at Manila Sunday.

The Lafayette a Large Naval Reserve Captured Near Havana for Trying to Enter the Harbor—Fear of Serious Complications With France Over the Capture.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, May 6.—On board the Associated Press despatch boat, Kate Spencer.—The big French liner, Lafayette of St. Nazaire, with a full contraband of war and a full contraband international question is bound from Corruna, Spain, April 23, was captured off Havana shortly before sundown last night by the Minneapolis. The Lafayette was heading directly into Havana, and was captured only after an exciting chase. After being boarded by men of the Minneapolis, she again attempted to run the blockade, but was again compelled to heave to. The Wilmington, Newport, and Morrill participated in the capture. For over two hours Captain Hunter of the Minneapolis, the temporary flag officer, and Captain Todd of the Wilmington exchanged signals. After the examination of the Frenchman's papers had been made, a prize crew from the Annapolis was placed on board and she was sent to Key West, under the escort of the Wilmington. A very delicate international question is thought to be involver because of the long consultation which finally resulted in sending her to Key West. The fact that she was thought to leave Spanish ports after the declaration of war seems to be the warrant for holding her. On the question of contraband of war the officers of the Wilmington are reticent. The very large number of male passengers on board leads to the suspicion that she carried recruits for Havana.

It is reported that the Lafayette, in addition to being a regular French mail steamer is a French Naval reserve vessel mounting guns and carrying a crew sufficient to make her ready for active service at short notice. This, it is said, tod considerably to the gravity of the international aspect of the case.

A BIG VESSEL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, May 6.—The Lafayette, which hails from St. Nazaire, France, is an iron vessel of 3394 tons gross register, 344 feet long, 41 feet beam and 28 feet depth of hold. She was built at Greenock in 1864.

TWO MORE PRIZES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, Fla., May 6.—Two more prizes, Spanish fishing schooners, were brought in today.

GOING TO PORTO RICO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, May 6.—A Kingston, Jamaica, special despatch reports the sighting off the east coast of Cuba of four war vessels, supposed to be American. It is thought to be part of Admiral Simpson's squadron en route to Porto Rico.

LONG SENTENCE.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MAN GETS 19 YEARS FOR MURDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lancaster, N. H., May 6.—Thomas Monohan, was sentenced this morning to serve 24 years at hard labor in state prison for the murder of Joseph Goeche at Gorham, N. H., October 26, 1897, and a like sentence was imposed on the charge of murdering William Theis at the same time. The second sentence begins at the expiration of the first. Monohan is to pay the cost of prosecution.

ONLY WORD FROM DEWEY.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE SUN.

London, May 6.—A special despatch, dated Shanghai, purports to give Japanese reports of the fighting at Manila, is received via the Island of Formosa. It says that after disposing of the Spanish fleet and Cavite, Commodore Dewey bombarded Manila. The city, it appears, was soon on fire in many parts, the work, it is added, chiefly of the insurgents. Great loss of life is reported to have occurred among the Spanish residents of the city, but there is no statement of any loss on the American side.

Teas at Wholesale—We have a large stock of Teas and Coffees on hand and would like to have you get our prices before purchasing. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 17 E. Merrimack street, Tel. 643.

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office and Stables.

Market St. Cor. Worthen.

Hood's Pills

Cure sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, gas in the stomach, distress and indigestion. Do not weaken, but have tonic effect. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

New Upright Pianos to be Given Away to the party possessing oldest piano in Lowell. Our Jacob Doll Pianos are the leading instruments of the age. A genuine article; factory prices; easy terms. For sale by Samuel Orr, No. 372 Merrimack street, Associate Building, Lowell, Mass.

Money Deposited on or before Friday, June 3d, in the SAVINGS DEPARTMENT of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from June 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours: Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays 8 a.m. to 1 p.m. 7 to 9 p. m.

Chas. J. Glidden, Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier.

Middlesex Street, Cor. Post Office Avenue

Putnam & Son

Men's Blue Serge Suits

STRICTLY ALL WOOL.

FAST COLOR.

COATS PIPED WITH SATIN.

PERFECT FITTING.

$6.00

A SUIT.

PUTNAM & SON.

166 Central Street.



CAPT. ALEX. GREIG of Company C.

THE SOLDIERS' FAREWELL.

(Continued)

ick Barrows, Bat. Adj. Charles Littlehale, Sergt. Maj. Charles Stevens. Company F, Cadets: Capt. James Mudge, First Lieut. Dana Whipple, Second Lieut. Richard Walsh; Company D, Cadets: Capt. Thomas Kelly, First Lieut. Charles Kelley, Second Lieut. William Bagley.

Second Battalion—Cadets: Lieut. Col. Lloyd Haworth, Bat. Adj. Edward Cilley, Sergt. Maj. Hope; Company C, Cadets: Capt. Arthur McLean, Lieut. Walter Bean; Company B, Cadets: Capt. Thomas J. O'Donnell, First Lieut. Francis Murphy, Second Lieut. John J. Rogers; Company A, Cadets: Capt. Frank Dupee, First Lieut. Harold Varnum, Second Lieut. Geo. F. Lawson.

Lowell Cadet Band.

Letter Carriers.

Shaw Hosiery Employes.

Pilling's Shoe Shop Employes.

Lamson Consolidated Store Service Company.

Lowell Ministers.

Boys' Brigade of the Highland Congregational church, in command of Rev. Mr. Merriam.

A. O. H., 100 men in command of John A. O'Hearn.

Mathews' Temperance Institute, 50 men in command of John Pinder.

Lowell Lodge Elks, Rollin W. Stickney in command.

Sons of Veterans.

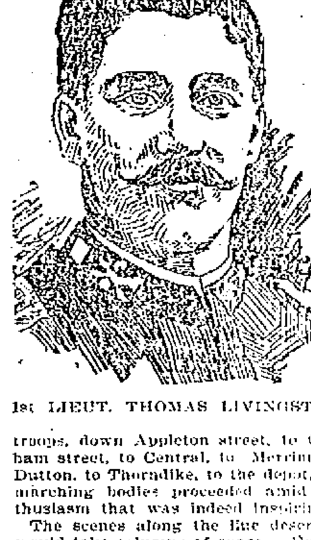
Tally-Ho, containing lady-friends of Sergt. Lewis Hunton of Company C.

Citizens.

Patriotic Float Representing Uncle Sam on Horseback.

As the two companies with their regular complement of uniformed men and un-uniformed volunteers emerged from the armory to take their position within the hollow square formed as may be noted above, the crowd at the armory burst into the wildest applause which noticeably affected many of the brave young men in blue.

With little delay and terrific efforts on the part of the police to keep back the crowd which insisted upon shaking hands once more with the departing



1st LIEUT. THOMAS LIVINGSTON.

troops, down Appleton street, to Gorham street, to Central, to Merrimack, Dutton, to Thorndike, to the depot, the marching bodies proceeded amid enthusiasm that was indeed inspiring.

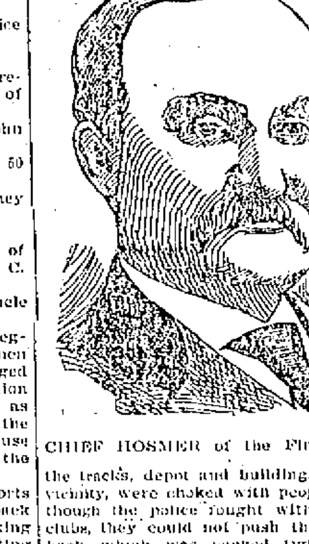
The scenes along the line described would take columns of space. Everywhere some new and distinct patriotic feature was presented by the crowds on the sidewalks. At St. Anne's church the chimes rang out patriotic airs, while the firemen on Palmer street, who were not in the parade, fired off a large cannon, adding to the noise and enthusiasm.

As the procession passed along Dutton street, they were greeted with cheers from the pupils of Notre Dame academy, while the bells in St. Patrick's church tower pealed forth their patriotism.

AT THE DEPOT.

But at the depot, the scene was most inspiring and though time may bring forth other events of unprecedented character, to the gatherings there, it is, nevertheless, extremely doubtful if ever the sight at that depot will be obliterated from their memory.

It was impossible to estimate the size of the crowds at the depot and in its vicinity. To place it at 25,000 is a conservative estimate. Thorndike street hill and below Middlesex street,



CHIEF HOSMER of the Fire Dept.

the tracks, depot and buildings in the vicinity, were choked with people and though the police fought with drawn clubs, they could not push the crowd back, which was packed tight from the building walls to the middle of the street.

By some rather dubious arrangement, the special train for the soldiers was backed across Thorndike street, blocking the passageway. Into it the soldiers passed in twos, amid the cheers and Godspeeds of the crowds. The engine and roofs of the cars were packed with cheering men who held their positions until after the train had moved out of the depot. It was intended to have some formal exercises such as a few selections by the united bands, but all formality was driven to the winds by the immense, unruly, sweltering fainting, screeching, patriotic multitudes which surged back and forward, as the waves of a mighty sea against the sides of the cars, each with a particular soldier boy to bid Godspeed.

Just before the train started, two men from the Taylor Roof Shingling company mounted the roof of the engine's cab and unfurled an immense American flag, which covered the entire cab. This action set the crowd's lung power loose and wild cheers drowned every other sound.

Then amid a momentary pause in the excitement, the bell on the engine rang. The boys on the train yelled "All Aboard!" As if from a mile away, came the faint notes of the "Soldier's Farewell" played by the St. Patrick's band, and the train began to move.

In another instant, no band, no engine were heard, but a mighty chorus of "Good-byes" "God bless you," "Good luck," and "Take care of Yourselves," rent the air and Lowell's gallant Sixth had started to defend its grand old reputation in maintaining its country's honor.

SOME DECORATIONS.

Some of the decorations along Central street: Tilton & Co. had a very fine window display, also a number of flags suspended from the building. The Prescott bank had flags, C. B. Joyce & Co had flags, and the Shattuck building had a pretty display of flags. Legault, the jeweller, had a very extensive display of bunting and flags. The Arlington hotel was nicely draped with bunting and flags. Putnam & Son had the front of their building beautifully decorated with flags and bunting. Bartlett & Dow and the Rockingham had a very pretty display. Cook, Taylor & Co. had the most extensive decorating of any one on the street: the entire length of the building from the first floor to the roof is decorated with bunting and flags. The Farragut House had bunting and flags suspended from the entire front of the building. The Washington House and Burbeck's restaurant made a very pretty display. On Appleton street, there was no particularly special feature in the way of decorations, but nearly every residence the entire length, from Gorham street to the Armory, showed the patriotic spirit by suspending flags. From Thorndike street to Middlesex, there was a large display. The Wamesit bank building was entirely decorated; also the Stott block, Union market, Corey, the furniture dealer, and Geo. Enwright's wine rooms. One of the original features seen on the street was a man with a bicycle decorated with flags and wearing a red, write, and blue sweater. The Belvidere Hotel and Glidden's block on Middlesex street had a striking display of flags from every window on the entire building. The Mathews draped their hall in the Mansur Block, as did the Woolen Spinners of Bay State hall.

There was not a house along the entire route that did not display one, or more flags if not bunting and other features.

THE LAST NIGHT.

The boys of Companies G, Sixth Regiment, had little of the armory to themselves last night.

Visitors came by the hundreds, then swelled the numbers into the thousands till they were wedged in the corridors and company room so tightly that progress was impossible. It was a crowd of young people.

Only at intervals in the big crowd could there be seen a man or a woman who might be termed of middle age. And they were strangers to the armory for they looked with a strange gaze upon everything in the big armory and seemed deeply interested in preparation for camp.

Some of them were guided by a young man in uniform, evidently their son, who explained to them everything that commanded their attention.

The great majority of the gathering were young ladies, sisters, cousins, and sweethearts of the "regulars." Many came expecting to see a drill, but neither of the companies was put through the manual, or the marching movements. And so the main points of interest were in the company rooms. Company G has its quarters on the first floor and during the entire night there was not a dull moment.

Over in one corner of the room a private, in uniform sat at the piano and played patriotic airs, while the soldier boys sung. Then they turned to sentimental ballads, battle hymns and later to the light coon melodies in which all joined. Captain Greig did not report at the armory up to 9 o'clock but the men, were not anxious for they said, as they sat about packing their blankets and getting their uniforms in trim, "the captain will be here yet and a good cheer will greet him."

In the card room some of the men were engaged in a hand of whist, and others sat about and told stories of camp life to the recruits.

It was announced that the following men would go into camp with Company C:

Capt. Alexander Greig, First Lieut. Thomas Livingston, Second Lieut. Fred Costello, First Sergt. Colby T. Kittredge, Second Sergt. Victor J. Hosmer, Third Sergt. Arthur Ashworth, Corporal Otto S. Hahn, Corporal Gardner Pearson, Corporal G. E. Worthen, Jr., Corporal Walker P. Berry, Musician Francis Rigg.

Privates E. Lathrop Aldrich, Thomas Ashworth, W. H. Bagshaw, Jr., H. C. Bellamy, E. A. Barnes, Ezra J. Bowden, Frank Burns, B. W. Chandler, Ralph W. Clogston, Charles J. Duffy, C. L. Faneuf, Edward Flannigan, W. C. Gannon, W. E. Goodwin, Russell S. Goring, Maurice E. Hardy, John H. Keiser, Archie McAuley, Alexander D. Mitchell, Rosco Miller, Carl F. Pihl, John Poyal, William E. Savage, Herbert Savage, Arthur H. Tuttle, Algernon Varnum, B. L. Walker, Frank B. Whicher, Jacob Ortzelcher, George W. Peterson, H. William Hatch, James Greig, Frank C. Daugles, Leslie J. Wisner, J. Victor Carey, Harry W. McQuesten, James Percy Maxfield, David T. Gifford, Fred C. Harmon, Albert E. Richardson, Fred Woodbury, William E. Cook, James McKenzie, George Dunlavey, Edmund Hutchins, Philip E. Abbott, Benjamin Baker, Samuel E. Regnier, Fred Nichols John R. Walker, William Davidson, Eben Sears, Charles E. Curtin, Arthur E. Garland, Charles H. Hill, Jr., Patrick Kiernan, John Bradley, George H. Connell, Charles S. Winslow, Frank B. O'Brien, Herman S. Walsh, Manuel Ponsa, Walter LaMountain, Thomas R. McNally, William A. Bainbrige, William H. Murray, John H. Hooper, John E. Lyons, Ira J. Savage, Thomas Kilderry, Sylvester F. Sullivan, J. Cavanaugh, James J. Quinlan, William F. Hackett, Fred N. Charland, David Frawley, Robert C. Dexter, Jacob E. Moseck, George E. Tracey, Charles W. Ryan

Upstairs Company G entertained many of its friends in the room on the second floor. Captain Carr was examining the helmets and overlooking the company's property. "We will go into camp," said he "in excellent condition. We will have the quota and men to spare. My men, in fact the men in every company are anxious to go. It pleases us immensely to see the way the people of Lowell are treating us and the preparations they are making to send us off. That public feeling that is behind us is enough to buoy up any company. I have the men selected who will go into camp."

Then the captain presented the following list of names:

Captain Edward B. Carr; First Lieut. William Fairweather; Second Lieut. George S. Howard, First Sergt. Lewis G. Huntoon, Second Sergt. George H. McNamara, Third Sergeant George R. Colwell, Fourth Sergt. Frank A. Boyle, Fifth Sergt. Fred C. M. Silk, Corporal Pearl T. Darrell, Corporal William E.



CAPT. E. B. CARR of Company G.

Golden, Corporal Murdock McKinnon, Corporal Fred B. Barris, Corporal Bernard E. French, Corp Frank Dodge.

Privates Harvey M. Aldrich, Edwin G. Baker, Arthur Boucher, Richard J. Barton, Arthur Boucher, Ralph A. Brackley, George H. Brock, Jenbert W. Bull, Samuel Busby, Curtin E. Bonham, Arthur A. Bourden, John A. Caldwell, George W. Carey, Joseph Crawford, Peter Courtney, Thomas F. Connors, Forrest W. Durant, Patrick H. Driscoll, Thomas W. Doyle, Calvin H. Druel, Levi Demange, John A. Delmore, John Dempsey, William J. Goodwin, John J. Gair, Armene Grenier, Richard Gibbons, John T. Guyette, Frank D. Green, George W. Halpin, George A. Hartley, Daniel M. Hayes, Fred G. Huntoon, William F. Hunt, Henry Hopkins, John H. Heineghan, Alfred Harnois, Wilfred Hebert, Frank M. Hey, Jeremiah Leary, John Low, Daniel B. Lynch, William H. Langell, Thomas F. Muldoon, Waldo F. Miles, John J. Maguire, Herbert C. Mason, Frank J. Munroe, William F. Mervin, Hugh Maguire, Judson A. Phillips, Calvin F. Prince, James H. Pearson, William H. Peltier, Charles J. Spaulding, Joseph Sanson, George H. Sanderson, Samuel A. Strong, Cornelius J. Sullivan, Burton L. Upham, Harry L. Young, Forrest T. Weeks, Patrick H. Wallace, Ernest Waltham.

Armorer Carr had quite a time handling the big crowd at the armory and he said that in the early part of the evening he was obliged to shut the gates for a while, so great was the crush.

A $200,000 FIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cincinnati, O., May 6.—Mansa Bros. and Wolffe Bros' shoe factories at seven stories, were burned this morn Seventh and Sycamore streets, each ing. The loss is estimated at $200,000.

DEATHS.

KIERNAN—John Kiernan, an old employe in point of service of the street department, died yesterday at St. John's hospital, aged 42 years. He is survived by his wife, father, three brothers and three sisters. The funeral will be announced later.

VARNUM—Gertrude May, daughter of Daniel and Annie Varnum, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 697 Bridge street, aged 19 years. Besides her parents, she is survived by one brother, a Dartmouth College student.

GIBBYNS—H. M. Gibbyns, aged 4 years, died Wednesday, at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gibbyns, 5 West Fourth street.

LARKIN—Winnifred, the 19 year old daughter of John and Mary Larkin, died Wednesday evening at her parent's home in North Chelmsford.

FARREY—Mary Farrey, an old resident of Tewksbury, died Wednesday night at her home in that town, aged 75 years.

FUNERALS.

GIBBONS—The funeral of Henry Gibbons, son of Edward and Norah Gibbons was held yesterday afternoon. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

SHORT—The funeral of the late Edward Short will take place from St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

FARREY—The funeral of Mary Farrey took place this morning from the Sacred Heart church at 9.30 o'clock. There was a large attendance. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

The Sons and Daughters of Maine held a regular meeting in Union hall last night and initiated six new members.

Members of Centralville Lodge, the Daughters of Rebekah, were entertained at the residence of F. J. Fleming in High street last evening.

Lady Franklin Council, Daughters of Liberty, gave a box party in Odd Fellows' hall last evening. G. C. Curtin was auctioneer and war prices were obtained for the offerings.

After the serving of refreshments there was dancing. The committee in charge was as follows: G. C. Currier, chairman; A. G. Long, William Prescott, Asa Hilliard and William Ferris.

Dewey Council, No 1, o fthe United States Indemnity Society was organized in Post 185 hall last night.

The officers elected were: P.C., W. J. Hardy; V.C., H. V. Kittredge; recorder, John Parker; warden, C. H. Molloy; local secretary, James Magee.

BROKE HER LEG.

Katie McGarrell slipped and fell in Middlesex street yesterday and fractured her right leg. She was taken in the ambulance to St. John's hospital.

FEARFUL HAVOC

Played by a Tornado and a Waterspout.

THOUSANDS LEFT HOMELESS AND MANY KILLED.

Houses Floating in the Rushing Torrent.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Little Rock, Ark., May 6.—A special from Van Buren, Ark., says: Waterspouts and tornadoes have played havoc here and done hundreds of thousands of dollars damage. Three houses were blown down at Rudh, five miles east of here last night, and it is reported that Winslow, a summer resort on top of Boston mountain, is entirely gone. Two bridges on the 'Frisco road over Clear Creek, have been swept away and the road abandoned. Trains have run for two days around via Claremore, Indian Territory and then down the Kansas and Arkansas Valley road but the latter had a two-mile washout and 300 yards of a landslide.

Van Buren is now entirely cut off, save by way of Little Rock. The Arkansas river is 25 miles wide in places and is now four inches higher than it was in 1892, which was the highest on record. At 11 o'clock last night, boats were busy in the bottom rescuing the inhabitants. Thousands were rescued and it is feared that many have been drowned. Two houses were seen going down the river, but the boatmen failed to reach them. Rain is falling in torrents and the end is not in sight.

Flags For the Reserve.

An auxiliary to the National Volunteer reserve has been organized by the colonel's daughter, Miss Norma Mayer. The members are making flags and "housewives" for the reserve.—New York Tribune.

WE PERMIT NO OVERSTATEMENTS

Some people consider deception an art. It may be, but it's an art we have no use for. Fair dealing is artistic enough for us. It makes new friends and holds old ones, and that's all we are after. The competition in clothing has never been so keen as this season, and we realize that only some extraordinary effort on our part will enable us to keep in the lead. This superhuman effort we are now making. We buy and sell for spot cash only. When same manufacturer needs money—and needs it quick—he knows where to come. The wonderful bargains which we are offering this week in

Blue and Black Serge Suits

is the result of the visit of one of them Each suit a gem of its kind. Each one head and shoulders above any bargain yet offered this season anywhere. Our price while they last is

$7.50.

This week will witness the liveliest suit selling Lowell has ever seen for a while. Just see us hustle.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Co.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer)
S. S. "CANADA" (New.)

9000 Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool:
SATURDAY, FEB. 19, 8.30 A. M.
SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 12, Noon.
Saloon passage $60 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations), $42.50; round passage, $78.31. Steerage passage $23.50.

PORTLAND-LIVERPOOL Service

S. S. Labrador sails Wednesday, Feb. 2nd at 1 p. m. Vancouver sails Saturday, Feb. 12 at 1 p. m. Low passage rates. Saloon, $60. Second Cabin, $34. Steerage, $22.50. For passage, plans, etc., apply to company's office, 103 State St., Boston, or to local agents, Denis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, F. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

Hosiery and Underwear Sale Saturday.

Surplus stock of two very prominent manufacturers. Our hustling organization this week scooped some of the best things ever offered. A little more than

Half Price the Rule for Saturday

Ladies' and Children's Hose.

Boys' and Girls' Fast Black Cotton Hose, double heel and toe, regular price 5c.
Saturday's Price, 3 Pairs for 25c.

Boys' Ipswich Bicycle Hose, extra heavy quality, double heel and toe, 25c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 15c, Pair

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, double heel and toe, regular 15c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 8c. Pair

Ladies' fancy drop stitch and Maco Foot Hose, fast black, regular 20c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 12½c. Pair

Ladies' Royal Stainless Hose, in drop stitch and plain, high-spliced heel and toe, regular 33c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 17c. Pair

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, with Maco foot and extra fine gauze, high spliced heel and toe,
Saturday's Price, 21c. Pair

Boys' and Girls' two and one ribbed fast black Maco Cotton, with double knee, heel and toe, very elastic,
Saturday's Price, 17c. Pair

Ladies' and Children's Underwear

Children's Jersey Vests and Knee Pants,
Saturday's Price, 12½c. Each

Boys' Jersey Vests in long or short sleeves,
Saturday's Price, 23c. Each

Ladies' Sleeveless or Short Sleeve Jersey Vests,
Saturday's Price, 12½c Each

Ladies' Jersey Vests, long sleeves, regular 50c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 33c. Each

Ladies' Silk Vests in an endless variety of colors, regular 75c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 49c. Each

Ladies' Bicycle Tights, black or Egyptian, double seat,
Saturday's Price, 50c. Pair

$30,000 Stock of New Furniture.

Which we advertised Wednesday contains some of the most extraordinary values ever offered in reliable up-to-date merchandise. If you need a piece or a set for your chamber, parlor, dining room, hall, or library, in fact any part of your house, come at once and see what you can find in this sale.

It is Positively a Great Money-Saving Sale for the People.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

LENGTH OF THE WAR.

Judge Thomas Mackey Thinks It Will Extend Over Three or Four Years.

Hon. Thomas J. Mackey of South Carolina, who was a captain of engineers in the Confederate army and did splendid service in the construction of the fortifications at Richmond and other points, was seen in Washington recently.

In 1866 he made a thorough examination of Morro Castle, and the plans thereof, drawn by him, are in the war department. Judge Mackey will no doubt go to Cuba in a very short time as an engineer in the United States army. In a conversation with a Washington Post reporter the judge took a very different view of the probable length of the conflict from that generally entertained.

"I think," said he, "that our war with Spain will extend over a period of three or four years and possibly much longer. To achieve final victory we will be forced to land an army on Spanish soil, and that will bring on the greatest battle in the annals of history. A quarter of a million of men will be engaged on either side. The taking of Cuba and Puerto Rico, instead of marking the termination of the struggle, will only be its inception, and the enemy is wise enough to have discounted the loss of this territory. Spain has a population of 19,000,000 and is a warlike race. Unless we administer a crushing blow on their own soil they will not stop fighting for the next 30 years."

DEVOTION OF A MOTHER.

Many Watched Her as She Marched Beside Her Soldier Son.

A sight for Spartan eyes was witnessed recently in Chicago when the first detachment of naval recruits from Chicago and Milwaukee marched down the smooth asphalt of Jackson boulevard to the Pennsylvania depot, en route for New York, to enter active service. Notwithstanding that the escort of 500 bluejackets of the Illinois naval reserve were showing a faultless drill, everybody watched one figure in black.

Right among the marching recruits and keeping close alongside of a strapping young fellow in a light overcoat, who was carrying a small traveling grip, was a woman of fully 60 years. She was dressed in mourning, and many a hurrah was hushed as people caught the first glimpse apparently of a widowed, gray haired mother personally taking her son into the rank and file of the boys in blue. She kept an arm around him and her head bowed, noticing no one else. Perhaps 20 other women and girls—mothers, wives and sweethearts—walked with the recruits, but the attention of the spectators followed only the lone woman in black till she was lost in the distance.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

ARMY NURSES IN ENGLAND.

They Undergo a Severe Training and Are a Part of the British Army.

"England does not agree with the United States that men are better nurses than women," said a member of one of the relief corps to a New York Tribune reporter recently. "A body of trained nurses would indeed be a valuable aid to the medical and surgical departments of our army and navy. In England the government established a training school where women were to be educated for the army nearly 50 years ago. The queen founded Netley hospital after Florence Nightingale's work in the Crimea.

"Nurses have to spend five or six years in training, which is exceedingly severe, and when they are graduated they wear a uniform and are a part of the British army. They must respond at a moment's notice, and with little baggage, to go to any part of the world where they are needed. They take the sufferers home from plague stricken lands and from battlefields and perform all the arduous duties of an army nurse's life. I wish we had such a corps in the United States. Some day the government will wake up to the need of it."

A Quick Fight to a Finish.

We must win, and the sooner the better. War is dreadful, but the United States is in it now, and there is only one thing to do, and that is to go through it and finish up the business as quickly and thoroughly as possible. Spain is the open enemy of this country, and there is just one way to treat a state of war—that is to carry it through to a state of peace.—Hartford Courant.

First class printing done at this office.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Cures Every Form of Inflammation;
INTERNAL as much as EXTERNAL.
The real danger from every known ailment of mankind is caused by inflammation. Cure the inflammation and you conquer the disease. Inflammation is manifested outwardly by redness, swelling and heat. Inwardly by congestion of the blood vessels, growth of unhealthy tissue, pain, fever and disease; as asthma, abscesses, burns, bruises, bronchitis, colds, coughs, croup, catarrh, chaps, all forms of sore throat, la grippe, mumps, muscle soreness, etc.

SAFE SOOTHING SATISFYING

Originated by an old Family Physician in 1810. Could a remedy have existed for over eighty years unless it has cured many family ills? There is not a remedy in use today which has the confidence of the public to so great an extent as this Anodyne.

Our Book on INFLAMMATION Mailed free.
The Doctor's signature and directions on every bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Price, 35 cents. Six bottles, $2.00.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

"Best Liver Pill Made."
Parsons' Pills
Positively cure biliousness and sick headache, liver and bowel complaints. They expel all impurities from the blood. Delicate women find relief from using them. Price 25 cts.; five $1.00. Pamphlet free.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston.

Why is it that nearly all aged persons are thin?

And yet, when you think of it, what could you expect?

Three score years of wear and tear are enough to make the digestion weak. Yet the body must be fed.

In Scott's Emulsion, the work is all done; that is, the oil in it is digested, all ready to be taken into the blood. The body rests, while the oil feeds and nourishes, and the hypophosphites makes the nerves steady and strong.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

DR. WILLIAMS'
PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.
DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

Refrigerators AND BABY CARRIAGES

Are quite important factors to many households at this season of the year.

$7.00
Will buy a low Refrigerator, and

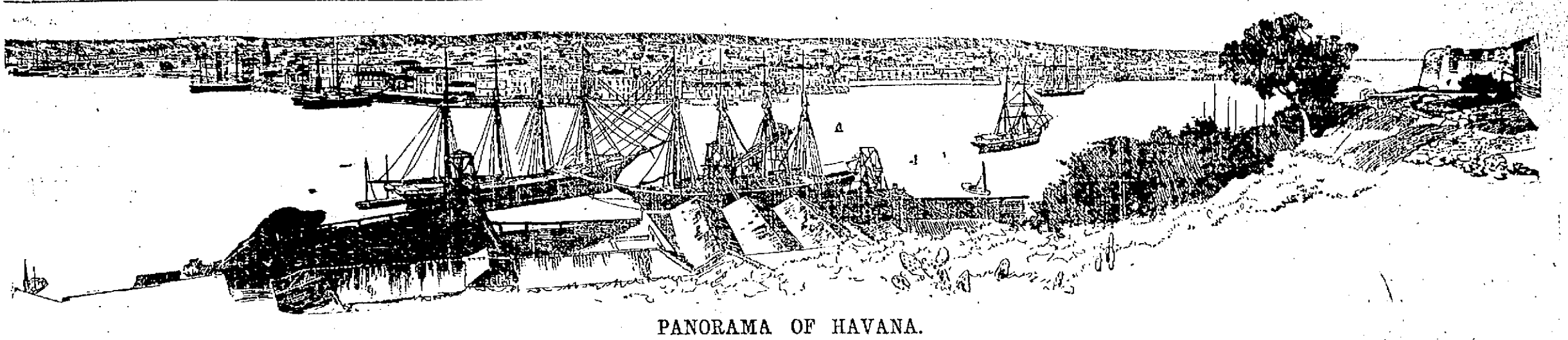
$4.50
Will buy a fine Baby Carriage.

Where can you do as well? Let us go

INTO PARTNERSHIP

With you, in other words we will invest our time with you while you inspect our stock. You can lose nothing, with every opportunity to win. This is an offer you should look into.

GAYNOR & CO.,
35 PRESCOTT ST.



PANORAMA OF HAVANA.

LABOR AND THE WAR

BUCHANAN ON THE ATTITUDE OF THE AMERICAN WORKINGMAN.

As a General Proposition Labor Loses All and Gains Nothing by War—In the Present Case There Are Unusual Elements. The Dude Stay-at-homes.

[Special Correspondence.]

Naturally everything excepting our immediate needs and the pressing affairs of one day at a time is lost sight of in the smoke and confusion of war. In this regard the labor movement is not an exception. While the unions continue to meet as usual and transact their business and the officials are not neglecting their routine duties, all is carried on in a perfunctory sort of fashion. Workingmen are not exceptional to the general run of citizens in times of great upheavals or calamities, and, like merchants and professional men, they are giving to their regular callings just enough attention to carry them on, while all their spare time is devoted to consideration of the war. Under these circumstances it is not likely that there will be much in the way of "labor disturbances" this spring and summer. If the war is protracted beyond first expectations and continues for months, possibly a year or more, there will undoubtedly be an extra demand for labor, and the reductions which under ordinary circumstances were to be expected during 1898 will probably not occur. War, with all its awful results and consequences, is a high price to pay for a temporary industrial peace, and it is likely to prove a bad bargain for the laborer viewed from any standpoint.

How does labor feel about the war? is a hard question to answer. It is difficult because of the varied and sometimes conflicting opinions expressed by the spokesmen of labor. These differences of opinion are traceable to variety in the make up of men, which is apparent among workingmen as among those in other walks. As a general proposition it can be safely stated that, considering only the native born population in the test, the percentage of patriots is higher among the wageworkers than can be shown by the business, professional or leisure classes. This truth has rather a singular appearance when it is remembered that labor has so little at stake in the country, but it is a truth nevertheless that in workshop, factory and store it is the wageworker and not the employer who is eager to resent an insult to the flag. It is the workingman who always comes to the rescue of the nation when it is threatened by a foreign foe; it is the workingman who stands in the trenches to be slaughtered for the honor and glory of his country. He it is who never counts the personal cost when the rallying call is sounded.

All this is known truth, and yet in recent years another spirit, a spirit of counter influence, has been working among the laborers of this country and of two or three European countries as well. Mudsill has learned to read, and the employment of this knowledge has inculcated the habit of thinking. His reading and thinking have caused him to doubt, and now out of the doubt has evolved the conclusion that the workingman is a fool to go to war to settle the quarrels of potentates or to protect the possessions which plutocracy has filched from labor. And Mudsill is right. If the men who create all the wealth of the country possessed some of it, if the home builders were the home owners, then it would be sound sense for them to endanger their lives, if necessary, to protect their homes. Do such conditions exist?

Then again Mudsill is sometimes heard muttering words like these: "Isn't this flag they are waving now and calling upon me to defend the same flag that the butchers of Homestead, Pullman, Brooklyn and Lattimer carried? Are not the militiamen with whom and under whom I am asked to serve these self same butchers? Have I any interest in common with the fellows who make wars, conduct them and generally get richer out of them?" Mudsill mutters and mutters, but nobody gives him a satisfying, reassuring answer to his query.

This dubious, doubting patriot might go further and inquire into the methods employed by his masters to raise the money to carry on war. He might read up on the subject of the civil war debt and learn how devilish sharks manipulate the legislative and executive branches of our government that they may lay tribute upon the children and widows of the men their wars sacrifice upon the altars of hate, jealousy and greed under the guise of patriotism. He would learn that in t es of war scare or actual war the eat men of the nation, the custodians of the country's honor (and all the tangible things besides) instead of rushing off to the enlisting office are busy at all hours arranging plans for the issuance of bonds. By this time Mudsill ought to know who pays government bonds, interest and principal. If he had the good sense, backed up by the right kind of courage, he would say, "Not a shot will I fire, not a step will I march, unless the government absolutely throws over the bond scheme and adopts the honest, just and scientific system of issuing money that will not place my children and grandchildren in slavery to the usurers of the world." But Mudsill hasn't sense enough to vote that way, to say nothing of fighting that way. He'll know more anon if he doesn't get killed in battle or starve to death fighting for a crust in the industrial war.

To come down to the present. There are reasons why the laborer's attitude may differ at this time from that he has taken toward wars generally. In these reasons are found the causes for the differences of opinion that exist among the workingmen of the country at this time. The conflict between the United States and Spain is conceded to be, so far as we are concerned, upon higher ground than the customary casus belli. While, so far as the rulers, political and financial, are concerned, the bond and the dollar are at the bottom of the whole trouble, the rank and file of American manhood are arrayed against the cruel domination of Spain over Cuba. Add to this the anger inspired by the treacherous destruction of the Maine and the sailor boys that went down with her in Havana harbor, and you will find why intelligent, progressive workingmen are found on the side of war at this time. It would be a hopeful sign if it could be shown that labor was for war in the present case because it had arrived at the decision that the overtaxed Cubans should be freed from the burden of debt that has been laid upon them to support a lazy, dissolute royalty and to enrich the blood sucking usurers of continental Europe. If with the cry of "Cuba Libre!" could be coupled "Confusion to debt slavery!" then there would be cause for rejoicing. If American workingmen could be brought to fight to free the debt ridden slaves of Cuba, they might, while they had their hand in, be induced to say to the Shylocks of the United States treasury and Wall street: "No more bonds! No more mortgages on the future results of my toil and the toil of my children, or, by the Eternal, I'll show you I can fight as fiercely for my own as for the oppressed of another country!" But this hope is as pale and unstable as the smoke that now floats up and away from my pipeful of long cut.

In the meantime labor will be less and less divided on the question of the present war as hostilities continue, and, as usual, it will do the fighting for the flag—and pay the bondholder interest for 50 years after the war is over.

It is some consolation to know that in the first selection of militiamen from New York to go to the front three famous dude, striker shooting regiments were elected to stay at home. These were the Seventh of New York, the Twenty-third of Brooklyn and the Seventy-fourth of Buffalo. At this writing there are two opinions as to the failure of these regiments to be among the volunteers. One story is that they hadn't the nerve to go to the front where they would probably have to stop bullets as well as launch them, and failed to respond to the president's call in sufficient numbers to warrant the ordering out of their regiments. The other story is that the war department decided that it wanted soldiers and not cotillion leaders for the campaign in Cuba. Some evil minded wretch started a story around the armories of New York that the Spaniards had guns and knew how to use them; that they wouldn't be such soft marks as the strikers of Brooklyn and Buffalo proved to be.

Jos. R. Buchanan.

FROM MAINE TO CALIFORNIA.

The household remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumption, is Cleveland's Lung Healer. It has won its place upon its merit and it has given such universal satisfaction that we recommend to all our friends and customers to use it. Call and get a free trial bottle. Large size, 25c.

Respectfully,
F. H. Butler & Co.
265 Central and 391 Middlesex Sts.

THE FATAL INFLUENCE OF AL-

Call at The Sun office when you are in want of rent receipts. We have them put up in book form, one hundred receipts to a book, at 25 cents each.

Fine job printing done at this office.

Old and Reliable
Cures Colds Quick

For over forty years it has been used and proved to cure the most stubborn lung or bronchial colds. It soothes and heals quickly, preventing serious development. It does not upset the stomach.

MASTA'S
PULMONIC
BALSAM.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE STORY OF AN AD.

A Should Make All Good Citizens Pause and Consider.

This is the true story of an "ad." that was placed in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. It is a story that partly gives an answer to the question, What has become of the hundreds of thousands of men who have been turned out of employment by the use made of newly invented machines? It is a story that should make the hearts of Americans quail for the future. It is a story that should make every true man determine that the conditions which can produce such a phenomenon as this shall not continue.

In the St. Louis paper in question was recently placed the following advertisement:

"Night Watchman Wanted—Must be fairly well educated, neat of appearance, ablebodied and if necessary be ready to furnish bond. None but those who can show absolute proofs of their honesty and sobriety in all senses of the word need apply. Hours, 6 to 6, Monday to Friday (off Saturday nights), 1 p. m. Sunday to 6 a. m. Monday. Salary, $15 per week. State whether married or single and inclose references, which will be returned if not used. Address, in own handwriting, H 789, Post-Dispatch."

Within 24 hours of the insertion of this advertisement 725 answers were received.

Think of it—725 men, with the qualifications needed to fill this position, were waiting for this chance to make a bare living. Seven hundred and twenty-five men hunting one poor job! Seven hundred and twenty-five eager to sit up all night and risk their lives for $15 a week!

The qualifications were such that the uneducated laborer was excluded from the competition. Most of the answers received were from men who could write well, who could punctuate, spell and construct a grammatical sentence. Every man who replied was ready to prove his sobriety and honesty without question.

It was no army of "bums" or men "born tired" that answered this "ad." It was an army of men who are good, decent citizens, who would be competent to hold their own in any well regulated society, but who are reduced to a mad scramble for bread under the present vile system.

How many of these men voted for "McKinley and prosperity?" How many of them would do so again?

It has been stated more than once that 50,000 men could be found to swim the Mississippi for the chance to earn $10 a week. Who says that this is an exaggeration in the light of this "ad." and its outcome?

The stack of answers to this advertisement weighs about ten pounds. The promise to return references entailed an expense of about $8 to the advertiser. Many of the letters were pitiful appeals for work. They contained heartrending stories of the misfortunes of the writers and their families.

As trusts grow and increase competition among the workers will increase. This "ad." proves it. Nothing of the kind could have occurred 10 or 15 years ago. As industrial combination among employers becomes closer and competition is eliminated from business and production only the most skilled, the most industrious, the most highly educated and the most servile will be able to hold employment continuously.

In another five years it will be a thousand applications for one job. In ten years 5,000 will apply for every piece of work.

The system of production and distribution by masters and men has failed. The appeal for "horizontal combination" has not been heeded. Communism of capital exists side by side with the most heartless competition among workers. The outlook is ominous. The trust must give way to the people as an employer or the nation is doomed.—Henry Matthews Williams in Arena For May.

Trousers, Shoes, Hats.

A strong list of bargains today. About 20 styles Men's Trousers in light, medium and dark shades. Usually sold $2.50 to $3.

$2.00 A PAIR

The Bacon Shoe is not put in competition with any ordinary $3 shoe. Compare it with the $4 and $5 shoes. The Bacon Shoe is guaranteed.

$3.00 A PAIR

The Uncle Sam Derby is our special block stiff hat, and it is the best hat ever made for the price, $2. It is guaranteed.

O'Hearn & Dowd
The Clothiers.
OLD POST OFFICE

The War Pen.

Representative William Alden Smith of Michigan is the proud possessor of the pen with which Speaker Reed, Vice President Hobart and President McKinley signed the declaration of war. Speaker Reed gave Mr. Smith the pen, and he took it to the senate, where the vice president signed the bill. Later President McKinley expressed his approbation of the measure with the same pen, which Mr. Smith supplied him. It is a gold tipped pen, but the holder is of the ordinary variety, colored black. —Washington Post.

To Keep Her Wood Box Filled.

By calling the hatchet a machete an Atchison woman has induced her warlike boys to take the greatest interest in keeping her wood box filled with kindling.—Atchison Globe.

LANCASTER MURDER CASE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lancaster, N. H., May 5.—The hearing in the case of Thomas Monohan, who is alleged to have shot and killed Joseph Gotche and William Tholts and severely wounded Woodbury Gates at Gorham, N. H., Oct. 25 last, commenced before Chief Justice Carpenter and Judge Chase this morning. Monohan at the first hearing pleaded not guilty, but later changed his plea to guilty and the hearing today was to determine the degree.

Monohan was very quiet and apparently unconcerned. He was looking well physically. The case was opened by City Solicitor Goss. Patrick F. Barrett of Gorham testified to the shooting of Gotche and E. Goodenough of Gorham, to the shooting of Tholts. Mr. Williamson of Gorham was examined regarding Monohan's mental condition at the time of the shooting. Dr. Mitchell of Lancaster was examined as to the effect of a protracted spree on his mental condition.

GOES WITH A RUSH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, May 5.—Dudley S. Deane, the famous captain of the Harvard football team of '97, left this city today for Washington, to join Secretary Roosevelt's cavalry regiment. Mr. Deane had been in charge of the business of the Mexican Central railroad at Las Vegas, Mexico, up to a short time ago, when he resigned and came north, with the intention of enlisting.

APPRECIATE DEWEY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., May 5.—The Chamber of Commerce has adopted a resolution requesting that President McKinley thank Commodore Dewey for his glorious achievement in defeating the enemy's fleet at Manila, thereby keeping open to American commerce the great Pacific Ocean with all its coasts.

A FOOD FAMINE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 5.—Owing to the war demonstrations in nearby waters the island of Navassa, one of the small islands of the Caribbean Sea, off the west coast of Hayti, is threatened with a food famine. Reports of the distressing condition of affairs on the island have reached here and Senator Gorman of Maryland today called the attention of the President to the state of affairs and the necessity for relief of some sort.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A Never-ending.

The "life-time" of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will never draw to a close. When a mother once uses it, she continues its use right along; because, she found, for curing cough, cold, croup and whooping-cough Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup unequalled by any other similar medicine. "I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, for ten or fifteen years in the family, for coughs and throat troubles caused by colds, and have found no superior article." Mrs. D. T. Clarke, 163 Congress St., Cleveland, O. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup can be had everywhere for 25 cents. Dealers will say they have something else "just as good or better," because they want to make more profit. Don't be "taken in." Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is the best.

THE LEYDEN'S TRIP

Communicated With Insurgents Under Difficulties.

THOUGH ATTACKED BY SPANISH REGIMENT

Cruiser Wilmington Drove the Enemy Away.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, May 6.—The Mail and Express publishes the following account of the expedition landed near Mariel, in Havana province, on Tuesday. The expedition was headed by Lieut.-Col. Baldemero Accosta. The tug left Key West Monday afternoon. At daybreak yesterday, her men made the first attempt to land an interpreter to confer with a party of Cuban insurgents who were waiting on the beach. While this conversation was being held, the people on the Leyden discovered about fifty Spanish cavalry men coming down a hill toward the shore. The Leyden signalled danger to the insurgents and the latter took to the bushes.

Up to that time eight cases of Winchester rifles had been landed. The Leyden, seeing no chance to land the ammunition just then, picked up the men she had landed and steamed back to the flagship off Havana.

The gunboat Wilmington was immediately ordered to assist the Leyden. On returning to the landing point, the Wilmington held off shore about a mile and a half, the Leyden going in close to the beach. The tug was signalled by the insurgents that the coast was clear. Manned by four men, the Leyden then left with ammunition and two boxes of dynamite. When a short distance from the beach, a man aloft on the Leyden sang out that the cavalry were coming down to the beach again in strong force. The Leyden then signalled the Wilmington and the latter came a trifle closed to the shore, and with stern facing the beach, fired four rattling good shots from her four-inch rapid fire guns.

All the shots landed by the cavalry, but none were killed. The cavalry men took to their heels and the Leyden's crew think they are running yet. The boat's cargo was then landed.

While waiting for her attack on the cavalry men, the Wilmington fired at a block house further down the beach.

There were some fifty Spanish regulars sitting on top of this block house watching the Leyden and the insurgents at work. The Wilmington's first shot went wild; the twelfth and last shot was a bull's-eye. When the smoke cleared away, the block house, the men and all had disappeared as if swallowed up. The Leyden and Wilmington returned to the flagship and the former then came down.

REPORTED IN NEW YORK.

By Associated Press to The Sun

New York, May 5.—A Key West despatch of the Evening Post, dated today says: "The government tug Leyden which returned here this morning successfully landed scouts and ammunition for the insurgents under the guns of the gunboat Wilmington. The Spanish cavalry and infantry were repulsed three times. Three rifle bullets went through the smokestack of the Leyden. The Spanish loss is not considered to have been large.

Four Spanish warships are reported to be off Barbadoes, prepared to intercept the battleship Oregon. A naval battle is expected.

The prize court today is sitting on the case of the Panama. Testimony has been concluded on the Buena Ventura and the Catalina.

District Attorney Stripling says there is no doubt about the Catalina and the Panama being condemned.

CUBAN DEPUTIES MEET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Madrid, May 5.—The recently elected Cuban deputies assembled for the first time yesterday to effect organization.

WITCH CITY VOLUNTEERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Salem, Mass., May 5.—Company F, Eighth Regiment, Capt. Walter P. Nichols, left Salem for Camp Dewey, South Framingham, at 9.57 o'clock this forenoon. The company was recruited to its full war strength and there are a number of extra men on the waiting list.

The boys were given a grand ovation as they started from the city. The Second Corps Cadets, Lieut.-Col. Samuel A. Johnson commanding, the Grand Army, Sons of Veterans, Salem Veteran Firemen, and all the letter carriers who could be spared from work acted as escort to the company.

Hundreds of flags were displayed. The Mayor and members of the city government reviewed the line at the city hall.

A feature of the parade which awakened unlimited enthusiasm was the presence of Francis D. Cahill, Salem's survivor of the Maine disaster, whose furlough from the Marine hospital at Chelsea was extended a few hours so that he might participate in the demonstration.

DIVIDED AGAINST ITSELF

Spain is in the Throes of Internal Discord.

Suffering Workmen Riot for Food —War Prices Paralyze the Poor —Rioting That Cannot be Quelled by Troops Continues— Other News of the War Nearer Home.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Madrid, May 5.—The disturbances caused by the high price and scarcity of food continue in the Spanish provinces. There have been frequent conflicts between the rioters and the civil guards and looting and shooting are reported from various points.

At Barcelona, there has been a renewed run on the bank, the holders of notes demanding silver.

The bill introduced in the Cortes to prohibit the exportation of corn, flour, rice, maize, potatoes, and fruits, and suppressing the duty on the importation of those articles, is intended to check materially the speculators, who, owing to the enormous premium on exchange, now 11.1 per cent, commenced immense exportations of produce against which they negotiated bills in foreign markets. These exports have created the scarcity of food which is largely responsible for the rioting throughout Spain.

Admiral Camara takes command of the Cadiz fleet on Friday.

STRIKING MINERS RIOT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Madrid, May 5.—A mob of about eight thousand striking miners has made a tumultuous demonstration at Murcia, capital of the province of that name, thirty miles from the war port of Carthagena. They shouted "Death to the thieves," "Down with the taxes," and attempted to set fire to the railroad depot and other buildings and then began a movement toward Carthagena. But a strong force of troops prevented the rioters from moving on the port. A number of men were wounded.

Disturbances are also threatened at Carthagena, where martial law has been proclaimed.

Similar scenes have occurred at Oviedo, Leon and a number of other towns, where the factory hands have struck work. The strikers are parading the streets, demanding cheap bread and stoning houses. The steps taken by the authorities have resulted in the restoration of peace at Malaga, where the British steam yacht Lady of Clemell, was recently stoned and driven out of the harbor, eventually seeking refuge at Gibraltar. It appears that the Malaga mob thought she was an American vessel.

LEHIGH NEAR HOME.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, May 5.—The United States monitor Lehigh from the League Island navy yard, passed Hull at 9.30 this forenoon in tow of the tug Clara.

ST. PAUL MOVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Philadelphia, May 5.—The big auxiliary cruiser, St. Paul, with Capt. Sigsbee on the bridge left Cramp's shipyard at 8.20 o'clock this morning and steamed down the Delaware river to League Island navy yard, where she dropped anchor. The passage of the St. Paul down the river was the signal for a great outburst of enthusiasm. All the vessels on the river from Cramp's to League Island, a distance of seven miles, that own whistles, blew them as long as the steam boilers would allow. Both the Philadelphia and Jersey shores were crowded with people, wildly cheering as the St. Paul sailed by.

The St. Paul will stay at League Island only long enough to permit her to take aboard her ammunition. As to her destination, nothing is known here but it is believed that is to do scout duty along the middle Atlantic coast.

FLEET CHANGED

Schley's Flying Squadron Now Converted

INTO A VERY FORMIDABLE BATTLE FLEET.

And Will Seek Its Spanish Opponents.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 5.—No confirmation is obtainable of the various reports that Admiral Sampson's fleet has gone to seize Porto Rico, to meet the Oregon and bring it here in safety to the north, or to seize Matanzas. The officials refuse absolutely to make public the plans of the strategic board. Therefore, the conflicting theories can only be judged in the light of their probability when viewed in connection with the usual methods of warfare. Thus, to bombard Matanzas without at the same time being able to land a sufficient force to seize and hold the place, would seem to be very bad strategy and the fact that Sampson's fleet was accompanied by no troop transports would seem to negative the idea that he had gone either to attack Matanzas or seize Porto Rico.

A significant move is the addition of the warship New Orleans to Commodore Schley's squadron at Hampton Roads in place of the Columbia. This seems to indicate a complete change in the formation of the squadron, which instead of being a flying squadron in the ordinary sense, has now assumed the character of a battle fleet. Without being as speedy as first organized, Commodore Schley's squadron is now probably able to meet on even terms at least, the formidable Spanish armored cruisers which sailed from Cape Verde for an unknown destination. In view of this action of the department and particularly if Schley should be re-inforced by some torpedo vessels, it may be assumed that he is about to start in quest of a Spanish squadron.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Bright Silver

"Silver can be brightened by washing in hot suds made from Fairy Soap. Rinse in boiling water and dry with soft towels."
—Mrs. Sarah Tyson Rorer.

FAIRY SOAP

Pure—White—Floating.

The Soap of the Century.

Sold everywhere in three convenient sizes for the toilet, bath and laundry.

FREE Send us your name, address and one Fairy Soap wrapper to nearest office below, and we will mail you free a copy of our booklet, "Fairy Tales," second series, larger and handsomer than the first, and containing new stories and illustrations.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia. Pittsburgh. Baltimore.

THE LOWELL SUN

John H. Harrington, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of The Associated Press.
Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

A FACT



The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers printed in Lowell, morning or evening. It has double the circulation of all the other evening papers in Lowell combined.

On the basis of circulation, its advertising rates are much cheaper than those of any other paper in Lowell.

For news, for illustrations, for enterprise, and for advertising it is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.



Rear Admiral Sampson, it is your turn.

Will General Miles not get a chance to show his fighting qualities?

It seems to be the plan of the government to end the war without invading Cuba. That would be almost as cruel as one of Weyler's trocha proclamations.

The commanders of the army and navy have apparently decided not to notify Spain of their plan of campaign by giving it to the press. There has been too much publicity in the affairs of the war and navy departments.

There is deep sympathy everywhere for the relatives of the brave seamen who fought with Dewey at Manila. The suspense they have had to bear since the battle on Sunday morning is very severe.

It is to the disgrace of Ex-Minister Phelps that the friends of Spain in London have been printing quotations from his speeches against his own country in order to create a sentiment in favor of Spain. Phelps has always proved himself to be an English flunky of the worst type.

The Associated Press has secured several fast boats for the purpose of obtaining the news of the war at the different points at which the fleet or the army may operate. As The Sun office is the headquarters for the Associated Press in the afternoon, the public who buy the various editions of this paper can be assured of all the latest news from the seat of war.

The Hawaiian government has offered the use of the island to the United States government as a base of supplies in the Pacific pending the settlement of the war. It seems that President Dole is determined to force his little island upon the United States whether we want it or not. The offer in the present case, however, is duly appreciated and will probably be accepted.

The people of this country have reason to believe that the government has determined to seize Porto Rico at the earliest moment, possibly today. This would make a valuable base of supplies for the United States fleet, and it would take that necessary resource from the Spanish fleet. When the island of Cuba is granted its own independence, it may perhaps be placed under an American protectorate, and if so, the island of Porto Rico would be a very valuable acquisition for the United States as a strategetic point in defending Cuba against future attacks.

The arrangement said to have been effected between the United States and England providing that the latter will stand by the United States against a movement on the part of certain European powers to end this war prematurely in the interests of Spain, is one that will render the United States secure in seizing the Spanish colonies. Spain will no doubt make a piteous appeal for intervention and peace after she has suffered another defeat like that administered at Manila, and no doubt Germany, Russia and Austria will readily respond to any such appeal. Under the proposed agreement with England, the United States can prosecute the war to the end with perfect security against European intervention. If England, as reported, has been promised the Canary islands in case she opposes any movement on the part of the other European powers against the United States, she will gladly accede to the request and it will redound to the benefit of both nations. It will be comparatively an easy matter to take the Canaries from Spain, and a bunch of islands of that character is just what England is looking for, but she could not seize them herself without getting involved in a war with the other powers.

Although the present war will not be one of long duration, it will nevertheless, be very expensive, but the United States has an excellent opportunity to make Spain pay the entire expense whether she likes it or not. This can be done by taking possession of her colonies. Spain has no money with which to pay debts much less a war indemnity.

That the maintenance of war is costly everyone will admit but few realize the cost of maintaining a first class warship. The daily cost of such a ship on duty is $1500 and at this rate it costs about $30,000 a day to maintain the entire navy.

The cost of the battleship New York of Captain Sampson's fleet at Havana for the past year was $361,065.09, of which sum $267,760.76 was for salaries; $75,000 for rations; $6500 for equipment; $5,200 for steam engineering; $3215 for provisions; $1171.79 for ordnance; and $2160 for repairs. The expense during war when so many precautions have to be taken is undoubtedly much greater. If one ship costs so much the cost of the entire fleet will be seen to be enormous.

The gift of three hundred dollars to Archbishop Corrigan on the occasion of the twenty-fifth anniversary of his episcopate is one which shows in a striking manner the zeal of his people and the churches throughout his archdiocese. Such a gift can only come as a result of lifelong devotion to a good cause. The qualities that brought forth that magnificent offering will probably also bring the higher honor of his promotion to the cardinalate.

It is reported that Sir Julian Pauncefote, the English minister to the United States is to be superseded by the ablest diplomat in England. The intent of this change probably is, that England wishes to have her ablest representative at Washington when the Philippine Islands and the other slices of territory that may come into our possession by the present war may be divided up.

The Boston liquor dealers are safe for another year. The bill to reduce the number of licenses to eight hundred has been referred to the next legislature and it is not improbable that the liquor dealers next year will possess the power to kill it as they have done this year.

Colonel Cody, the famous Buffalo Bill, should be commissioned to take down the first Spanish commander met in battle by the American troops. If he gets within shot of such an official the Spanish army will certainly lose its head.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Enterprising tobacconists are making the most of the fight at the Philippines and have large supplies of Manila cigars on sale. Of course, they may not all be Manila, but then they smoke the same by any name. Havana cigars are getting scarce, at least the bona fide Havanas, although they continue to come from Key West, and smokers still buy them for the real thing, which proves again that a cigar by any name smokes the same. As to the quality of the smoke, that is another question, but after you have lighted a cigar one must go through to the end, even if it is bitter, or else throw it away and lose his money and his smoke. And if it is good, it is a case of all's well that ends well.

Another illustration of the curious conceptions of things medical and surgical by the laity is shown by the action of Miss Baker of New Zealand. She volunteered to fill up the void in an extensive burn with which another person was afflicted, by donating some skin. Now she has sued the surgeon for the price of 32 inches of skin. The foolishness of her action lies in the fact that in skin grafting only the outer cuticle is taken and the skin proper is left intact. There is no pain in taking it, and no injury follows or any loss of flesh. According to Miss Baker's story she must have lost at least a pound of flesh, to say nothing of blood, but in reality the amount was probably but a few grains and not a drop of blood lost. There is a historic legal case where a surgeon opened an abscess in a girl's leg, and later he was sued for malpractice, the parents saying that he taken out several pounds of flesh. Luckily he had taken photographs before and after and by comparison it was proved that if he had done as the plaintiffs said he had, the limb would have been elephantine in size.

At the Chelsea home special interest is felt in the naval battle at Manila, as Lieutenant F. A. Holmes of Lowell, formerly in charge of the hydrographic bureau, was appointed in March to the position of navigating officer of the Baltimore, and was therefore in the thick of the fight. The officials and employees say that they eagerly watch for the papers to give the latest and most authentic news.—Boston Traveller.

Daniel J. Donahue, Esq., was watching the militia marching to the depot today, when a friend inquired: "Why don't you go with them, Dan?" The squire replied: "I tried to. I volunteered to go with the regulars, but when it came to the physical examination I was rejected as the doctor told me that I injured my eyesight when, as a principal assessor, I looked at high buildings, previous to assessing their value."

A BICYCLE RACE.

A bicycle race that promises to be of great interest will be held Saturday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock when G. L. Douglass and M. McKenzie, two local cracks, will race twice around the old boulevard for an $8 pair of tires.

BE SURE you get what you want when you ask for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Unequalled in Merit, Sales, Cures. There's no substitute for HOOD'S.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

QUESTION OF PRICES.

They Are the Essence of the Monetary Problem.

CONTROLLED WHOLLY BY MONEY.

The Less Money There Is In Proportion to Things to Be Exchanged the Lower Prices Will Be—We Should Make Gold Cheaper, Not Dearer.

The London Financial News is undoubtedly right in its suggestions that with poorer crops or lower prices (in Europe) our gold will begin to flow out again, but it fails to indicate the character of the currency reform that will keep it from going. The veriest tyro ought to understand that the more substitution of bank notes for government paper will not do. A million dollars in bank notes will displace just as much gold as the same amount of national currency will. If we were to retire $500,000,000 in greenbacks, etc., and $600,000,000 in bank notes were issued in their stead, so far as the outflow of gold is concerned the situation would be unchanged. If instead of issuing $500,000,000 in bank notes $1,000,000,000 were put in circulation the effect would be to raise prices in this country. Foreign purchases in the United States would be checked, while ours abroad would be increased, and gold would be exported in much greater amount. But if only $500,000,000 in bank notes were issued the effect would be to make money scarce and prices would fall. The United States would be a good place to buy in, and by increasing our exports at lower prices we would doubtless be able to retain enough gold to maintain the parity of the bank notes.

No currency reform can possibly insure the permanent maintenance of the gold standard unless it be a reform that involves a contraction of our paper currency and consequently lower prices. If we had no silver or paper money, the gold standard would be perfectly secure, but where would prices go? What would be the condition of our producers? Prices would drop out of sight and producers who were in debt would be ruined. As we have repeatedly stated, prices are the very essence of the whole monetary problem, and yet those great publications which live only to enlighten the people upon financial matters never touch the question of prices when discussing plans of currency reform. Without making the slightest effort to demonstrate that the gold standard is a good thing, they broadly assume that it is, and then they further assume that such an adjustment of the paper currency as will insure gold redemption is all that is necessary to give mankind perfect money. According to their philosophy, the chief function of gold seems to be the redemption of other forms of money, while the chief function of the other forms is to be redeemed. When dealing with trade matters, they do attach some importance to prices.

Every business man regards a fall in the prices of his goods and property as a bad thing. Hence a general fall is everywhere looked upon as unfavorable to business, while a general rise is considered an advantage. These facts are so patent that no trade or financial journal can ignore them when dealing directly with manufacturing and trade, but the moment they take up the money question they are as oblivious to the matter of prices as if there were no connection between prices and money. It ought to be plain to all that prices depend absolutely upon money and are controlled by it. Prices are fixed by the exchange of goods and property for money. If there were no money there could be no prices. The less money there is in proportion to the things to be exchanged for it the lower the prices will necessarily be. The more money there is in proportion to those things the higher the prices will be. Any person of average intelligence ought to be able to comprehend as simple a proposition as this.

Nevertheless the gold standard press throughout the world goes right on harping about gold redemption and parity as if the maintaining of one dollar on a par with every other dollar were the chief aim of our existence. The preservation of parity may be desirable, but the maintenance of a sufficient quantity of money to give the producer a fair price for his product, thereby enabling him to pay his debts, taxes and other fixed charges on an equitable basis, is infinitely more important.

The financial journals of England generally speak for the creditor class of that country. They desire what they call currency reform in this country because they know that to work it out on a gold basis means a cheapening of our products and an enhancement of their gold. Aside from the items of payment which we must regularly make to Europe maintained by The Financial News our annual interest payments cannot be less than $200,000,000 a year, and they are probably more. The lower our prices fall the more it takes of our product to fill these payments and the greater becomes the value of the English creditor's gold claim. Low prices benefit the foreign creditor and injure the American producer and debtor. Reform of our monetary system is certainly needed, but not a reformation on the gold standard lines for the benefit of the foreign creditor through the ruin of the American producer. What we want to do is to make gold cheaper, not dearer. The most effective means to this end is to restore bimetallism—to put silver into full competition with gold, thus permanently raising prices both at home and abroad. H. F. Bartine.

Pingree Getting His Own Way.

Governor Pingree appears to be carrying everything before him in his fight for reform in the taxation of corporations in Michigan. People laugh at Pingree, but somehow he has a way of laughing last.—Boston Herald.

A DELIGHTFUL PARTY.

There was a delightful party Wednesday night, given by Miss Rose Purcell of Centralville, in honor of Miss Belinda Hart of Europe. There was vocal and instrumental music and a general good time was enjoyed by all. Those contributing to the musical entertainment of the evening were Miss Rose Nugent, Miss Nellie Devine, Miss Belinda Hart, Miss Alice McElroy, Miss Mary O'Brien, Miss Lizzie Whalen, Mr. Charles Deland, and Mr. Frank Donnelly. During the evening, refreshments were served by Miss Margaret Mulcahy and Miss Rose Purcell. Dancing was also enjoyed.

TERRIBLE EFFECT OF EXPLOSION

Lawrence May 5.—John Morissey, aged 16, was frightfully injured Wednesday evening by the bursting of a rock in a crevice of which a charge of powder had been placed. The accident occurred in a field off Short street.

The fuse was slow in communicating with the powder and young Morissey, who was one of a crowd of boys, supposing that the spark had gone out, went to investigate. As he neared the spot, the powder exploded, shattering the rock and the fragments flew in all directions.

Morissey was struck in the face and left shoulder. His face was mangled, his right eye destroyed and his left shoulder and elbow fractured. He was conveyed to the general hospital. His home is on Elm street.

LIGHT SENTENCE.

Michael Rooney of Stoneham, pleaded guilty yesterday in Boston in the United States district court on four counts charging him with counterfeiting and uttering $2 government notes. By agreement of Daniel J. Donahue of Lowell, counsel for the accused, and the assistant district attorney, Rooney paid the costs and was given two months in East Cambridge jail.

First-class job printing done at this office.

it's neglect of throat and bronchial troubles that leads to death-dealing disease,

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

No wonder Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is praised by its users. Its curative effects are like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

Weak Men Made Vigorous



What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men! Again lost manhood; old men renew youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and effects of self-abuse or excesses of indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co. Cor. Centre and Merrimack streets.

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY

And the latest novelties of the season, also a special and select line of Walking Hats at

Miss Ella Burkes' Millinery Parlors

In the Pollard block, Palmer street, up one flight. Call and inspect our goods. We guarantee satisfaction.

NOTICE

Description filed in the office of the City Clerk Lowell pursuant to the provisions of Section 1, Chapter 340, Acts of 1894. "An act to protect the owners of cans, bottles, boxes, siphons and fountains used in the sale of milk, cream soda water, mineral and aerated waters, ale, beer, lemonade or other beverages."

Name of person or corporation. Michael Whelton.

Principal place of business, Lowell.

Nature of business conducted, Lithia Spring Water.

Kind of receptacle used, glass jars in crates.

Description or name or names, mark or marks, device or devices used, "Baltic Lithia Spring Registered," stenciled on crates.

In witness thereof, I have hereunto affixed my name this 4th day of May, in the year eighteen hundred and ninety eight.

MICHAEL WHELTON.

THE KLONDIKE CAFE

170 Middle Street, under new management. Meals served at all hours. Regulars by day or week. Our 25c. dinners a specialty. Hunt's board per week $3. Ladies $2.25 for 21 meals; also a specialty, dinner ticket, 7 dinners for $1.25. Call and give us a trial, at Leclaire's, 170 Middle street, cor. of Palmer Street.

STEINERT'S MAMMOTH MUSIC STORE

STEINWAY, HARDMAN, EMERSON, GABLER AND PEASE

PIANOS

Call at our new store,

MASONIC TEMPLE

130 Merrimack St.,

(Formerly Dijou Shoe Store)

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS



Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

RONCLAD

Is what people want these days. Practically "iron clad" is the man who rides along the highways in a carriage made or repaired by the Sawyer Carriage Co.

So Well Equipped IS HE ARE THEY.

See them now. Summer's about here

SAWYER CARRIAGE CO. Worthen St.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE

JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:

JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
JOHN CLANCY & CO.
JAS. A. CAWLEY.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
THOMAS EMERSON.
GARVEY & MEADE.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
W. H. ROODY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.

It can also be found at the following places:

JNO. H. BURKE.
JAS. CALNIN & CO.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
BOLAN & CONNORS.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
TURCOTTE & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
M. J. BRUIN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
R. V. SAUNDERS & CO.
P. E. McMAHON & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
JAS. F. DOHERTY & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
JNO. J. CONNELL & CO.
JAS. H. RILEY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
A. L. PENDERGAST.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
C. H. CHAGNON.
JAS. J. COURTNEY & CO.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)

BUY YOUR

Man's, Boys', Ladies' Clothing

ON CREDIT.

At cash prices, of the popular CENTRAL SUPPLY CO., 117 Merrimack street, opp. Chris. Holmes. OPEN EVENINGS.

GATELY & PEARSON, SOLICITORS OF PATENTS

Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty. 40 HILDRETH BUILDING.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in ample room. Special rates to the profession.

M. H. Carey. (Clerks) H. Gervais.

Toothache! Sweet Peas

It don't make any difference what shape your tooth is in, if it is aching, call at 177 Middlesex street, and have it stopped forever. Wm. H. Goldspring can, by placing his finger upon any aching tooth, stop the pain instantly and forever. Do not suffer with toothache but call and see him.

He will treat patients without charge. If satisfied with his treatment, pay what you choose. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m.

177 Middlesex St., Room 1.

DRAWING AND PAINTING

MISS HELEN WRIGHT

Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 8th, at No. 7 Bank building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

SCHOEFFLER'S DYSPEPSIA CURE CURES DYSPEPSIA.

25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

Notice, For the next 15 days A. M. Bertrand, the Tailor, will make his $25 Suits for $16; his $20 Suits for $15; his $18 Suits for $12. Trousers from $3 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.

Few doors from the corner of Central St.

You Have Struck the Right Place When You Have Found

Peter Watson's

CELEBRATED BAKERIES

For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at

52 to 60 CHARLES ST. and 465 LAWRENCE ST.

If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

TO RENT—Two new Cottage Houses at Willow Dale, on Bowers' Avenue.

DONOVAN & MANSUR

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

PETER H. SAVAGE.

Undertaker and Funeral Director

109 WORTHEN ST.

Telephone connection 614-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 GORHAM STREET.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices.

TRY OUR "FIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

R. J. MOWER, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

295 CENTRAL ST.

Take My Advice and Call on the

Eagle Clothing Co.

We carry the largest stock of Ladies' and Gents' Garments in this city. Our prices are the lowest. THE EAGLE CREDIT HOUSE, 190-192 Middlesex St.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock

And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.

GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
31 Middlesex Street.

SAM SMITH'S

Is the place to bring your Boots and Shoes for repairing. Best work. Best leather and lowest prices in the city. Men's Boots, tap and heel, 85c.; Ladies' 65c.; Children's, 50c. Call

111 MARKET STREET.
(Opposite Carpet.)

OLD WASHINGTON TAVERN

This old hostelery has been refitted and refurnished and is up-to-date in every particular. The best menu of any hotel in the city. Special rates to theatrical and commercial men. Best wines and liquors, everything first class. Our 50c. course dinner a specialty.

Washington Tavern

CENTRAL & CHURCH STS.

JOHN J. REGAN, Proprietor.

SHOW CASES

Just arrived a large invoice of Show Cases, from 2 to 6 feet in length.

SHOW CASES.

Made to order any size or shape.

SHOW CASE

Glass a specialty. Show cases repaired.

Second hand Show Cases bought or exchanged.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

Sweet Peas

The choicest mixture, made up of more than fifty distinct shades and colors.

40c. lb., 10c. qr., 5c. oz.

Complete descriptions of all kinds of Flowers, Vegetables and Garden Requisites will be found in our

SEED CATALOGUE

For 1898. Now ready and free to all. Call for copy.

Store open Monday and Saturday evenings.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.

SEWELL G. MACK, President. JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $1.50 per chaldron, $2.50 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND

Office Removed to

3 HILDRETH BUILDING

House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 925 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 300 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy. Wm. H. Emery.

A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building. Old Post Office.

The Bugle Call

Has been sounded and the gathered hosts of newest and prettiest styles in Spring Footwear awaits your coming. Here are a few of the bargains we offer. Ladies' polka dot and small rose figure vesting top, in tan and black, $2 a pair. Little Men's Calf Lace Shoes, wedge heel, 75c. a pair. Another lot of Young Men's Vici, dark olive shade, very popular, good wearer, only $2 a pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON STREET.

Spring Cleansing

Blankets, Gent's Spring Overcoats, Ladies' Spring Sacks Cleansed or Dyed.

Bay State Dye House

54 PRESCOTT STREET.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
137 Central St., opp. American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Manser Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,
49 John street,
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE.
Room 16 Hildreth Building.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 373 Bridge Street,
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOWELL HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS

Lowest in Price,
Highest in Standard.

FOR SALE BY

E. N. Wood & Co.,

70-83 Market St., Lowell, Mass.

DEWAR'S SCOTCH

PIANO BUYERS

Should call at ESTEY parlors. Manufacture and sell at factory prices. Easiest terms. Lowell. Pianos all grades and prices.

145 Merrimack Street

CITIZENS SPEAK

Tell What They Know of the Assessors' Dept.

EX-MAYOR PICKMAN SAYS "EFFICIENCY FIRST."

Many Varying Views Were Expressed.

The investigating committee of the assessors' department held a public meeting at City Hall last night that was attended by fifty or sixty citizens.

It was announced that the committee was anxious to get an expression of public opinion and those present were invited to express their views.

Marcellus Fletcher was the first to speak. He said he wanted to criticize the methods of the assessors and not the men themselves. "I don't see," he said, "why it should cost $22,000 to assess the city of Lowell when it only costs $4400 to assess the city of Lawrence. Why should it cost more than in Fall River? In Lawrence there are three assessors, the chairman receiving $900. In the spring they employ clerks at $2.50 a day. In other seasons they are their own clerks. If Lawrence can get her taxes assessed for a fifth of what it costs Lowell, ought we not to look into the system there?

"What would I do to remedy the matter? I would not have more than five assessors in this city. In the spring at assessing season let them employ enough clerks to do the necessary work and abolish the permanent clerks altogether. I would have five assessors; let them receive $1200 a year; a fair salary for any man. I think $2200 is too much, about twice too much. Pay $1200 and you can get all the men you want. I think the assessors here are as competent as any we can get. But we pay too much for them."

James T. Smith said that the assessors department was maintained at its greatest simply as a matter of patronage. It would not be cut down because so doing would cut off votes. "The assessors' department is maintained at it cost twice as great as it should be," he went on, "and a poor laboring teamster is docked when he loses two hours work because of rain. It is done in spite of the fact that children are dying in tenement houses for lack of proper nourishment and the poor of the city are crying for proper bathing facilities.

Lawrence Cummings asked Mr. Smith if he had any plan to correct the evil he complained of, or if he had any better method.

Mr. Smith said he had not. As he understood it, the meeting was not called to consider such details. That was for the careful consideration of others when it was ascertained that the citizens wanted something different. What is wanted is the best service for the least money. Worcester's system is considered a splendid one and Mr. Smith explained it at some length and said that when it was examined by a Lowell committee a few years ago the total expense was about $10,000 a year.

Mr. Cummings had a word to say about patronage that showed an opinion different from that of Mr. Smith. In fact he thought patronage had good results if facts were to be relied on. "The republican party," he said, "had been in power in Massachusetts for 42 consecutive years and patronage did not seem to weaken it to any appreciable degree." He did not think there was any more corruption in the county machine than in others.

"There is one thing I want to say right here," said Mr. Cummings, "and protest against it and that is the actions of Councilmen Smith and Howe in coming to this committee and interfering in the work it is doing. I consider this one of the most important committees appointed since the financial commission, and it is doing the work in a most faithful and thorough manner. It is certainly doing its work better than the Board of Health committee did the work it was appointed to perform.

"This is not a time to higgle and haggle about small expenses, when matters like the Tremont & Suffolk valuations are to be considered, and I consider Mr. Smith's resolution recently introduced detrimental to the work this committee was appointed to perform."

In the course of his remarks Mr. Cummings had also said it seemed to be the aim of some men when they get into the city government to find jobs for all their friends. "And they do this," he said, "regardless of its cost to the city."

Mr. Howe, who was present, rose directly to say he was after nothing for his friends, and meant to do his duty by the city this year whether it brought him a re-election or not. One of the things he wanted to reduce the expenses of the assessors' department and to save money generally for the city of Lowell.

"In the city today there are 1000 men ready to work for anything they can get. They are out of work; some of them have houses bearing mortgages, the interest on which they can't pay. And yet we keep these principal assessors' salaries so they can live in luxury and belong to clubs. It is time for a little philanthropy in our consideration of things. I have seen the dirty work in the city and I would like to see methods of business prevail in our departments."

Mr. Chalifoux, the next speaker, said he thought enough consideration had not been given in the past to the assessors' department. He referred to the effort of Mayor Courtney four years ago to have the department investigated and said it failed. The cost of the department was twice too great. Various city councils had realized the situation but did not wish to put anyone out of employment. "I think the assessors are efficient men," he said. "They should be that, but the expense of the department should be reduced one-half. The Appleton mills stock has been reduced from $600,000 to $150,000. It means that the stockholders considered that stock costing $1000 a share is worth only $250 a share. There is a decrease also in the valuation of Lawrence stock.

"Now in our city affairs we have got to find a way of reducing expenses. Industrial problems confront us and we must meet them. We've got to get a system that is complete, that will not cost us much. People cannot pay the money on property under existing conditions. They can't afford to buy real estate. I have had to take less rent for my property and I am going to pay less to meet the loss. We must avoid lawsuits in the assessors' department and I am in favor of a good, strong, compact department."

Senator George E. Putnam did not think the principal assessors overpaid for the work they do. He would not do it for less.

Ex-Mayor Pickman said he was deeply interested. In his judgment the first consideration should be, not economy, but efficiency. "We should first have results" said he. "Economy comes next. It is for this committee to determine if by making a change the department should deteriorate. In comparing with other cities the first question should be do they get as good results? I think the weak spot lies in that there may be more men employed all the year around than are necessary. It is to be considered whether men employed for short periods each year can do as efficient work as the men in the Lowell department. If they can the system of other cities is superior in this respect. But the main question for this committee to consider is whether this department is more efficient than others. If this can be shown the taxpayers of Lowell are satisfied.

After the meeting the committee voted to visit Cambridge and Lawrence next Tuesday to inquire about the assessors' departments of those cities.

PATRIOTIC ACT.

LOWELL COUNCIL VOTES TO PAY DUES OF VOLUNTEERS.

The regular meeting of Lowell Council, Royal Arcanum, was held in Odd Fellows Temple last evening at which the following resolution was introduced by Past Grand Regent A. W. David, and unanimously adopted.

"Whereas, in obedience to the call of the President of the United States for volunteers for the war with Spain, Lowell has nobly responded as usual and as members of Lowell Council may enroll themselves in the service of this country, therefore be it,

"Resolved, That Lowell Council, No. 8, Royal Arcanum, pay the assessments and dues of all members of the Council during such service and until peace is declared."

Grand Regent A. G. Walsh, who has been recently elected to office, paid a visit, this being his first official visit to any council since his election. He made some very interesting remarks which instilled enthusiasm into the members.

At the close of the business meeting a phonographic entertainment was given by Arthur B. Merrill and songs were rendered by Thomas P. Bolger of Industry Council, and John S. Jackson of Lowell Council. Coffee and cheese were served at the conclusion of the entertainment.

Brother Hurtubise was delegated to present a bouquet to Capt. Greig in the parade.

MRS. C. D. GILMAN'S RECITAL.

The pupils of Mrs. Carrie Davis Gilman in giving the fourth piano recital of the season yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. G. J. Bradt in Westford street had the assistance of Miss Etta M. Rutherford, soprano.

Miss Rutherford's numbers were a cradle song by Mendelssohn and "Twilight Fancy," by Molloy. Both numbers were excellent and were appreciated at the true worth by those present.

The pupils who had piano numbers were Alice and Elsie Bradt, Anna Coffey, Annabel Staples, Fannie Sawyer, Paul Gilman, Etta Hogan, Edith Lennon, Winthrop Bowers, Maude Conant, Samuel Scott, Myrtle Kilpatrick, Mabel Russell, Hilda Dugdale, Mary Allen, Alice Bradt, Gertrude Starkey and Albert Henley.

Many compositions well known to musicians were on the programme, all chosen with special reference to the ability of the pupils. Mrs. Gilman herself played several duet numbers with the pupils.

THE DAY NURSERY

Children's Operetta, "King's Fool Cleverly Played.

MANY FINE SPECIALTIES ENTERTAIN LARGE AUDIENCE.

The Performance Was a Grand Success.

"The King's Fool," written by Mrs. Julian Talbot, and a decidedly interesting and catchy operetta, was presented to an immense audience last evening. The performance was in aid of the Day Nursery. The characters all of which were well sustained, were assumed as follows:

King Joker, a reformed jester,
.....Clinton Carpenter
Lord Valiant, royal counsellor, whose advice goes a begging,
.....Herbert Webster
Rupert, prince of good fellows and a match for any blockhead
.....Thomas O'Donnell
Prince Paul .....Victor Jewett
Prince Carl, quite irresistible,
.....Ernest Fletcher
Prince Philip .....Frank Libby
Capt. Bells, a charmer .....John Phelan
Lord Lobster, a submarine general,
.....Paul Murkland
Bob, vendor of lemonade,
.....Herbert Parker
Tom, a peanut man .....Sam Stott
"Minkin" .....Herbert Horne
Princess Favbella, whose heart is hard but not of stone .....Miss Grace Hannah
Princess Amethyst, a jewel of a girl,
.....Miss Minnie Clifford
Princess Curlia, a little dear,
.....Miss Cora Littlehale
Princess Rose, one of the "buds"
.....Miss Ethel Hannon
Queen Cookie, otherwise "Ann Marla,"
.....Miss Flossie Celine
Mad'moiselle, a school mistress and "a model of propriety" .....Paul Burtt
Florizella, who reads the future,
.....Miss Edith Freeman
Lady Kate, loyal maid of honor,
.....Miss Cenia Pierce
Lady May, loyal maid of honor,
.....Miss Rebecca Devoll

Housemaids—Misses Elizabeth Huntley, Elsie Harwood, Willette Clifford, Harriet Grin, Ethel Shaw, Bertha Barron, Etta Haynes, Florence Bean, Evelyn Connock, Louise Gulney, Ella Collins, Marguerite Elvin, Kitty O'Donnell, Maud Ludwig, Gertrude Fox, Alice Akers.

Jesters, relatives of the king joker—Clifton Hedrick, Earl Phillips, Willard Parker, Earl Fowler, Albert Rhodes, Sidney Hunking, Master Brent Johnson.

The Princess's Grand Alliance of Warriors—Robert Libby, Robert Crowley, Hal Pierce, Freeman Cowell, John Laughlin, Joseph Herrick, Dana Whipple, Arnold Halsteid, Charles Littlehale, Gordon Bixby, Royal White, Herbert Whipple.

The Fairy Band—Nellie Studley, Sidney Whipple, Eleanora Clifford, Nellie Fairweather, Mildred Melvin, Kitty McAleer, Mildred Davenport, Ruth Sawyer, Nellie Faneuf, Cirrie Tyrrell, Julia Burke, Ralph Fadden.

Ladies and gentlemen of the court—Annie Kirby, Alice Griffin, Olive Emerson, Mary Mason, Emily Tyrell, Marion Starkey, Lina Richardson, Ethel Wilson, Grace Maxfield, Harriette Richardson, Alice Faneuf, Florence Shaw, Agnes Gordan, Marinda Batchelder, William Richardson, Harold Thomas, Arthur Bean, Herbert Horne, Boyd Putnam, Harry Hatch, Harry Chalifoux, Sam. Stott, Robert Means, Harold Jewett, Burton Carey, Willie Burke, Roy Bishop, Morton Ela, James Reilly, Clinton Carey, Marcus Cole, Arthur Means.

The specialties introduced were very fine.

Miss Daisy Sawyer gave a tambourine dance.

There was an attractive ballet of roses in which the following danced: Roses: Anna Coffey, Hazel Shirley, Ethel Chalifoux, Marguerite Skillings, Roxy Murphy, Alice Roach, Lottie Quirk, Harriet Mansur, Beatrice Horne, Gertrude Harvey, Nina Conant, Fannie Sawyer, Florence Fairburn, Alice Mountford, Sidney Whipple, Chester Runels, Percy Mann.

E. Lincoln Nowell gave a Parisian dance that was original.

Misses Ethel Wilson and Grace Maxwell were bright in the newsboys' song.

The "happy family of trained animals" made a hit. The following boys were the "animals": Robert Means, Marcus Cole, Harold Jewett, Burton Carey, Willie Burke, Roy Bishop, Morton Ela, Clinton Carey, James Reilly.

Baby Tyrrell had an up-to-date skirt dance.

The performance will be repeated tonight.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FAKE NEWS FROM DEWEY

Rouses Indignation of the Navy Department.

Which Now Gives Out the Only Authentic News Yet Received—Official News Expected by Tonight.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 5.—The officials of the navy department from the secretary down are thoroughly indignant at the character of the stories coming from San Francisco as authentic accounts of the regiment of Commodore Dewey at Manila. Captain Crowninshield, chief of the navigation bureau, declared that it was utterly impossible for news from the fleet to come in any such fashion.

The officials have about concluded that there is little prospect of receiving news from Commodore Dewey direct by the course of the day, though there is a possibility that a merchant vessel may reach Hong Kong from the Philippines bringing some news of the battle and subsequent events from Manila. It is practically settled that the cable cannot be relied upon as a means of communication, as it believed to be cut in shore somewhere between its landing place in the island of Luzon, Point Bolano, and Manila.

The latest authentic and direct news from Manila showed that Commodore Dewey subdued the Spanish fleet and made his demand for the surrender of Manila through the British consul, sometime Sunday afternoon. He at the same time gave notice of bombardment at the expiration of 21 hours, which would make the bombardment itself begin Monday afternoon. Presuming that a despatch boat sailed at the earliest moment of the bombardment Monday evening and allowing three days for passage, the ship is not due at Hong Kong or Mirs Bay until tonight. It is already Thursday night by our time in either place and possibly the McCullough or some despatch boat is just entering the harbor. Other delays then would occur before receipt of a cable here, through the many relay stations, so that it is thought there is little chance of official news coming in during the daylight hours.

Secretary Long has stated in most emphatic terms that he regards it as his duty to make the people acquainted with the facts, as soon as he knows them himself.

A SECOND SPY

Arrested by Naval Authorities Today.

WAS ON BOARD THE CRUISER PRINCETON.

With a Full Plan of the Ship.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Camden, N. J., May 5.—The secret service of officers today arrested a man here who is supposed to be a Spanish spy. On his person were full plans of the gunboat Princeton, which has just been completed at the yards of the Dialogue company.

RECRUITING AT WOONSOCKET

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Woonsocket, R. I., May 5.—The plan of recruiting in this state precludes the possibility of demonstrations here such as are being made in other states and there is much disappointment on this account. The governor wants the men in squads and so every day a few are sent off to state camp. Demonstrations have been planned several times to mark the departure of volunteers, but the plans have been repeatedly frustrated by orders to send in the men at an hour's notice. It was arranged to send off two full companies next Monday but today the recruits are being notified at their places of residence and employment to leave on the next train.

WORK ON WISCONSIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, May 5.—Work in the Union Iron works on the United States battleship Wisconsin is delayed by the non-arrival of the armor plates. Otherwise the completion of the vessel is being rushed with all possible speed. There are over 2000 men employed in the yard, working night and day shifts.

THE CUBAN JUNTA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, May 5.—The announcement was made today at the headquarters of the Cuban junta in this city, through its legal adviser, Horatio S. Rubens, that two small parties bearing important messages to General Gomez from the United States government and the junta had effected a landing in Cuba Mr. Rubens declined to give any particulars.

COMMITTED ON FINANCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 5.—The Senate committee on finance as a body was not in session today, having adjourned over until tomorrow, in order to permit the democratic members to prepare a substitute for the bond provision of the bill. There now no doubt that there will be a majority in the committee against the bond feature.

HAWAIIAN QUESTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 5.—The House committee on foreign affairs today discussed the Hawaiian annexation resolution but took no definite action, adjourning until next Tuesday. It is claimed that a majority of the committee favor the resolution.

REPORTED AT PROVINCETOWN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Provincetown, Mass., May 5.—The U.S.S. Columbia passed Race Point heading for Provincetown at 1.33 p. m.

IN PORTSMOUTH HARBOR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Portsmouth, N. H., May 5.—Portsmouth Harbor was a busy place today. The United States steamship Essex was successfully docked in dry dock early this forenoon, and the work of overhauling her was begun at once.

Major E. L. Hoxie of the engineer corps arrived here this morning on board the tug Slyvester Ward, to assist in the work of mining the harbor.

PORTO RICO OURS

Within 48 Hours is the Belief

OF THE PRESIDENT'S CLOSEST FRIENDS.

Report Given Out From the White House.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 5.—There was no important advices at the White House up to 11 o'clock. Persons who were with the President assert that there is a strong likelihood that Porto Rico will be in the hands of the United States within 48 hours. The immediate seizure of the Island, they assert, has been ordered, though direct official confirmation is lacking.

VERMONT'S WAR MEASURE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Montpelier, Vt., May 5.—The special session of the legislature called by the governor to consider war measures was convened this forenoon. The resignation of W. A. Lord as speaker of the house was accepted and Kittredge Haskins of Brattleboro was elected to fill the vacancy. A bill was introduced by Mr. Childs of St. Albans prohibiting foreign railroad corporations from buying or controlling railroads in the state of Vermont. It was referred. The proposition is taken as a blow at the Grand Trunk railway, which is seeking to obtain control of the Central Vermont railroad.

English Working Women.

According to recent statistical returns, the total number of women over the age of 18 employed in factories and workshops in the British islands is a little over 1,000,000, of which about 11 per cent belong to trades unions. Most of these have a membership in common with the men, but there are some separate women's unions, organized, officered and conducted exclusively by female members. Among these are the Felt Hat Trimmers and Wool Formers' association, with 2,486 members; the Female Cigar Makers' Protective union, with a membership of over 1,000, and a few other associations with a still smaller list of members. The great bulk of the women workers are included in the mixed unions, showing a disposition to work out her industrial like her other problems, in company with the men, rather than separate from them—a token that the working British female is endowed with sound and discriminating judgment and knows perfectly well on which side her bread is buttered.—New York Tribune.

Tramp Laws.

Four states, according to the Chicago Record, have no tramp laws. In three—West Virginia, Kentucky and Louisiana—the tramp is "worthy poor." Two commit him to public labor; one (New Mexico) to labor on the streets and roads, and the other (Missouri) sells him to work six months for the highest bidder. Pennsylvania adds the rigor of solitary confinement to hard labor. New Hampshire and Connecticut offer a reward for his apprehension. In Nevada the district attorney gets $10 for convicting him. Generally he is condemned to work in the bridewell, prison or penitentiary. Illinois sends him to the house of correction to work off a fine, but allows local authorities to employ him if they desire. England sends the tramp to the workhouse. France makes him do convict labor. Germany and Belgium put him on penal farms.

For Counterfeiting Labels.

The grand jury in Philadelphia indicted the hat manufacturing firm of Frank Erbuble & Co. for using counterfeits of the union labels of the United Hatters of North America.

First class job printing done at this office.

WEST POINTERS ARRIVE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, Fla., May 5.—12.22 p. m.—The steamer Alps from New York has arrived here with a detachment of engineers from West Point.

To Teach the Poor What to Eat.

Uncle Sam is preparing to teach the poor man how and what to eat in order to better his condition, says the Philadelphia Press.

He is just now collecting some striking facts which will be utilized in the future as a basis for much needed missionary work of a practical kind in our large cities.

Some time ago congress made an appropriation for an investigation of the eating habits of American citizens, and the fund was given to the department of agriculture. The most important part of the study now progressing is devoted to the slums of our large cities. The data being collected has begun to arrive at headquarters. The investigation is in charge of Professor W. O. Atwater, the well known dietary expert, acting under the direction of Dr. A. C. True, director of the many agricultural experiment stations throughout the country. Dr. True has given your correspondent the first detailed account of the work, which differs from anything hitherto attempted by the department.

"We will not attempt to teach the poor how cheaply they can live," he explained, "but how they can get the most for their money."

The Perfected Man.

A great Sculptor made a beautiful Image in clay. But when it was finished Necessity pressed upon it and Toil bent it down. Famine pinched it, and Tyranny hammered it, and Monopoly cast it out from the place which the Sculptor had ordained for it.

It lay in the kennel, rejected and unclean. Theology passed by on the other side and said, "See how depraved it is—it is fit only to be cast into the fire."

But Love lifted the Image up and wept over it. And as her tears fell upon the clay it softened in her arms, so that she smoothed out the bruises with her hands.

Then Justice set it again in its place, and men said, "Behold, it was made in the Image of God."—Bolton Hall's "Even as You and I."

REGAINED HEALTH.

Gratifying Letters to Mrs. Pinkham From Happy Women.

"I Owe You My Life."

Mrs. E. Weemhoff,
Mills, Neb., writes:

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I owe my life to your Vegetable Compound. The doctors said I had consumption and nothing could be done for me. My menstruation had stopped and they said my blood was turning to water. I had several doctors. They all said I could not live. I began the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it helped me right away; menses returned and I have gained in weight. I have better health than I have had for years. It is wonderful what your Compound has done for me."

"I Feel Like a New Person."

Mrs. Geo. Leach,
1609 Belle St., Alton, Ill., writes:

"Before I began to take your Vegetable Compound I was a great sufferer from womb trouble. Menses would appear two and three times in a month, causing me to be so weak I could not stand. I could neither sleep nor eat, and looked so badly my friends hardly knew me.

"I took doctor's medicine but did not derive much benefit from it. My druggist gave me one of your little books, and after reading it I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I feel like a new person. I would not give your Compound for all the doctors' medicine in the world. I can not praise it enough."

ANGLO-SAXON ALLIANCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, May 5.—It is said here that negotiations are pending between the United States and Great Britain, by which the latter will support the former if the other powers intervene in favor of Spain.

That class job printing done at this office.

AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President. March 24, 1898.*

Samuel Pitcher M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

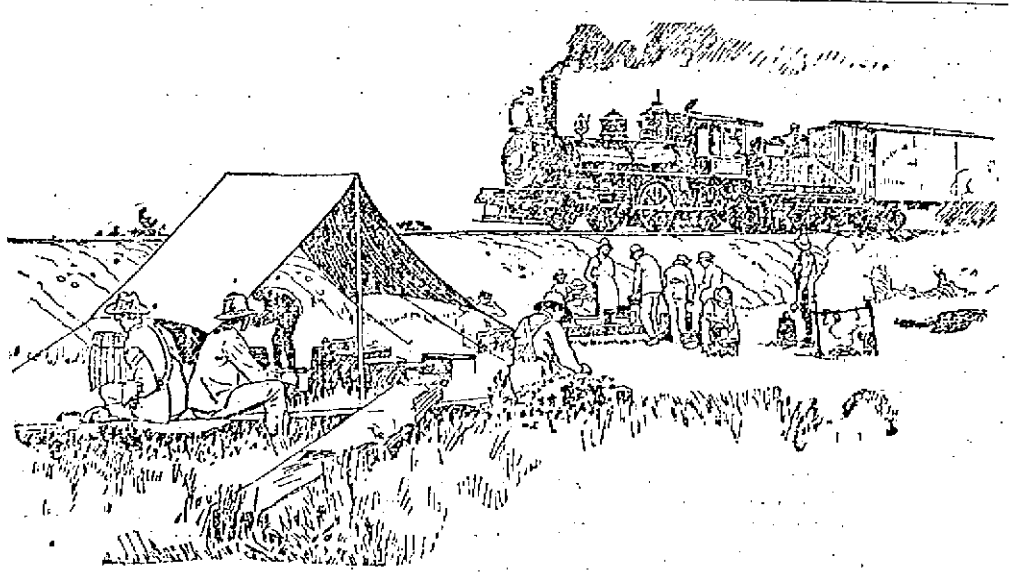
Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
SEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



A COMPANY KITCHEN AT CHICKAMAUCA.



A brilliant young lady of Abingdon, Ill., recently said:—"Yes, I use

Ripans Tabules

and regard them as an excellent toilet article. Queer, isn't it, to call them that, but wait till I explain and it won't sound so odd. In fact, I always keep them on my dressing table and take one just before leaving for any social function. Before I began their use, I was troubled with indigestion; I had a severe headache frequently and I had dyspepsia so bad that I could scarcely eat anything with relish. I was always dizzy after any quick movement, as rising from a chair, and was seized with such an attack frequently that my head would fairly reel. My complexion became sallow and pimples came on my face. I heard of Ripans Tabules and purchased some. After a short time my usual complexion returned, the pimples are all gone, as you see, and I am not dizzy as before. You can see now why I think them a valuable toilet article. Why, I would just as soon think of going without my hair combed as to neglect to take a Tabule when I go out for the evening."

BLANCO'S FANCIFUL PLIGHT

Address at the Opening of the Autonomous Parliament.

Still Harping on Our Duplicity—He Pictures Cuba as the Mediator Between Continents Fighting in Cuba as Reported by the Spanish Authorities.

Havana, May 6.—General Blanco opened the first congress of Cuba elected under the autonomous form of government. Every effort was made by the Spanish officials to give brilliancy to the occasion. There was a procession, and the streets were decorated with flags and banners. The captain general made an address in which he said: "If the declarations of the United States had been sincere, its guns ought to be saluting today the first Cuban parliament instead of threatening the lives of its members and proving herself so false to their policy, ambitions and plans. Spain has given the island all she is authorized to give for the purpose of restoring peace and without any conditions. The autonomist form of government established is as ample as that of the British colonies, and Spain has declared that it will be made more ample still if such a course is judged to be necessary by the members of this congress.



CAPTAIN GENERAL BLANCO.

"The [illegible] rules were abolished in order to help the reconcentrados, the victims of the fight sustained by the United States. We admitted free of duties the 'help' sent from America—sent for the purpose of increasing the existing discords. In short, nothing has been left undone which might satisfy the aspirations of the people, if compatible with the national honor.

"On the petition of his holiness, the pope, and the European powers, hostilities were suspended in order to treat for peace. Ignoring all this, the president of the United States declared that the autonomous form of government had turned out to be a failure when parliament had not even assembled, and the patriots of the United States were excited by the declaration that Spaniards caused the Maine catastrophe, forgetting the generous hospitality her sailors received here. Now the United States is taking up arms to impose its domination.

"Before such an outrage, Spaniards and Cubans must be united to defend the fatherland, and the reconciliation will be all the more sacred in view of the actual circumstances in the case. The defenders of Spain and of the autonomy of Cuba all have Spanish blood in their veins, or were born on this soil.

"All the new laws must be put in force on July 1. Preference should be given to the measures providing for public security and the maintenance of the national honor of Spain, the only country which can protect the development of this colony and bring about the formation of a great country united to the old Castilian nation and at the same time be the mediator, in the new world, between both continents."

VICTORIOUS AS USUAL.

Havana, May 6.—Colonel Devos fought an insurgent band Tuesday which had 10 of its number killed, among them being Leader Nunez, and 23 were taken prisoners, together with a quantity of arms, ammunition and medicine. The Spanish column, which completely destroyed the camp, had four wounded.

At Palayo village a body of Spanish cavalry had an engagement with the insurgents under General Maximo Gomez, the latter leaving four dead on the field and the Spanish one. The government troops had an officer and seven soldiers wounded.

At Loma Cruz the local guerillas surprised a body of insurgents, killing 10. Two persons were killed and two wounded by an explosion in a sugar refinery at Cardenas.

DARING WORK OF BANDITS

They Entered a Maine Hotel Armed and Masked.

And Demanded the Clerk to Throw up His Hands—His Boldness and Tact Soon Caused Them to Retreat.

Portland, Me., May 6.—Two masked robbers attempted to hold up the clerk of the West End hotel about 10 o'clock last night. Twenty-five or more travelling men were sitting about the office when the door of the ladies' entrance opened and two men wearing workingmen's overalls stepped into the office. "Hold up your hands," they commanded, as they levelled their guns at the men sitting around the office.

Edward Anderson, an elevator boy, and Charles Adams, a bellboy, who were talking together, were knocked down by slungshots in the hands of the burglars, who then turned their attention to the men in the office. George M. Perry of Boston, who represents the Holbrook Manufacturing company of New York, saw the highwaymen knock down the boys and started across the floor towards them. He was ordered to hold up his hands, but instead of doing so he attempted to grab one of the fellows. At this moment Perry was felled to the floor by a slungshot in the hands of the other robber, and when those in the office saw this they made a break for the doors.

Walter Castner, the night clerk, had loaded his revolver when the two boys were knocked down, and started to get out into the office floor with it in his hand. By this time the burglars had lost their nerve and made a break for the door by which they entered. They ran across the square towards the union station, and escaped. They are thought to be the same pair who operated in Boston and Lynn all winter.

MANILA'S WEALTH

And the Philippine Islands is Marvelous.

ITS TRADE MOSTLY WITH THE UNITED STATES.

The Population Is Reckoned About 15,000,000.

Washington, May 6—The understanding at the state department is that Consul Oscar F. Williams, our representative at Manila, until the recent war began, is now aboard the flagship Olympia in Manila harbor, having accompanied Commodore Dewey from Hong Kong, so that advices may come from him to the state department, as well as from Commodore Dewey to the navy department.

A mail report from Consul Williams reached the state department recently dated Manila, February 28 last.

It gives a full description of the Philippine islands, their resources, their growth of American trade etc., and will be incorporated in the next volume issued by the bureau of statistics of the state department. Mr. Williams' report says:

"Local and European authorities estimate the area of the Philippine Islands at 150,000 square miles, and their population at 15,000,000.

"The island of Luzon, on which the city of Manila is situated, is larger than New York and Massachusetts, and has a population of 5,000,000, and the island of Mindanao is nearly, if not quite as large. There are scores of other islands."

Mr. Williams states that 22 consulates, representing the leading commercial countries of the world, are established at Manila.

He adds the surprising statement: "The volume of the export trade, coming under my official supervision, equals that of my 21 consular colleagues combined."

He then shows in detail how the trade of the Philippines with the United States exceeds that of all other countries combined, and is growing at a remarkable rate. As indicating the extent of this trade, he says:

"Today I have authenticated invoices for export to the United States amounting to $138,000."

He says the exports to this country average $1,000,000 a month. The report states that 216,000 bales of hemp were exported during the last three months. Of these, 138.52 went to the United States and 75,000 to Great Britain and other countries.

Mr. Williams shows from this that the United States has 64 per cent. of the export trade from the Philippines as against 35 per cent. for Great Britain and other countries.

He says that last year the increase of shipments to the United States was 123,000 bales, and the decrease to Great Britain 22,000 bales. He adds:

"Of increased shipments from the Philippines, those to the United States were 54 per cent. greater than to all other countries combined."

He also gives details of the large shipments of sugar, cigars, tobacco, woods, hides, shells, indigo, and coffee.

In the item of sugar, which is second in importance, the shipments to the United States were 55 per cent. of the total to all points.

In a previous report dated February 10, Mr. Williams stated that Manila had just passed through a devastating fire, the total loss being $2,500,000.

He said the city would have been totally destroyed had it not been for the splendid service of an American fire engine brought from Seneca Falls, N. Y.

In another report, Mr. Williams gives the railroad and ocean steamship facilities of the Philippines.

The main railroad from Manila is first class, having steel rails, stone culverts and English engines, which make 45 miles an hour.

There are four steamship lines to Hong Kong and a monthly line from Manila to Liverpool.

A gazetteer published at Hong Kong gives the population of Manila as 225,000.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

BASE BALL.

The great game between the South Ends and the Emeralds will be played on the Fair Grounds tomorrow afternoon. It will be the only game played as it has been found necessary to postpone the Mountain Rock game because of the condition of the grounds. "Billy" Connors will pitch for the Emeralds, and McCarthy will play in the field, ready to relieve Connors, if necessary. The teams will line up in their best form and owing to the fact that the rivalry is intense and the South Ends have had the better of the previous contests, the game will surely be exciting. It will be the North common against the South common and both teams will go on the grounds heavily backed. The pitchers will have a battle and everything will depend on them. It is a toss-up between the two teams. John Lynch will umpire the game and play will be called at 3 o'clock.

THE JUVENILE DIAMOND.

Shamrocks silent.

Unvanquished High schools.

The Shamrocks are also on top.

High school vs. Shamrocks would sound good.

Billerica, Andover, Nashua, Milford, Danvers, Haverhill, Salem and Tufts freshmen have teams that are equal in strength to the Lowell High school nine.

Thirteen errors in one game does not indicate superior playing. That many misplays were made in the Haverhill-Salem High schools contest.

Stick was missed from the Shamrocks.

Out of one chance, Kearns made a wonderful catch of a sky-scraper in the High school game Wednesday. Who could improve upon that?

The Lowell High school team goes to Kingston, N. H., Saturday to play the Sanborn nine a return game. It is to be hoped that the New Hampshire town is bereft of a class of professional (?) ball tossers who attend juvenile games for the sole purpose of guying the players.

The local High school nine ought to arrange for games with all the out-of-town teams given above. Newburyport also has a nine.

Tufts had eight errors in their game with the Salem High.

Salem, Haverhill and Lowell are the leaders in the High school race.

PATRIOTIC PARTY.

A very pleasant party was given in honor of Master Bert Dunham at his home in Stackpole street, Wednesday evening. About 25 young guests were present and a fine time followed. A spread was prepared by Mrs. Dunham. The party broke up at an early hour, before which there was a flag raising. Mr. Dunham raised the Stars and Stripes above his home amidst patriotic songs by the young people.

HIS ARM BROKEN.

Herbert O'Rorke, the seven-year-old son of Hugh O'Rorke of Kidder street was run over by a bicyclist in Gorham street yesterday, while playing in front of Good Templars' hall. He had his right arm broken and was badly bruised. The "scorcher" rode away without giving his name.

PILL SENSE—It stands to reason that Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills will crowd out of the market many of the nauseous old timers. A better medicine at less than half the price is all the argument needed to keep the demand what it has been—phenomenal—40 doses 10 cents. They cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, and allay all stomach irritations. At all druggists.—25. Sold by Ellingwood & Co., Central and Merrimack streets, and by C. E. Carter, Branch and Smith streets.

RURAL DELIVERY

Of Mail Disapproved by the Senate.

OTHER MATTERS OF IMPORTANCE DISCUSSED.

Homestead Laws Extended to Alaskan Territory.

Washington, May 6.—During almost the entire session yesterday the senate had under consideration the postoffice appropriation bill. The measure carries $99,224,300, being very much the heaviest of all the appropriation bills. The most important action taken upon the measure was the adoption of an amendment offered by Mr. Tillman (S. C.) reducing the number of deliveries of mail in all cities of the country to not exceeding four each day. The amendment was sharply antagonized as a blow to business interests in the large cities, but the feeling of the senate was such that, despite the vigorous opposition, it prevailed by a decisive majority.

A lively debate was precipitated by an amendment of the committee striking out the appropriation of $300,000 for rural delivery. The proposition was discussed for nearly two hours. By the close vote of 25 to 22, however, the committee was sustained and the bill carries no appropriation for such delivery. An important amendment will prevent star route contractors from sub-letting their contracts. In order to get their money they must be able to swear that they performed the service themselves.

Just before adjournment the senate passed an important war measure authorizing the president and general officers of the army to supply the Cuban insurgents with arms and munitions of war and empowering officers of the army serving in Cuba to supply the needy inhabitants of the island with medicines and subsistence.

The Alaskan bill, extending the homestead laws to and providing for certain railway rights of way in the district of Alaska, was passed by the house. The labor arbitration measure providing for the arbitration of labor disputes between employes and certain common carriers, a bill which has been endorsed by labor organizations throughout the country, received approval.

It provides that in case a serious controversy concerning wages, hours of labor, or conditions of employment shall arise between a carrier subject to the act of the employes, the chairman of the interstate commission and the commissioner of labor shall, upon the request of each party, endeavor amicably to settle the dispute by mediation, and in case the endeavor shall fail then the controversy may be submitted to arbitration of a board of three persons, each party to the controversy to name one arbitrator and the two thus named to name the third. The agreement to submit must contain stipulations that the arbitration shall be begun within five days and the award shall be filed within 20 days from the appointment of the third arbitrator. The parties shall consider the award final and conclusive and faithfully execute the same. For one year the employer shall not dismiss nor shall any employe, dissatisfied with the award, quit work under three months without giving 30 days notice.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

How well the battalion looked in line today!

The janitor of this school will no longer perform his faithful duties here but will be changed to another school. Everybody who knows Mr. Condon says he is one of the best janitors the city has in its employ and are also convinced by his passing an examination last week that he is capable of taking care of any building in the state. He must also receive credit for his prompt attention to his work in the school.

Mr. William Rice will play a banjo solo the 15th of this month at the Savoy.

The lunch counter is doing a great business.

Thursday, Capt. Greig met the officers in Room 20 and discussed important matters, instructing them to drill as hard as ever until he returns to them.

Mr. Napoleon Provencher, a graduate of the '97 class, has successfully passed the postal clerks' examination.

Mr. John Phelan has also passed the required test and will enter the employ of Uncle Sam as soon as the opportunity presents itself.

NOTRE DAME MUSICAL FESTIVAL.

Past and present pupils of the Sisters of Notre Dame are uniting their efforts in making the May Festival which is to be held in Associate Hall next Wednesday afternoon and evening a grand success. The musical programme for the entertainment is one of unusual brilliancy.

A large number of tickets are being sold and the affair promises to be one of social as well as artistic success.

CALLED TO MAINE.

Rev. Mr. Lockhart, who has been pastor of the Chelmsford Free Baptist church for the last eight years, has received a call to North Berwick, Me.



The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

BANG! BANG!

2000 lbs. Pork Chops, 3 lbs. for 25c.; Fore Quarter Lamb, 5c. lb.; Fore Quarter Veal, 5c. lb.; 3 pecks Kale, 25c.; 3 pecks Dandelions, 25c.; 5 lbs. Rhubarb, 25c.

CENTRAL
CASH MARKET
CENTRAL AND CHARLES STS.

WANT COLUMN.

FIRST CLASS board at 118 Appleton street. Gents $2.50; Ladies $1.75. Meals, gents 20c.; ladies 15c.

MANHATTAN music at Burbank hall, Saturday afternoons. Burbank orchestra Saturday evenings.

TO LET—Front room, furnished or unfurnished. 18 Rockdale avenue, near Fletcher street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

FOR SALE—Nearly new upright piano, cost $375. Will sell at a sacrifice as party is leaving town. 25 Chase avenue, Pawtucketville, city.

GRAND RECEPTION at Burbank hall Thursday, May 5th. Valuable prizes given in cake walk. Admission 25c.

FREE DINNER SET—Ladies, send us your full address, plainly written, and we will express you 125 of our sweet and exquisite Arabian Perfume Packets (in powder form to scent gloves, handkerchiefs, clothing, etc.) to sell among friends at 10 cents each. When sold, remit us the money (after deducting express charges) and we will send you for your trouble, a lovely decorated English Dinner Set of 100 pieces (full size for family use.) Each set is artistically decorated in colors, tasteful leaf and flower pattern. The shapes are of latest style, which every lady will appreciate. Order at once naming nearest express office. Address Arabian Perfume Co., Bridgewater, Conn.

WAGONS—Butcher cart in fine order, new high grade democrat, new grocer wagon, attractive panel side wagon, handsome light order wagon, second hand riding wagon, etc., to be sold low, second hand democrat. J. F. Libbey, 24 Robbins street.

WANTED—Men and women, $3 to $5 per day. 452 Central street.

WANTED—An English speaking agent for a good debit in the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., also one who can speak French and English. Must furnish good reference and bond. Married man preferred. Apply at the branch office, 56 Central street, room 78. Wm. Thornton, Supt.

LOST—A white bull pup. Finder please return to 17 Park street, or Johnson's millinery store, 226 Merrimack street and receive reward.

WANTED—Young man with $300 capital desirous of business already established in Lowell, paying a net profit of $500 annually. Address P. O. Box 458 Worcester, Mass.

SHIRTS made to order $1. Waists to order $2. Work guaranteed. Madame O. Gadbois, dressmaker, 317 Market street.

WANTED—By a man, 33, single place as coachman, hostler or general work. Swett & Co., 101 Central street.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WANTED—A young man with $500 capital, desirous of business already established in Fitchburg, Leominster and Lowell, paying a net profit of $800 annually. Triflers need not apply. Address P. O. Box 458 Worcester, Mass.

FOR SALE—The best liquor business (licensed) in a city of 39,000. The business has been established for 15 years, and is the best paying in the city, having averaged $25,000 (strictly retail) for the past three years. The plant is furnished throughout with the latest modern improvements and conveniences. The building is located admirably in the centre of the most thickly populated district and has a large established trade. The only reason for selling is that the present owner is compelled by illness to give up. Books and income will verify about statement. Address H. E. Y., Box 257, Taunton, Mass.

WANTED—Experienced stocking mill help, loppers and knitters on seamless ribbed stockings. Address at once. Uncas K'tg Co., Danielson, Conn.

TO LET—Cottage of ten rooms, steam heat, bath, set tubs, hot and cold water cemented cellar, and barn if desired. W. H. Bagshaw, 11 Wilson street.

YOUNG MAN desires board and room in first-class boarding house. Address, stating terms. M m., care Evening Sun.

WANT NOONANS?—Yes, you want Noonan's. It's sure to kill all kinds of insects. Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs at all drug stores. A. E. Moor's, L. L. Walker's, A. W. Dows, D. O'Brien's and Storey & Co's.

WALL PAPERS at factory prices. $2 will paper your room with the latest design of wall paper with border to match. First-class work guaranteed. We also do painting, whitewashing, kalsomining at low prices. New York Wall Paper Co., 338 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Men and women to work at home. I pay $8 to $16 per week for making crayon portraits. New patent method, anyone who can read or write can do the work at home in spare time, day or evening. Send for particulars and work at once. Address H. A. Gripp, German Artist, Tyrone, Pa.

TO LET—Stable, two stalls, harness closet, ample carriage room, concreted, rear of 58 Tyler street, entrance from George or Church streets. Apply to Charles H. Walker.

WANTED—Lady readers to tell us what is the longest verse in the Bible. If you can tell us in what chapter it is, we will give you a prize of $100. If more than one person answers correctly we will divide cash equally. With your answer send 10 cents for our new library of 12 complete books, a grand prize in themselves. Address Keystone Book Co., 1111 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—On Gates' Land near Westford street, two tenement house with all modern improvements; good corner lot; price $4500. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their straw, leghorn or manilla hats cleansed or dyed and made in the latest shapes at the Hat and Bonnet Bleachery, 161 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—On Gorham street, 8-room cottage house and store doing a good grocery business; small barn, large corner lot of land. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. 1 1-2 inch one line rubber stamps, 10c.; 3 inch, 15c.; 35c. ink pads 25c.; 25c. ink pads 15c.; 50c. linen markers 25c.; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 158 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—Three miles from Lowell Post office, small farm of 6 acres, cottage house and barn, hennery and some fruit, $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

FOR SALE—Seven miles from Lowell, farm of 25 acres; two-story house and barn, wood for home use. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central Street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 177 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, good 6-room cottage house, large lot of land. Price $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

WANTED—Housegirls at the Lowell Employment Office, 352 Merrimack street, opposite City hall.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 262 Fayette street.

$15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid new 2 1-2 story hip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with tub, marble wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry; very sightly; near cars and school; will sell for $1800. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 8 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardner. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

Concrete paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 165 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

TELEPHONE 29-3.

Banner Market
GROCERY AND BUTTER HOUSE,
68, 72, 74 PRESCOTT STREET.

War! War! War!

Prices are Going Higher. Buy Now Before They Fire.

Our Butter Department Has No Equal in Lowell.

For new Spring Butter of the finest quality, at this season of the year, this is the place.

We are striving, always, to supply our patrons with the choicest makes of butter that the market will afford, and are now receiving direct from Vermont the finest and newest butter to be found in the market, not more than from 6 to 12 hours from the churn. Realizing that your tastes are fastidious, we have some very mild October Cheese, which we now offer from 10c to 12c. Cannot be purchased elsewhere for less than 15c to 18c. Strickly fresh eggs from country and farm, 15c to 18c. Eggs by the case 13 cents.

Armour's and Fairbank's Lard, in 20 lb. tubs. We have closed out many of the large lines of Canned Goods and have reduced our stock more than half, but still have some bargains in choice Peas, Tomatoes, Squash as well as Pickles and Chow Chows, which we will endeavor to close out during the next week. There are about 100 cases of these goods, and some lines will be closed out very soon. This is an exceptional opportunity to lay in a stock.

60 bush. choice Mealy White Potatoes, 90c. bush., 25c. pk.
50 bush. choice Hebron Potatoes, 90c., bush., 25c. pk.
75 bush. choice New Hampshire Red Potatoes, 90c. bush., 25c. pk.
25 bush. choice Danvers Onions, 75c. bush., 20c. pk.
15 bush. choice Red Onions, 50c. bush., 15c. pk.
All these goods are the best and will be sold out soon.
3 cans Alaska Salmon, 25c.
3 cans Baldwin Apples, 25c.
5 lb. can fine flavored O Government Java coffee, $1. We defy all to equal this coffee. Sold everywhere for 35c. lb.
3 packages Seeded Raisins, 25c.
3 lbs. 3-Crown Currants, 25c.
3 cans best Maine Succotash, 25c.
3 cans Clams, 25c.
6 cans French Sardines, 25c.

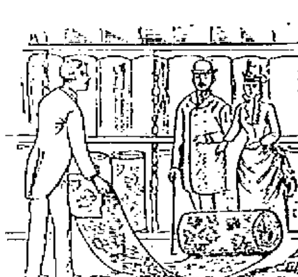
FISH DEPARTMENT.

Live Cock tail Haddock, fresh every day, 4c. lb.
Smoked Halibut, 12c. lb.
Live cock tail Haddock, fresh every day, 3c. lb.
Smoked Bloaters, 20c. doz.
Fresh Shoal Halibut, fresh every day, 10c. lb.
Smoked Salmon, 15c.
Fresh Chicken Halibut, fresh every day, 12c. lb.
Smoked Bloaters, 20c doz.
Kippered Herring, 25c. doz.
Finnan Haddy, 7c. lb.
Fresh Connecticut River Shad, 20c. each.

20 lb. boxes Boneless Cod, $1.
Fresh Penobscot River Salmon, 10c. lb.
10-lb. Scrap Cod, 30c.
Fresh Blue Fish, 8c. lb.
6 lb. box Boneless Cod, 35c.
Fresh Striped Bass, a Game Fish, 15c. lb.
3 lb. extra quality Minced Cod, 25c.
Fresh White Fish, 10c lb.
Fresh Eels, 10c. lb.
3 lb. box Fancy Boned Herring, 25c.
Fresh Siscoes Fish, 10c. lb.
Flounder, 10c. lb.
Fresh Herrings, fresh Alewives.
Fresh Cod Steaks, 5c. lb.
Halibut Steaks, 10c. lb.
Halibut Cheeks, 10c lb.
Salt Mackerel, Salt Whole Cod.
Fresh Herring, Fresh Alewives, Spawn, 10c. lb.
Cod Liver Oil, pints, ½, ¼.
Fresh Boiled Lobsters every day at 4 p. m. Price this week 12½c. lb.
Clams, 35c. pk., 20c. a quart.
Oysters, 25c., 30c., 35c.

CUT MEATS.

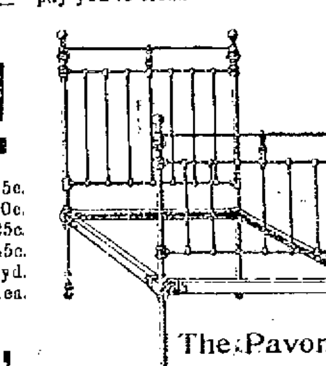
Rump Steak, 15c to 25c.
Loin Steak, 15c. to 25c.
Round Steak, 10 to 12 1-2c.
Top Round Steak, 15c. to 18c.
Lamb Mutton Chops, 10c. to 15c.
Pork Chops, 10c., 12c., 15c.
Roast Beef, 5c. to 13c.
Boiling Beef, 3c. to 5c.
Pot Roasts, 5c to 10c.
Soup Beef, 2c to 4c.
We deliver in any part of Lowell twice a day; Navy Yard once a day, and Tewksbury Center, Wednesdays and Fridays.



Getting Ready TO Clean House?
WE'LL HELP YOU!
Carpets at prices so low that it wont pay you to clean the old ones.

ONE WORD ABOUT
Mattings!
1 lot Seamless at 15c.
1 lot Seamless, extra heavy 20c.
1 lot Jap (Cotton Warp), 25c.
1 lot Jap (Cotton Warp), 45c.
500 Remnants Wool Carpet, 25c. yd.
Window Shades, com. to hang, 25c. ea.

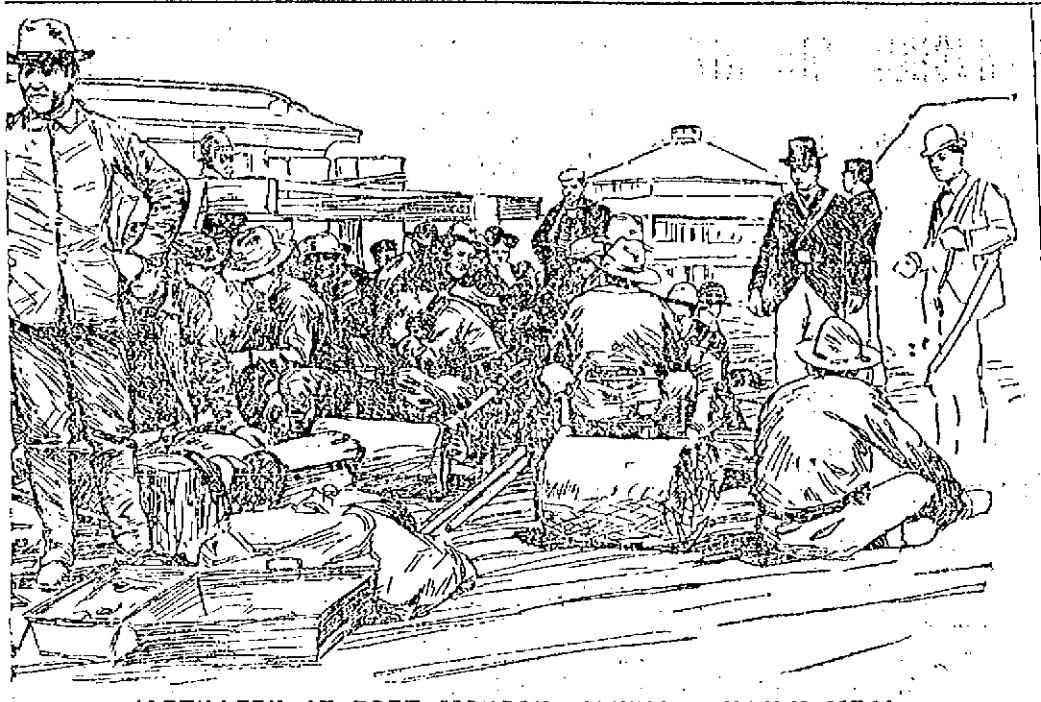
THIS IRON BED,
Full mount, brass rail, all sizes, $4.50
Others from $2.50 to $20.



The Pavonia

Robertson & Co., 82 Prescott Street

FANCY
Creamery Butter
SEE THIS STAMP ON EVERY PACKAGE.
Ask Your Grocer For It.
SHADY GROVE
Manchester N.H.
E.M.S.CO
Lawrence Mass.
SEPARATOR BUTTER
Ask Your Grocer For It.
No other Butter on the market today can Equal the Fine Flavor of the
"SHADY GROVE."
For Sale by all the Leading Grocers in the Merrimack River Valley from Franklin, N. H., to Newburyport, Mass.



ARTILLERY AT FORT MONROE MAKING A HASTY MEAL.

THE SUSPENSE IS DISTRESSING

Over the Delay of Dewey's Report to Washington.

The Philippines Isolated—No Alarm Over the Long Silence—Mysterious Movements of Sampson's Fleet—Queen Regent Said to be About to Leave Spain—Notes of the Situation.

Washington, May 6.—At the close of office hours Thursday Secretary Long had received no word from Commodore Dewey. However, he felt no apprehension over this lack of good news, because in the first place reports were not expected with the cable from Manila cut, and, furthermore, no fears were entertained as to Dewey's ability to maintain his position. There was no doubt that Dewey's fleet had annihilated the Spanish fleet, and with this much accomplished Dewey was master of the situation at Manila. It was suggested to Mr. Long that the shore batteries at Cavite and on the Corregidor island might be a serious menace to the American fleet, but the secretary did not share this view, holding that the strength of the Olympia and other ships in Dewey's command was ample to make him master of Manila bay and its surroundings.

The department is taking steps to render effective aid to the commodore in the matter of supplies, and a constructor of high ability is to go out at once to repair the damages sustained in the battle of Manila. Preparation for a suitable convoy for the supply ships was also indicated by the choice of a commander and officers for the Charleston, now at Mare Island. Having received the surrender of Manila, the commodore would be able to secure any quantity of labor and of such material as a maritime city like Manila affords for the repair of his ships. He also would be able to place his wounded in comfort in some of the Manila hospitals or other buildings.

The department will ship 200,000 pounds of powder to the commodore to add to the stock he now has left. This will be made up of about 60,000 pounds of the grades used for big 8-inch guns, 60,000 pounds for the 6-inch guns, 50,000 pounds for the 5-inch guns and lesser amounts for other classes of guns. This, with the large number of 8-inch armor piercing projectiles, shells and 6-inch and 5-inch rifle balls, will make the shipment of ammunition a very large one. The powder and shot together will give 500 rounds for the big guns and several thousand rounds for the rapid-fire rifles.

No news could be gleaned relative to the movements of Admiral Sampson's ironclads, but from the confident tone of the few officials acquainted with the policy of the department it is inferred that they are expecting to hear very soon of news from this squadron almost as interesting and important as that received from the Philippines last Monday. A high official of the administration almost demolished the theory that Sampson was going to succor the Oregon, now on her way from Brazil to join the Atlantic squadron. He declared that the navy department was under no apprehension about the Oregon, as it did not consider that the Spanish admiral of the Cape Verde squadron would be willing to risk a combat with the Oregon even with the great odds in his favor, as, even if overwhelmed in the end, the Oregon would certainly destroy one of the Spanish ships and perhaps more, and the Spanish government could not afford to exchange pawns at this stage of the war. That left open as possible points of operations for Sampson either Porto Rico or some port on the Cuban coast, but just which theory is to be accepted is not even hinted by the department officials.

Brazil has declared its neutrality. There is no cause to regret such action on the part of Brazil, for however beneficial the delay has been to the United States in getting its warships safely along the Brazilian coast, the issue of the proclamation just now is likely to be still more beneficial in closing Brazilian ports to the Spanish flying squadron if it should be headed in that direction. It may be noted, however, that while the first reports were received with little credit, the advices, though not conclusive, inclined the officers to be belief that the Spanish flying squadron really has turned back from Cape Verde to consolidate with the home squadron at Cadiz.

Great pressure is being brought to bear upon the war department to secure appointments to second lieutenancies authorized by the recently enacted Hull bill. The list of applicants includes many bright men, for the regulation requires them to be under 20. Among them are former students at West Point, newspaper men and others with political influences back of them.

"Fighting" Joe Wheeler, one of the new major generals in the volunteer army, reported at army headquarters yesterday. He was the first of the major generals to signify to Secretary Alger his readiness for active duty. The president, however, has not as yet determined finally upon the organization of the volunteer army, and in the absence of any action in this direction, it is not likely that any designations will be positively made. The probability, however, is that General Wheeler and General Fitzhugh Lee will receive commands in the section of the country from which they come. General Wheeler has not yet determined whether he will resign his seat as a representative in congress from Alabama. This will depend upon the duration of the war.



GENERAL JOE WHEELER.

It is the understanding at the war department that the bill providing for the enlistment of over 10,000 "immunes" and a brigade of engineers will be modified so as to leave a discretionary with the president to recruit probably 15,000 men made up of such special classes as he may deem best for the service. These classes, it is expected, will include "immunes," signal corps, cowboy companies and artillery and engineer regiments. This course is regarded as better than that proposed in the bill, in that it will enable the president to provide for obtaining such troops as he may think best.

Among those who have been prominent in urging upon the officials the formation of a brigade of engineer troops is Eugene Griffin, vice president of the General Electric company, a graduate of West Point, who served 14 years as aide-de-camp with General Hancock. He has tendered his services to the government in connection with the present war, and in doing so has written an interesting letter to Secretary Alger, giving his reasons for the formation of a brigade of engineers not exceeding 3500 men, who shall be enlisted and commissioned in the service. Each of these regiments, he says, should be composed of civil, mechanical and electrical engineers and practical electricians, mechanics, artisans, draftsmen and men familiar with all kinds of engineering work, capable of being rapidly converted into military engineers with proper training.

IS DEWEY IN CONTROL?

Boston, May 6.—At the banquet of the Electric club last night a member read a dispatch from a friend in Singapore as follows:

"Reliable information received here corroborates the news of Dewey's victory; and he is now executing the duties of governor general there."

REPULSED BY CUBANS.

An Encounter With Spanish Cavalry While Landing Insurgents.

Key West, May 6.—The Leyden left here Monday afternoon with a party of insurgents under General Baldamoro Acosta, including five Cuban scouts under the leadership of Captain J. H. Dorst of the United States cavalry, besides a large quantity of arms and ammunition. The tug landed five men, with four boxes of ammunition and two horses. General Acosta also landed and penetrated to the interior, where he communicated with the forces of the insurgents. The Leyden lay outside the harbor until 5 o'clock in the morning, when, observing a troop of Spanish infantry approaching, she put to sea and got safely away. The same night she proceeded to Matanzas, and Tuesday afternoon landed another party near there. Fearing attack by the Spaniards, the Leyden returned to the original landing place.

Here she was met by Acosta and about 200 Cubans, half of whom were armed with rifles. They united with the men on the tug and an attempt was made to land the remaining arms and men, when 200 of the Villa Vicosa cavalry swooped down on them, and a fierce engagement of half an hour's duration followed. The Cubans finally repulsed the enemy, driving them into the woods.

During this engagement several rifle bullets went through the Leyden's smokestack, but no one was injured. The plucky little tug then went in search of the flagship, found her lying near Havana and reported the story. Rear Admiral Sampson sent the Wilmington back with the Leyden. The two vessels reached the scene of the landing and found the Spanish cavalry in waiting to welcome another invasion. The Wilmington promptly opened fire on a number of small houses marking the entrance to the place. The gunboat fired four shots which drove back the Spaniards, and Captain Dorst, with the ammunition, landed safely.

TO CHASE THE YANKEES.

Madrid, via Paris, May 6.—It is alleged that the governments of Cuba and Porto Rico having cabled that there is no need to fear a landing of American troops in those islands, two ironclads, two cruisers and three transports will leave Cadiz forthwith to chase the Yankees from the Philippines and then bombard Californian ports.

READY TO QUIT.

London, May 6.—A Vienna correspondent says: "Apartments have been reserved at a hotel here for the queen regent of Spain in case she arrived before apartments have been prepared for her in her brother's palace.

"Telegrams from the Austrian ambassador at Madrid (Count Dubsky) indicate that the queen regent is only waiting for a suitable moment to quit Spain without detriment to the interests of her son."

A PREJUDICED OPINION.

Madrid, May 6.—The Imparcial, commenting upon a speech which the Marquis of Salisbury delivered at the annual meeting of the Primrose league in London, says: "His bitter words will arouse the indignation of all lovers of justice. Lord Salisbury voiced the theory that might is right." One may extend his parallel between powerful and weak nations in the following manner: There are conscienceless nations which employ ironclads as the bandit uses the knife. There are nations which sacrifice their aspirations to justice and pride of race." The strong powers must beware of the despair of those they desire to despoil. These powers are preparing a terrible close of the nineteenth century. At both Washington and London the fact is solemnly proclaimed that robbery is legal."

MR. M'CALL'S MEASURE.

Washington, May 6.—Representative McCall of Massachusetts has introduced a bill "to insure and protect the commerce and merchant marine of the United States from depredations by public enemies." It empowers the bureau of navigation and auxiliary department of the treasury to examine into the value of all such vessels and their cargoes and give certificates, as well as allowing applications for such examinations to be made in foreign countries at the nearest United States consulate, the certifications to be taken as a basis for indemnification by the United States which the court of claims is authorized to make in cases of attack, etc., of a public enemy. The cargoes to be indemnified expressly except money, bullion or precious metals, securities, etc. The bill also amends the prize laws to make at least one-half of the proceeds of all prizes go into the treasury.

ABE HEWITT'S OPINION.

New York, May 6.—At a meeting of the chamber of commerce, President Seth Low of Columbia university offered a lengthy preamble and set of resolutions, pledging the unqualified and hearty support of the chamber of commerce to the president and congress of the United States in the conduct of the war. The resolutions also pledged the chamber to "bear its share of the coming burdens whatever they may be, to the end that such a peace may speedily be obtained as will insure to the benefit of our Cuban neighbors and to the domestic quiet and prosperity of the United States," and provide for the appointment of 30 members of the chamber "to take such action from time to time as may be necessary to give this action of the chamber its greatest possible efficiency and value." The thanks and congratulations of the chamber are offered to Commodore Dewey and the gallant officers and crews of the Asiatic squadron who, "by a blow struck under circumstances of peculiar heroism, have helped importantly to shorten the war."



ABRAM S. HEWITT.

The resolutions were seconded by ex-Governor Levi P. Morton. Abram S. Hewitt, in speaking to the question, said that if the United States had interfered in the Cuban question 26 years ago there would be no war today.

PREPARING FOR INVASION.

Key West, May 6.—The conditions of the Havana blockade remain unchanged, the line being rigidly kept by the Montgomery and other cruisers under Captain Converse, who is still in temporary command. Captain Lyons of the Dolphin, which has been cruising for 11 days along the western coast of Cuba, says there is great activity on shore throughout that section, especially in Bahia Honda. Groups of Spaniards can be seen working on improvised fortifications of all kinds. Earthworks have been thrown up all along the coast, and apparent preparations against invasion are being made.

During her cruise the Dolphin held up 18 vessels, all of which were released except the fishing schooner Lolo. The Dolphin had previously taken the Lolo, but had released her on the captain's promise to go in shore and remain there. Not long afterwards the Dolphin again found the Lolo cruising and apparently signalling information to someone on shore. The Spaniard was then captured despite the captain's protestations that he was not signalling.

CRITIC OF THE GOVERNMENT.

Madrid, May 6.—The debate on the government's policy was resumed yesterday, the sitting being mainly occupied with the continuation of Robledo's speech. He severely criticised the government for its lack of foresight and, after putting various questions to members of the cabinet as to the government's plans, he announced that he would ask the cortes to vote an income tax. He asked why, after issuing from the bay, Admiral Montojo returned to Cavite, "thus becoming a simple target for the enemy."

Admiral Bermejo, minister of marine, replied that Montojo acted entirely at his own discretion, no instructions having been sent him. Bermejo declined to answer a question as to the whereabouts of the Cape Verde squadron.

At a cabinet council, over which the queen regent presided, the premier explained the war situation and announced the safe arrival at Porto Rico of the Spanish Transatlantic company's steamer Alfonso XIII, having on board, it is said, reinforcements of troops and a very valuable cargo, including ammunition and supplies.

PROTECTING MILITIAMEN.

Boston, May 6.—For the protection of militiamen a bill has been reported in the senate which returns the men to their commands on their return from the United States service by granting officers leave of absence until 40 days after their discharge from the army or navy, with reasonable time to reach home; and granting all enlisted men furlough until not later than 20 days after their discharge. Any organization depleted by enlistments into the military or naval service of the United States may, in the discretion of the commander-in-chief, be recruited by enlistments in towns and cities in which are situated the armories of companies entering the United States service, for terms which shall continue for not longer than 30 days after the termination of the present war, and companies recruited shall choose officers at such time as the commander-in-chief may direct, whose commissions shall expire within 30 days after the declaration of peace.

WITHOUT AMMUNITION.

London, May 6.—A Paris correspondent says: "I hear on indisputable authority that five of the Spanish warships, including the Pelayo and the Alfonso XIII, have not yet been supplied with ammunition. This was the cause of the delay in the sailing of the Cape Verde fleet, and will probably compel it to return to Cadiz."

The Liberal, in a gloomy article which notes the "subterraneous rumblings preceding social upheaval," declares that "the fate of the country cannot remain longer with the weak hands and worn-out intellects of the men now governing the country."

REDUCING THE OUTPUT.

Fall River, Mass., May 6.—As a further step in the independent plan of curtailment of the output of the cotton mills of this city comes the announcement that the Merchants corporation, one of the largest concerns in the city, employing about 1400 hands, with a weekly payroll of $8000 and having 120,000 spindles and 3100 looms, will shut down tomorrow for at least one week.

While a definite plan of general curtailment has not been decided upon, it is stated that the American, Weetamoe and Mechanics' mills will also enter upon a short time schedule soon. Other mills which have a large stock of goods on hand may also be forced into the movement.

VERMONT LEGISLATORS.

Montpelier, Vt., May 6.—Mr. Smith of Burlington introduced a bill to appropriate $10,000 to meet the expenses of the special session, and authorizing the state treasurer to borrow $200,000 to meet appropriations. A bill to prevent alien railroad companies being interested in railroads in this state was passed in concurrence by the senate and signed by the governor.

The railroad bill is to checkmate the Grand Trunk's plan to secure control of the Central Vermont railroad.

MAINE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

Portland, Me., May 6.—The grand commandery of Knights Templar elected the following officers: Commander, Frank E. Sleeper, Sabattus; deputy commander, Herbert Harris, East Machias; generalissimo, Albert M. Spear, Gardiner; captain general, Clayton J. Farrington, Lewiston; prelate, E. Howard Vose, Calais; treasurer, Leander W. Fobes, Portland; recorder, Stephen Berry.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

Metropolitans Took the Opening of the Series in Boston.

Boston, May 6.—With the score 4 to 1 against them, Seymour was put in to pitch for the New Yorks in the third. He proved an enigma for the home team, and the visitors won easily. Score:

New Yorks.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Van Haltren, c. f.	5	1	2	1	0	0
Wilmot, l. f.	5	1	1	1	1	0
Joyce, 1 b.	5	0	2	11	0	0
Davis, s. s.	4	1	1	3	3	0
Gleason, 2 b.	3	0	1	2	4	0
Hartman, 3 b.	4	0	0	0	0	0
McCreery, r. f.	3	1	0	1	0	0
Grady, c.	4	1	2	8	2	0
Meekin, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Seymour, p.	3*	1	1	0	3	0
Totals	37	6	10	27	13	0

Bostons.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c. f.	2	1	0	2	0	0
Tenney, 1 b.	5	0	2	7	1	0
Long, s. s.	4	0	1	2	2	0
Duffy, l. f.	3	0	1	2	0	0
Collins, 3 b.	4	0	0	2	4	0
Stahl, r. f.	3	1	1	3	0	0
Lowe, 2 b.	3	1	1	3	2	0
Bergen, c.	4	1	2	4	0	0
Nichols, p.	3	0	1	1	2	0
*Stivetts	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	4	9	27	12	0

*Batted for Nichols in the ninth.

New Yorks....0 1 0 0 3 0 2 0 0—6
Bostons.....1 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—4

Two-base hits—Grady, Van Haltren, Lowe. Three-base hit—Davis. Home runs—Wilmot, Grady. Stolen base—Bergen. First base on balls—By Meekin, 1; by Seymour, 5; by Nichols, 2. Double play—Davis, Gleason and Joyce, 2. Hit by pitched ball—Stahl. Struck out—By Meekin, Hamilton; by Seymour, Hamilton, Tenney, Long, Stahl, Nichols, 2; by Nichols, Van Haltren, Hartman. Wild Pitch—Nichols. Time—1:51. Umpires—Lynch and Connelly.

The New Bedfords played a fast game against the Newports and won easily, 8 to 5. Sechrist had the Newport players at his mercy up to the last inning, when he let up.

The Pawtuckets trounced the Fall River team in a well-played game. The Smith family were never in it after the sixth inning when four singles, a home run and a base on balls netted six runs. Score: 12 to 8.

The Providences defeated the Torontos, 12 to 8, in a game in which hits were well bunched on both sides. They mixed called balls and good hitting for seven runs in two innings against Foutz, and McFarland was substituted. They made five runs against him and won.

The defeat of the Tauntons by the neighbors from Brockton, 10 to 4, is easily explained. Wolff gave bases on balls and was pounded so hard in the second inning that he was replaced by McGarwell, who was unable to overcome the lead.

The league games scheduled in Brooklyn, Cleveland and Cincinnati were prevented by rain.

The Springfields were unable to bunch hits on McFarlan after the first inning, while Korwan was easy for the Montreals, besides being wild. Score: 12 to 4.

Killen was taken out of the ball game in Pittsburg when the fourth man faced him, after making an error, giving a base on balls and allowing two hits to the Chicagos. The game was called at the end of the sixth inning on account of rain. Score: 4 to 4.

BAY STATE SOLONS.

Boston, May 6.—After some debate in the senate, the bill authorizing the city of Brockton to light its central police station from its electric lighting plant in the city hall was ordered to a third reading by a vote of 17 to 14.

The bill providing for the creation of a board of apportionment in the city of Boston, the engrossment of which had been reconsidered, was again passed to be engrossed by the senate.

There was a long debate in the house on the bill to grant equal privileges to all express companies on railroads in Massachusetts. The committee on railroads reported ought not to pass on the bill, and Mr. Reed of Taunton moved to substitute the bill. Mr. Hood cited three companies that had a practical monopoly of the express business in Massachusetts. A vote was not taken.

J. M. FITZGERALD'S PUPILS.

Joseph M. Fitzgerald and his pupils gave their fifth reception in Burbank hall last night, Burbank's orchestra furnishing the music for 22 numbers.

The officers were Joseph M. Fitzgerald, general manager; Oscar Gray, assistant; Charles Manual, floor director; Frank G. L. Parks, assistant; Ernest E. Bailey, chief aid; Earl Carson, William Chisholm, George Kelly, Thomas Armstrong and Thomas Tully, aids; reception committee, Ralph Quealey, chairman; George Mealey, Charles Gallagher, John McCorville, and Fred Clark.

GRANDEST DISPLAY OF FINE

MILLINERY

Ever Seen in Lowell.

Fine Imported Millinery in Trimmed Hats and Shapes, Flowers, Ribbons and Feathers, as our customers say, at about half what other dealers ask. See them and you will save money.

This week we have added to our stock the grandest line of Ladies' Skirts ever shown this side of Boston. Our Skirts are made from the very latest imported novelties and by one of the best manufacturers in the country. To see these Skirts would delight any lady whether she buys or not.

Also the grandest line of Dress Trimmings in gimps, braids, velvets and everything at about half what others ask.

If you want a spring Hat don't throw your money away at high prices. We can save you dollars on fine Hats, also on shapes. Untrimmed shapes from 15c. to any price you want to pay.

Come and see us, you won't be sorry. We are known to give the best value in Lowell, that's what every lady says.

Our Motto—Honest dealings, low prices, good goods one price to everybody.

JOHN DRAIN

111 Corham Street.

Quantity Makes Price

It always did and always will. We buy one hundred and fifty Bicycles at one time and carry over 500 wheels in stock. Prices from

$19.50 Up.

Good second-hand Bicycles from $5.00 up.

CASH OR CREDIT.

RING'S BIG STORE, 227-229 Dutton Street.

HONEST VALUE

And Your Money's Worth in This Space.

Children's Kid Boots, russet and black, sizes 3 to 6, 25c.
Children's Russet Spring Heel, sizes 6 to 8, 35c.
Children's Kid Spring Heel, sizes 6 to 8, 39c.
Children's Kid Spring Heel, lace or button, extra quality, sizes 5 to 8, 50c.
Children's Kid Boots, lace or button, extra fine, sizes 8 1-2 to 11, 75c.
Misses' Kid Shoes, sizes 12 to 2, 75c.
Ladies' Kid Boots, lace or button, opera toe or common sense, 98c.
Ladies' Russet and Black Oxfords, sizes 3 to 7, 50c.
Ladies' Serge Congress Boots, sizes 4 to 8, 49c.
Ladies' Serge Slippers, sizes 3 to 8, 25c.
Boys' Shoes, heel or spring heel, sizes 8 to 13, 75c.
Boys' Shoes, extra quality, sizes 11 to 2, 85c.
Boys' Shoes, extra quality, sizes 3 to 5 1-2, 90c.
Men's Shoes, lace and congress, all sizes, $1.00.

HEADQUARTERS FOR GOOD WEARING $1.25 and $1.50 SHOES.

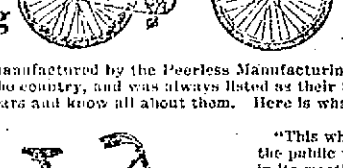
WE HAVE THE BARGAINS.

THOMAS P. BOULGER

115 Central Street

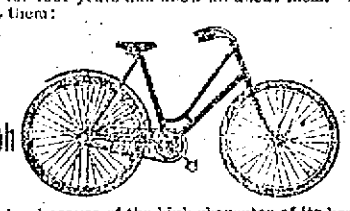
Bicycle Bargain of the Season

The $85 TRIUMPH Bicycle now selling FOR $30



This Bicycle is manufactured by the Peerless Manufacturing Co., one of the oldest bicycle firms in the country, and was always listed as their $35 grade. We have sold them for four years and know all about them. Here is what the Peerless folks say about them:

The 1898 Triumph



"This wheel is presented to the public with great confidence in its meeting the requirements of a thoroughly good wheel at a comparatively low price. In material and workmanship it is excellent in every respect. It is very carefully inspected, and we think it handsome in its lines, and beautiful in its finish. We know it is strong, and is easy running because of the high character of its bearings. For every-day riding in city or country for hill climbing, coasting or touring, we believe it will prove to be entirely satisfactory to all riders. It is as well finished and as fine in appearance as many higher priced wheels.

Ladies' require a wheel which is just as strong, just as easy running, and in every respect as good as that built for men's use exclusively. We think that in our Triumph we are presenting to the ladies just such a wheel; handsome, good as it looks, thoroughly reliable and comfortable. There is room for mounting, a position giving full control of handle bars and pedals, and the rider may feel that she is mounted upon a wheel she can depend upon.

Call and see them. We have them in Ladies' and Men's in different colors, and it will pay you to get a catalogue and read the specifications.

T. P. Boulger, 115 Central Street.



Fifty Cents Per

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

stop forever all wearing drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system; makes every organ act and causing you to sleep and digest with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it. The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and for... Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, ... Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, goodes gold ... PALMO DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WHITE EASELS WITH TEA.

A new lot of easels have arrived and we will continue to give them away with a pound of 60c. Tea, while they last. Dickson Bros., Teas, 68 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star French and German lines, Sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

Estey Parlors, 145 Merrimack street, for Piano Bargains.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson St. Telephone, 429-4.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

One Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine, only $23. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

This is a time of trial. Rourke & Sullivan's coal will stand the test. Telephone, 984 Gorham street.

MAY 14TH IS QUARTER DAY AT THE WASHINGTON SAVINGS BANK. 4 PER CENT.

If you use Flue Lining in your chimneys, you know they are safe. W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street, sells it.

PRIMARY TEACHERS.

The Primary Teachers' union will meet this afternoon in the vestry of the Paige Street Free Baptist church, at 4.30 o'clock. Rev. Joel Leonard, Ph.D., of Melrose will deliver an address on "The Pastor's View of Primary Work."

MURRAY CLUB OFFICERS.

The adjourned annual meeting was held at the home of Rev. C. E. Fisher last evening, and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Arthur D. Gilbert, president; Miss Helen Bradford, vice president; Blanche Fife, secretary and treasurer.

FIFTH ANNUAL RECEPTION.

The fifth annual reception of Joseph M. Fitzgerald's pupils was held last evening. An order of 22 numbers was danced.

After intermission a sword dance was splendidly executed by Mr. James Fraser, and was followed by a cake walk. Following are the names of the victors: First prize, Mr. Monohan and Miss Dupont; second prize, Mr. Robert Armstrong and Miss Lyons; third prize, Mr. Walsh and Miss Nettie Walsh.

The floor was managed by the following: General manager, Joseph M. Fitzgerald; assistant general manager, Oscar Civay; floor director, Charles Manuel.

BRANCH STREET CHURCH.

At the adjourned annual business meeting of the Branch Street Tabernacle held last night, the following officers were elected: Collector, James M. Butler; treasurer, Samuel G. Stephens; clerk, Chester L. Chamberlain; auditors, Miss Anna A. Leach, Miss Edzabeth V. Beale. The finance committee was re-elected as follows: W. F. Hills, S. G. Stevens, George A. Shields, James M. Butler, Frank T. Fletcher; music committee, Miss Anna A. Leach, Miss Mattie H. Baron, James R. Cove. The deacons were re-elected, viz: W. F. Hills, F. T. Fletcher, James R. Cove, James M. Butler. The standing committee consists of the pastor and deacons: Messrs. George A. Shields and William V. Babkirk, Miss Abbie M. Watson, Mrs. Georgianna Foss. Baptizing committee: Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Foster, Mrs. T. A. LaPorte, Mr. George H. Eaton, Mrs. E. T. Fletcher, Mrs. George A. Shields.

ANOTHER LOWELL BOY

FIGHTING FOR THE STARS AND STRIPES IN THE NAVY.

Every day discovers another Lowell boy in the United States navy ready to give battle to the Spaniards. This time is Russell Hand, the 19 year old son of Mrs. Sadie L. Hand. He has been in the United States navy for three years and during times of peace had a berth on the battleship Indiana. He is now on the Bancroft, from which he wrote to his mother the other day, stating that Schley's fleet will also defeat the Cape Verde squadron when they meet.

ANNUAL RECEPTION

OF PROF. ELVIN'S DANCING PUPILS LAST NIGHT.

The sixth annual reception and ball of Prof. William F. Elvin's pupils was held last night at the dancing academy on Dutton street.

The hall was tastefully decorated, the national colors being much in evidence. There was a large attendance. The grand march was led by Mr. Bertram Currier and Miss Maude Coffin, followed by about 75 couples.

The officers were: Floor manager, William F. Elvin; floor director, Nils Anderson; aids, Fred Osterhout, Hector Dunn, Bertram Currier, Norman Shorey, Charles Pitcher, John Shaw, and Joe Seddon.

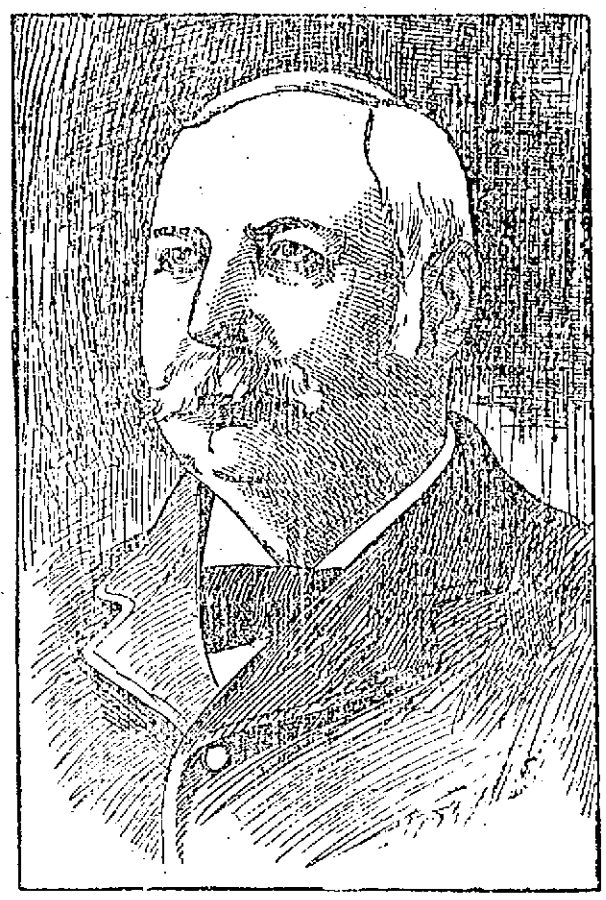
THE HIBERNIANS

LAST NIGHT HEARD REV. FR. SHEEHY AND VOTED TO PARADE.

The local divisions of Hibernians held a union meeting at their hall last night and voted to turn out in regalia today to assist in the escorting of the local militia to the depot. Remarks were made by Messrs. O'Sullivan and O'Neil, relative to today's parade after which Rev. Fr. Sheehy of Limerick, Ireland, known as Ireland's Soggarth Aroon, delivered an interesting discourse on Hibernianism. The distinguished visitor is possessed of a fine voice and the history of his native country has been his study for years. Because he, by voice and pen, resented the oppression of his countrymen in Ireland, he was thrown into prison by the English authorities where he sat side by side in the same cell with Charles Stewart Parnell. Fr. Sheehy will deliver a lecture in Associate hall, Sunday, May 8.

First class job printing done at this office.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 21 MERK ST.



MAYOR BENNETT, Who Headed the City Government in Line.

NOTES FROM CAMP

Military Captains Rejected at Framingham.

A MOST RIGID EXAMINATION ENFORCED.

Lowell Companies Will Not Suffer This.

The companies at Framingham have been surprised by the rejection of some of their officers whom they supposed to be all right and this for the slightest cause, such as defective teeth or something not more serious.

On Wednesday, five companies were examined and almost all the line officers of the Second were before the surgeons. As a result, two captains and three lieutenants will return to their armories and join the home guard.

Although it was not stated why these men were rejected, the heart and the lungs had considerable to do with the decision of the surgeons. The rejections of enlisted men will not go over 15 per cent. today, and this is considered a remarkable showing, considering that the men of the Second had not been subjected to a medical examination by their regimental surgeons previous to coming to camp.

All the forenoon, the recruits of the various companies were out on the field. At 12 o'clock, the Ninth Infantry marched on to the field. The boys of the Second lined up at the end of their company streets to welcome their comrades in arms. The regiment marched directly to quarters and immediately Col. Converse issued the blankets and other camp equipments.

Immediately the regiment was settled in quarters, Col. Bogen summoned the captains of each of the twelve companies and gave orders for the examinations. It is expected that the Ninth Infantry will show a less percentage than that of the Second, because every man in the regiment has been examined within the past few week by the surgeons of the regiment.

While very little work of a military character has been performed since the troops arrived they have been taught several object lessons which will long be remembered, especially by the officers in choosing men for their respective companies. Hereafter it is safe to say none but able-bodied men will be enlisted in the M.V.M. Men over whom fears were shed by their relatives who thought the men were going direct to Cuba to fight the hated Spaniard, will return to become a member of the home guard, rejected for physical disability.

Many of these men should never have volunteered their services and caused their relatives unnecessary suffering as they must have known that they could not pass the physical examination.

Company F of the 9th Infantry is undoubtedly the best fixed company for a long campaign on the field, thanks to the loyal citizens of Lawrence. Each man is supplied with a pair of common sense shoes, stockings, under clothing, two blue flannel shirts and numerous other useful articles which will come in handy if they are sent to the front.

Company M of Lowell got a rousing send-off by Lowell citizens, but it was not favored by orders for equipment by the city as was the Lawrence company but yet it is well prepared for the service.

The boys of the 5th feel justly proud of the remarkable demonstration at the camp as in Boston and will cherish with pleasure the sprig of green presented to each member on their departure for "the front" by City Forester Dougne.

The strength of the Second Infantry today was as follows: Field and staff 16, Company A, 6; B, 75; C, 75; D, 76; E, 75; F, 75, G, 76; H, 71; I, 81; K, 75; L, 76; M, 76; total, 925.

The details for guard mount of the Second was Capt. William J. Crosier, officer of the day; Lieut. William L. Young of Company D, officer of the guard. For the Ninth, Capt. J. Moynihan of Company F, officer of the day; and Lieut. Crane, officer of the guard.

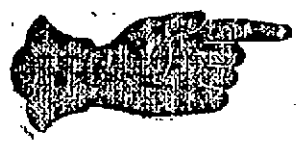
MIDDLESEX COMPANY vs. McCUE.

This was one of the suits in equity brought by Prentiss Webster to settle the title and boundaries of the Middlesex company's pond in the Concord river. Charles Cowley brought it up before Judge Knowlton on Wednesday, and a final decree was entered establishing the defendant's right to the land and the plaintiff's rights in the pond pursuant to the decision made by the full bench of the supreme court.



SUPT. DAVIS of the Police Department.

A GREAT SEND OFF!



It was cheering to the Boys in Blue to receive such a tremendous Send Off. We know something of the feeling. We appreciate the "Send Off" given us in our attempts—Achievements—Successes in Great Mark Down Sales.

May the send off be as lasting with the "Boys" as with us.

We have always been in it—We hope they may.

A few more days of the **BIG SALE.** Fail ye not to pay a visit.

The following are (not Torpedo Destroyers) but price reducers. Make time and money by reading all items.

RIBBON VALUES.

A lot of Colored Silk Ribbons, worth 15c and 19c, for 5c a Yard.

Fancy Silk Ribbons, all kinds, a large assortment, worth 25c. A big send off at 9c Yd.

A lot of Fancy and Plain Colored Silk and Satin Ribbons, worth 39c. Big reduction, ain't it, only 15c a Yard.

KID GLOVE VALUES.

160 dozen 4-button and Foster Lacing Kid Gloves that were $1.00, in all shades and black, for only 49c a Pair.

240 dozen two-clasp real kid gloves, in tans and blacks, all the new spring colorings, always $1.25, now only 79c a Pair.

Two-clasp and Foster lacing real kid Gloves, always $1.50. We are giving great values though, so down they go at 98c a Pair.

CORSET VALUES.

Three tremendous bargains in Corsets for today and tomorrow.

One lot of Corsets, slightly and muchly soiled, worth as high as a dollar a pair, for a smally price, viz., 29c a Pair.

CORSET VALUES.

Some $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.25 Corsets, principally the popular American Lady Makes, but other good makes, all go in for a send off at 69c a Pair.

One lot of Corsets, not so much damaged as the first lot, a superior lot that will, no doubt, delight our customers at 49c a Pair.

INSIDE SKIRT VALUES.

Some of these were wet through and through, it simply proved their superior materials as they stood the test grandly.

One lot of Skirts in Fancy Checks and Stripes, also black satine, good dollar values for 79c.

Near Silk Skirts, in fancy checks, plaids, etc., also black Henrietta, with double flounce, a great bargain at $1.23.

One lot, some damaged a little—price damaged much. A reduction has been made of as much as a dollar on a skirt—Moreens, Lastings, etc., in circular flounce, only $1.98.

GENT'S FURNISHINGS.

Men's Fine Balbriggan Underwear, finished seams ribbed Skirt, only 49c. Shirts and drawers.

Men's Fancy Outing Shirts, a great variety, worth much more money, nevertheless, they go at 49c.

Men's Golf Hose in all the new weaves and designs, been sold at 50c, etc., now they are 25c a Pair.

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

We have been fortunate in securing another lot of Misses' and Children's Reefers at a tremendous reduction from the regular prices for cash. This means that on Saturday morning will be offered a full line of Garments, in sizes from 2 to 14, at exactly 50c on the dollar.

SHIRT WAISTS.

The grand opening of Shirt Waist season will be remembered by the following bargains:

1 lot Fine Percale and Linen Waists at 25c.

1 lot Fine Lawn and Linen Waists, detachable collars, 49c.

1 lot Fine Gingham and Fancy Trimmed Waists, 98c.

THESE ARE GREAT DAYS AT

THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS COMPANY, HUSTLERS.

SUDDEN DEATH.

OF MRS. FRED C. MILLER OF WESTFORD STREET.

Betsey E. Miller, wife of Fred C. Miller, the well known architect, died at their home, 479 Westford street of apoplexy Thursday afternoon at twenty minutes past 1 o'clock. Mrs. Miller was in the best of health in the morning but was stricken with the fatal shock at 8 o'clock and died as above stated. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband, Fred C. Miller; three sons, Fred C. Miller, Jr., of Pittsfield, George S. Miller U. S. C. E.; and Royal F. Miller, one daughter, Bertha M. Miller of this city besides a very aged mother.

GREAT AUCTION.

A very large stock of Groceries, Teas, Coffees, etc., at 378 and 382 Broadway, will be sold at auction to the highest bidders Friday and Saturday, May 6th and 7th, commencing at 2 p. m. and will continue each afternoon and evening. All goods must be taken away by Monday, as the store must be vacated on that day.

—Joseph Rutherford, Auctioneer.

Fine job printing done at this office.

REMEMBERED BY HIS FRIENDS.

Frank M. Iby, who has been employed in Pilling's shoe shop, was yesterday presented a purse of about $100 my his fellow workmen. Mr. Iby who is going with Company G, is the only man from Pilling's factory to volunteer.

James H. Pearson and Henry Hopkins of Company G received purses of about $40 from their associates in Lamson's shop.

A subscription was taken up in the Bleachery yesterday for a bouquet to Captain Carr, an overseer there. It was presented to him in the parade this morning.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, SATURDAY, MAY 7.

Sun rises—4:32; sets, 6:50.

Moon rises—9:08 p. m.

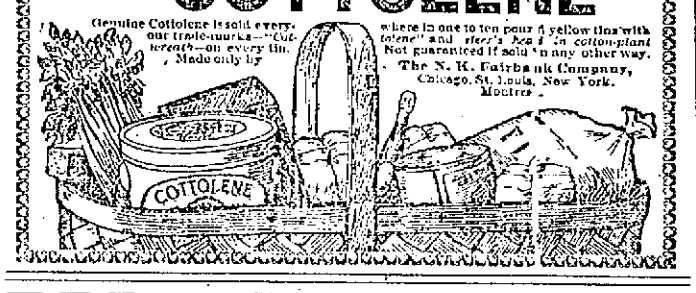
High water—12 noon; 12 night.

It will probably be slightly cooler Saturday, but there is promise of clearing weather during the evening and night, and the conditions now seem favorable for fair weather, more sunshine and warmer temperatures Sunday, with high to fresh westerly winds.

That Can

marked **Cottolene**, contains the shortening that makes everything else in the market basket more fit for food. It is the sign of a healthy household, where lard has been thrown aside; wherein thrift and good living and freedom from dyspepsia result from the use

OF **COTTOLENE**



Genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in one to ten pound pails with trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Montreal. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way.

TEETH

No Charge For Extracting

$5 to $10 a Set

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $10 and $15 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial Teeth without plates; also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted—to need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Not open Evenings

DR. W. J. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists, Room 324, 25, 27, Bursley Bldg., cor. Merr't & Bridge

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS

High Class Garments a Specialty.

Excellent material and good work for little money.

New styles added to our stock daily. Prices from $4.95 up to $22.50.

Suits and Bicycle Skirts made to order.

SPECIAL VALUES IN BLACK SATIN DUCHESSE

21 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $1 a yard, at 69c.

24 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $1.25 a yard, at 79c.

27 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $1.50 a yard, at 89c.

23 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $1.75 a yard, at 98c.

23 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $2 a yard, at $1.25.

CREDIT TO ALL

The rather cool weather during April has left us with more goods on hand than we care to have. Shivering days these—too cold to be without a jacket or wrap of some kind. We will give you a chance the next two weeks to buy one at a big reduction in price and terms.

JACKETS, CAPES, TAILOR-MADE SUITS, BICYCLE SUITS, SILK WAISTS, TRIMMED HATS,

All marked down. Every garment at your disposal for a little down and a little each week.

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDRENS' CLOTHING, SPRING OVERCOATS.

They are yours for your simple promise to pay us a little something every week. When you trade with us you needn't do much thinking. There is only one kind here and that's the best. It's so natural that we must give you the best. Your bill comes due gradually, there is plenty of time to test our statement

Caesar Misch

78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.

YOU CANNOT BEAT IT THE BICYCLE WE OFFER AT $25

It's listed at $50.00. Our stock is large, we want to turn it into money and have cut the price in two. Don't buy until you visit

RING'S BIG STORE,

221-229 DUTTON STREET.

S. T. Farrell

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY'S

GREAT LEADERS.

Ladies' Fast Black and Tan Seamless Hose, worth 19c., only **10c.** pair.

Ladies' Stainless Black Hose, ribbed and plain, with double sole, heel and toe, worth 25c., only **12 1-2c.** pair.

Men's Bedford Half-Hose, the greatest sock of the day, worth 25c., only **12 1-2c.**

Men's summer weight Merino Shirt and Drawers, fine quality, only **25c.** each.

Boys' Fast Black School Hose, with double knee, heel and toe, only **12 1-2c.** pair.

See our stock of LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS and WRAPPERS before buying elsewhere, it will pay you.

110 and 112 Merrimack, Formerly Central Street.

THE ONLY ONE.

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full telegraphic day service of the Associated Press by its own operator in its its own office. That's why it leads all its local rivals in the latest war news.

THE LOWELL SUN

SECOND HAND PAPERS.

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot, you must buy The Lowell Sun.

21ST YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

THE SOLDIERS' FAREWELL

Was One of the Greatest Events in Lowell's History.



COL. C. A. R. DIMON, Chief Marshal of the Parade.

Thousands and Thousands Accompanied The Departing Soldiers to Their Train and the Enthusiasm and Excitement Exceeded Anything Ever Seen in This Patriotic Community.

This was the greatest day in Lowell's history.

There may be one greater one and it will be when the gallant soldiers, who today went to the war, return, having seen active service.

Lowell's two companies of the Sixth Regiment, emulating the example of the Old Sixth, the regiment of Ladd and Whitney, departed to the front and patriotic Lowell turned out by the thousands to do them honor.

Though the arrangements were speedily made and, in fact, not completed, the departure of the troops excels anything in the history of the patriotic old state.

Everyone, all stations of life, all creeds and nationalities, were decorated with the national colors, while thousands of people with nothing else in common were this once akin and cheered long and loudly as the bell on the engine of the special train at the Northern depot shortly after 10 o'clock gave a sharp warning ring and the train moved slowly, taking the two companies to—time alone will tell. Perhaps only to South Framingham but probably to the Philippines or to Cuba.

As early as sunrise this morning the crowds began to assemble along the principal streets, to get points of vantage ere the immense throng collected. The favorite spots in the early morn were City Hall, gaily decorated in flags and bunting, and the Armory, where the soldier boys gathered betimes, speedily discarding their heavy overcoats and rolling them up to carry on their knapsack as the delinquent sun warmed and dried the dripping streets.

One of the first men on deck was old Mr. J. P. Searles, the only living survivor of the Mexican war, who as early as 7 o'clock was out with a large American flag inquiring of Chief Marshal Dimon as to the parade.

He was given a prominent place in the line.

Then the different marching bodies began to gather within the shadow of the monument to the memory of Ladd and Whitney, and many a man who marched into line doffed his hat to the granite shaft as memory took him back to a similar, but much less elaborate event in the dark days of '61.

Owing to the fact that several of the bodies in line had neglected to notify the chief marshal of their intention to parade, there was some confusion in getting formed, the line extending from the corner of Market and Dutton street up almost to the corner of Merrimack and Suffolk streets. Shortly before 9 o'clock, the column, with its several thousand organized men and thousands of civilians in the rear, was ordered to move, the bands simultaneously striking up each a patriotic air that roused to the cheering pitch the enthusiasm of the assembled multitudes.

Then the immense column, the like of which never before has been seen in Lowell, moved along Dutton street in indifferent order, depending upon a chance at the armory to countermarch and get into regular formation.

Up over Thorndike street hill they went, past the depot, now alive with cheering and flag-waving humanity to Westford street and the armory, where with but little delay, it marched back again in the following order.

FORMATION OF PARADE.

The formation of the parade is as follows:

Mounted officers—Messrs. Walsh, Sparks, Whitney and O'Connell.

Chief marshal, C. A. Dimon, assistants, Col. A. M. Chadwick, George L. Hubbard; chief of staff, Capt. Charles H. Kimball.

Aids—Commander S. G. Smiley, Alderman Rivet, E. G. Foss, Dr. Downs, George W. Pattee, Rev. Dr. Chambre, Capt. J. C. Hill, Capt. C. H. Coburn, Dr. George E. Pinkham, M. G. Parker, Col. James Francis, A. L. Bacheller, Hon. E. J. Noyes, H. S. Cushing, Major C. H. Stott, Capt. George D. Kimball, C. O'Donnell, P. Gilbride, J. V. Keyes, Gardner King, J. V. Keyes, H. L. Williams, Herbert V. Hunt, C. F. Callahan, Alexander Abels, C. Holmes, C. E. Mitchell, C. A. Spencer, Richard Welch, George F. Stiles, Capt. J. P. Thompson, Major E. T. Rowell, Capt. James T. Smith, Dr. H. G. Smith, Dr. F. C. Plunkett, Col. George J. Carney, J. R. Fulton, Joseph Smith, E. B. Conant, Charles E. Carter, Joseph Bennett, H. K. Gates, T. P. Boulger, H. C. McOsker, Hon. C. D. Palmer, Cyrus Irish, Frank W. Sherburne, William J. Viney, Gen. Adelbert Ames, Rev. J. G. Craig, Lieut. Geo. E. Worthen, John J. Burns, Joseph Sweeney.

Naval Veterans, with flag, Capt. E. A. Robinson.

Borjes' Military Band.

Police Department, headed by Police Commissioners Faulkner, Rice and Brady, escorting His Honor, the Mayor, members of the city government, and city officials.

Delegation of Newspaper Men.

Survivors of the old Sixth Regiment, Major Thomas O. Allen, Col. A. Pindar, Captain D. Moody Prescott, M. V. M. Libbey and Frank Calvert, Capt. Jim Eddie Hill.

Fire Department, commanded by Chief Hosmer.

Post 42, G. A. R.

Lowell Military Band.

Post 120 on right side and Post 185 on left side of the street, carrying national colors, and forming a hollow square in which marched:

Past commanders and past members of Putnam Guards, with Mr. Putnam leading; volunteers for the war, of the Putnam Guards; past commanders and members of Company C followed by Company C volunteers for the war.

National Band.

High School Regiment.

Cadet Col. Charles Wilson; Cadet Reg. Adj. Arthur Butler; Cadet Q. M., Alfred Kennedy; Cadet Reg. Sergt. Maj. Douglas Rivet, Cadet Q. M. Sergt. Timothy Coleman, Cadet Color Sergt. Arthur Kelly.

First Battalion—Cadets: Maj. Freder-

(Continued to Page Two.)

Teas at Wholesale—We have a large stock of Teas and Coffees on hand and would like to have you get our prices before purchasing. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street, Tel. 674-2.

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office and Stables, Market St. Cor. Worthen.

Hood's Pills

Cure sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, gas in the stomach, distress and indigestion. Do not weaken, but have tonic effect. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

New Upright Piano to be Given Away

to the party possessing oldest piano in Lowell. Our Jacob Doll Pianos are the leading instruments of the age. A genuine article; factory prices; easy terms. For sale by Samuel Orr, No. 522 Merrimack street, Associate Building, Lowell, Mass.

FAREWELL

To the Brave Soldier Boys of Companies C and G, M. V. M.

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK.

THE FIRST WORD FROM DEWEY

Since He Demolished the Spanish Fleet at Manila Sunday.

The Lafayette a Large Naval Reserve Captured Near Havana for Trying to Enter the Harbor—Fear of Serious Complications With France Over the Capture.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, May 6.—On board the Associated Press despatch boat, Kate Spencer.—The big French liner, Lafayette of St. Nazaire, with a full complement of passengers, was captured off Havana shortly before sundown last night by the Minneapolis. The Lafayette was heading directly into Havana, and was captured only after an exciting chase. After being boarded by men of the Minneapolis, she again attempted to run the blockade, but was again compelled to heave to. The Wilmington, Newport, and Morrill participated in the capture. For over two hours Captain Hunter of the Minneapolis, the temporary flag officer, and Captain Todd of the Wilmington exchanged signals. After the examination of the Frenchman's papers had been made, a prize crew from the Annapolis was placed on board and she was sent to Key West, under the escort of the Wilmington. A very delicate international question is thought to be involved because of the long consultation which finally resulted in sending her to Key West. The fact that she was thought to leave Spanish ports after the declaration of war seems to be the warrant for holding her. On the question of contraband of war the officers of the Wilmington are reticent. The very large number of male passengers on board leads to the suspicion that she carried recruits for Havana.

It is reported that the Lafayette, in addition to being a regular French mail steamer is a French Naval reserve vessel mounting guns and carrying a crew sufficient to make her ready for active service at short notice. This, it is said, tdd considerably to the gravity of the international aspect of the case.

A BIG VESSEL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, May 6.—The Lafayette, which hails from St. Nazaire, France, is an iron vessel of 3394 tons gross register, 344 feet long, 44 feet beam and 28 feet depth of hold. She was built at Greenock in 1864.

GOING TO PORTO RICO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, May 6.—A Kingston, Jamaica, special despatch reports the sighting off the east coast of Cuba of four war vessels, supposed to be American. It is thought to be part of Admiral Sampson's squadron en route to Porto Rico.

ROOSEVELT MUSTERED IN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 6—Theodore Roosevelt was mustered in as lieutenant colonel today, Adjutant General Corwin administering the oath.

TWO MORE PRIZES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, May 6.—When sunrise this morning lifted, the regulations forbidding the entrance of vessels into Key West harbor during the dark hours, two little prizes were brought in. They were both Spanish fishing schooners, the Oriente and the Antonio Suarez. The Oriente was captured by the gunboat Helena off Havana yesterday. She was bound from Yucatan, for Havana with a cargo of dried fish and had been out thirty days on account of gales and contrary winds. The Helena put a prize crew on board and sent her in here. The Antonio Suarez was captured by the despatch boat Dinias. It is said she was signaling information to a French steamer as to where she could land without interference from the blockading fleet.

A NAVAL POWER

THE U. S. TO TAKE THE PHILIPPINES AND TAKE MORE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 6.—The policy of the government now seems to be to hold the Philippines and annex Hawaii. If the Canaries be captured with Porto Rico, the United States can give the former to England in lieu of her friendly feeling and her refusal to oin the European powers against this country.

CANARIES TO BE ATTACKED

The Board of Strategy Plans for Their Capture.

Great Britain Notified of the Intended Move — It is Done to Draw Spanish Fleet From Cadiz Porto Rico Will be Taken Tomorrow—Important News Expected From There by That Time.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, May 6.—A story is published here that the British admiralty has been advised by the Washington naval strategy board to remove British subjects from the Canary Islands, and it is added that this accounts for the second class British cruiser Charybdis being sent to Las Palmes and leads to the conclusion that Rear Admiral Sampson may attack the Canary Islands, which would either draw the Spanish fleet out of Cadiz or give the United States a naval base from which to attack Spain.

PORTO RICO TOMORROW.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 6.—It is expected in administration circles that Porto Rico will be taken by the United States before tomorrow. A cabinet officer said today that important news might be expected from Porto Rico Sunday.

ONLY WORD FROM DEWEY.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE SUN.

London, May 6.—A special despatch, dated Shanghai, purports to give Japanese reports of the fighting at Manila, is received via the Island of Formosa. It says that after disposing of the Spanish fleet and Cavite, Commodore Dewey bombarded Manila. The city, it appears, was soon on fire in many parts, the work, it is added, chiefly of the insurgents. Great loss of life is reported to have occurred among the Spanish residents of the city, but there is no statement of any loss on the American side.

CLOSE OF REICHSTAG.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Berlin, May 6.—The ceremony of the closing of the last session of the present Reichstag took place today in the white hall of the royal castle. The emperor in the speech from the throne, referring to the war between Spain and the United States, said: "The government will fulfill the duties involved by its neutral position; but it will, on the other hand, protect so far as possible, German navigation and commerce, from molestation or injury.

Fine job printing done at this office.

Money Deposited

on or before Friday, June 3d, in the SAVINGS DEPARTMENT of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from June 1st, at the rate per annum of 4 per cent. Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

Chas. J. Gliddon, Pres. Wm. E. Hills, Cashier.

Middlesex Street, Cor. Post Office Avenue

Putnam & Son.

Men's Blue Serge Suits

STRICTLY ALL WOOL.

FAST COLOR.

COATS PIPED WITH SATIN.

PERFECT FITTING.

$6.00

A SUIT.

PUTNAM & SON.

166 Central Street.



CAPT. ALEX. GREIG of Company C.

THE SOLDIERS' FAREWELL.

(Continued)

ick Barrows, Bat. Adj. Charles Littlehale, Sergt. Maj. Charles Stevens; Company F, Cadets: Capt. James Mudge, First Lieut. Dana Whipple, Second Lieut. Richard Walsh; Company D, Cadets: Capt. Thomas Kelly, First Lieut. Charles Kelley, Second Lieut. William Bagley.

Second Battalion—Cadets: Lieut. Col. Lloyd Haworth, Bat. Adj. Edward Gilley, Sergt. Maj. Hope; Company C, Cadets: Capt. Arthur McEwan, Lieut. Walter Bean; Company B Cadets: Capt. Thomas J. O'Donnell, First Lieut. Francis Murphy, Second Lieut. John J. Rogers; Company A, Cadets: Capt. Frank Dupee, First Lieut. Harold Varnum, Second Lieut. Geo. F. Lawson.

Lowell Cadet Band.
Letter Carriers.
Shaw Hosiery Employes.
Pilling's Shoe Shop Employes.
Lamson Consolidated Store Service Company.
Lowell Ministers.

Boys 'Brigade of the Highland Congregational church, in command of Rev. Mr. Merriam.

A. O. H., 100 men in command of John A. O'Hearn.

Mathews' Temperance Institute, 50 men in command of John Pinder.

Lowell Lodge Elks, Rollin W. Stickney in command.

Sons of Veterans.

Tally-Ho, containing lady-friends of Sergt. Lewis Hunton of Company C.

Citizens.

Patriotic Float Representing Uncle Sam on Horseback.

As the two companies with their regular complement of uniformed men and un-uniformed volunteers emerged from the armory to take their position within the hollow square formed as may be noted above, the crowd at the armory burst into the wildest applause which noticeably affected many of the brave young men in blue.

With little delay and terrific efforts on the part of the police to keep back the crowd which insisted upon shaking hands once more with the departing



1st LIEUT. THOMAS LIVINGSTON.

troops, down Appleton street, to Gorham street, to Central, to Merrimack, Dutton, to Thorndike, to the depot, the marching bodies proceeded amid enthusiasm that was indeed inspiring.

The scenes along the line described would take columns of space. Everywhere some new and distinct patriotic feature was presented by the crowds on the sidewalks. At St. Anne's church the chimes rang out patriotic airs, while the firemen on Palmer street, who were not in the parade, fired off a large cannon, adding to the noise and enthusiasm.

As the procession passed along Dutton street, they were greeted with cheers from the pupils of Notre Dame academy, while the bells in St. Patrick's church tower pealed forth their patriotism.

AT THE DEPOT.

But at the depot, the scene was most inspiring and though time may bring forth other events of unprecedented character, to the gatherings there, it is, nevertheless, extremely doubtful if ever the sight at that depot will be obliterated from their memory.

It was impossible to estimate the size of the crowds at the depot and in its vicinity. To place it at 25,000 is a conservative estimate. Thorndike street hill and below Middlesex street,



CHIEF HOSMER of the Fire Dept.

the tracks, depot and buildings in the vicinity, were choked with people and though the police fought with drawn clubs, they could not push the crowd back, which was packed tight from the building walls to the middle of the street.

By some rather dubious arrangement, the special train for the soldiers was backed across Thorndike street, blocking the passageway. Into it the soldiers passed in twos, amid the cheers and Godspeeds of the crowds. The engine and roofs of the cars were packed with cheering men who held their positions until after the train had moved out of the depot. It was intended to have some formal exercises such as a few selections by the united bands, but all formality was driven to the winds by the immense, unruly, sweltering taunting, screeching, patriotic multitudes which surged back and forward, as the waves of a mighty sea against the sides of the cars, each with a particular soldier boy to bid Godspeed.

Just before the train started, two men from the Taylor Roof Shingling company mounted the roof of the engine's cab and unfurled an immense American flag, which covered the entire cab. This action set the crowd's lung power loose and wild cheers drowned every other sound.

Then amid a momentary pause in the excitement, the bell on the engine rang. The boys on the train yelled "All Aboard!" As if from a mile away, came the faint notes of the "Soldier's Farewell" played by the St. Patrick's band, and the train began to move.

In another instant, no band, no engine were heard, but a mighty chorus of "Good-byes" "God bless you," "Good luck," and "Take care of Yourselves," rent the air and Lowell's gallant Sixth had started to defend its grand old reputation in maintaining its country's honor.

SOME DECORATIONS.

Some of the decorations along Central street: Tilton & Co. had a very fine window display, also a number of flags suspended from the building. The Prescott bank had flags, C. R. Hoyes & Co. had flags, and the Shattuck building had a pretty display of flags. Legault, the jeweller, had a very extensive display of bunting and flags. The Arlington hotel was nicely draped with bunting and flags. Putnam & Son had the front of their building beautifully decorated with flags and bunting. Bartlett & Dow and the Rockingham had a very pretty display. Cook, Taylor & Co. had the most extensive decorating of any one on the street; the entire length of the building from the first floor to the roof is decorated with bunting and flags. The Farragut House had bunting and flags suspended from the entire front of the building. The Washington House and Burbeck's restaurant made a very pretty display. On Appleton street, there was no particularly special feature in the way of decorations, but nearly every residence the entire length, from Gorham street to the armory, showed the patriotic spirit by suspending flags. From Thorndike street to Middlesex, there was a large display. The Wamesit bank building was entirely decorated; also the Stott block, Union market, Corey, the furniture dealer, and Geo. Enwright's wine rooms. One of the original features seen on the street was a man with a bicycle decorated with flags and wearing a red, white, and blue sweater. The Belvidere Hotel and Glidden's block on Middlesex street had a striking display of flags from every window on the entire building. The Mathews draped their hall in the Mansur Block, as did the Woolen Spinners of Bay State hall.

There was not a house along the entire route that did not display one or more flags if not bunting and other features.

THE LAST NIGHT.

The boys of Companies G, Sixth Regiment, had little of the armory to themselves last night.

Visitors came by the hundreds, then swelled the numbers into the thousands till they were wedged in the corridors and company room so tightly that progress was impossible. It was a crowd of young people.

Only at intervals in the big crowd could there be seen a man or a woman who might be termed of middle age. And they were strangers to the armory for they looked with a strange gaze upon everything in the big armory and seemed deeply interested in preparation for camp.

Some of them were guided by a young man in uniform, evidently their son, who explained to them everything that commanded their attention.

The great majority of the gathering were young ladies, sisters, cousins, and sweethearts of the "regulars." Many came expecting to see a drill, but neither of the companies was put through the manual, or the marching movements. And so the main points of interest were in the company rooms. Company G has its quarters on the first floor and during the entire night there was not a dull moment.

Over in one corner of the room a private, in uniform sat at the piano and played patriotic airs, while the soldier boys sung. Then they turned to sentimental ballads, battle hymns and later to the light coon melodies in which all joined. Captain Greig did not report at the armory up to 9 o'clock but the men were not anxious for they said, as they sat about packing their blankets and getting their uniforms in trim, "the captain will be here yet and a good cheer will greet him."

In the card room some of the men were engaged in a hand of whist, and others sat about and told stories of camp life to the recruits.

It was announced that the following men would go into camp with Company C:

Capt. Alexander Greig, First Lieut. Thomas Livingston, Second Lieut. Fred Costello, First Sergt. Colby T. Kittredge, Second Sergt. Victor J. Hosmer, Third Sergt. Arthur Ashworth, Corporal Otto S. Hahn, Corporal Gardner Pearson, Corporal G. E. Worthen, Jr., Corporal Walter P. Berry, Musician Francis Rigg.

Privates E. Lathrop Aldrich, Thomas Ashworth, W. H. Bagshaw, Jr., H. C. Bellamy, E. A. Barnes, Ezra J. Bowden, Frank Burns, B. W. Chandler, Ralph W. Clogston, Charles J. Duffy, C. L. Faneuf, Edward Flannigan, W. C. Gannon, W. E. Goodwin, Russell S. Goring, Maurice E. Hardy, John H. Kelsey, Archie McAuley, Alexander D. Mitchell, Rosco Miller, Carl F. Pihl, John Royal, William E. Savage, Herbert Savage, Arthur H. Tuttle, Algernon Varnum, B. L. Walker, Frank B. Wilcher, Jacob Ortzeicher, George W. Peterson, H. William Hatch, James Greig, Frank C. Douglas, Leslie J. Wisner, J. Victor Carey, Harry W. McQuesten, James Percy Maxfield, David T. Gifford, Fred G. Harmon, Albert E. Richardson, Fred Vondbury, William E. Cook, James McKenzie, George Dunlavey, Edmund Hutchins, Philip E. Abbott, Benjamin Baker, Samuel E. Regnier, Fred Nichols John B. Walker, William Davidson, Eben Sears, Charles E. Curtin, Arthur E. Garland, Charles H. Hill, Jr., Patrick Kiernan, John Bradley, George H. Connell, Charles S. Winslow, Frank E. O'Brien, Herman S. Walsh, Manuel Lonsa, Walter LaMountain, Thomas R. McNally, William A. Bainbrige, William H. Murray, John H. Hooper, John E. Lyons, Ira J. Savage, Thomas Kilderry, Sylvester F. Sullivan, J. Cavanaugh, James J. Quinlan, William F. Hackett, Fred N. Charland, David Frawley, Robert C. Dexter, Jacob E. Moseek, George E. Tracey, Charles W. Ryan.

Upstairs Company G entertained many of its friends in the room on the second floor. Captain Carr was examining the helmets and overlooking the company's property. "We will go into camp," said he "in excellent condition. We will have the quota and men to spare. My men, in fact the men in every company are anxious to go. It pleases us immensely to see the way the people of Lowell are treating us and the preparations they are making to send us off. That public feeling that is behind us is enough to buoy up any company. I have the men selected who will go into camp."

Then the captain presented the following list of names:

Captain Edward B. Carr; First Lieut. William Fairweather, Second Lieut. George S. Howard, First Sergt. Lewis G. Huntoon, Second Sergt. George H. McNamara, Third Sergeant George R. Colwell, Fourth Sergt. Frank A. Boyle, Fifth Sergt. Fred C. M. Silk, Corporal Pearl T. Durrell, Corporal William E. Golden, Corporal Murdock McKinnon, Corporal Fred B. Barris, Corporal Bernard E. French, Corp Frank Dodge.

Privates Harvey M. Aldrich, Edwin G. Baker, Arthur Boucher, Richard J. Barton, Arthur Boucher, Ralph A. Brackley, George H. Brock, Jenbert W. Bull, Samuel Rushy, Curtin E. Bonham, Arthur A. Bourden, John A. Caldwell, George W. Carey, Joseph Crawford, Peter Courtney, Thomas F. Connors, Forrest W. Durant, Patrick H. Driscoll, Thomas W. Doyle, Calvin H. Druel, Levi Demange, John A. Delmore, John Dempsey, William J. Goodwin, John J. Gair, Armene Grenier, Richard Gibbons, John T. Guyette, Frank D. Green, George W. Halpin, George A. Hartley, Daniel M. Hayes, Fred G. Huntoon, William F. Hunt, Henry Hopkins, John H. Heineghan, Alfred Harnois, Wilfred Hebert, Frank M. Ibey, Jeremiah Leary, John Low, Daniel B. Lynch, William H. Longell, Thomas F. Muldoon, Waldo F. Miles, John J. Maguire, Herbert C. Mason, Frank J. Munroe, William F. Mervin, Hugh Maguire, Judson A. Phillips, Calvin F. Prince, James H. Pearson, William H. Pelker, Charles J. Spaulding, Joseph Sanson, George H. Sanderson, Samuel A. Strong, Cornelius J. Sullivan, Burton L. Upham, Harry L. Young, Forrest P. Weeks, Patrick H. Wallace, Ernest Waltham.

Armorer Carr had quite a time handling the big crowd at the armory and he said that in the early part of the evening he was obliged to shut the gates for a while, so great was the crush.



CAPT. E. B. CARR of Company G.

A $200,000 FIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cincinnati, O., May 6.—Mauss Bros. and Wolffe Bros' shoe factories at seven stories, were burned this morn Seventh and Sycamore streets, each ing. The loss is estimated at $200,000.

DEATHS.

KIERNAN—John Kiernan, an old employe in point of service of the street department, died yesterday at St. John's hospital, aged 42 years. He is survived by his wife, father, three brothers and three sisters. The funeral will be announced later.

VARNUM—Gertrude May, daughter of Daniel and Annie Varnum, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 597 Bridge street, aged 19 years. Besides her parents, she is survived by one brother, a Dartmouth College student.

GIBBYNS—H. M. Gibbyns, aged 4 years, died Wednesday, at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gibbyns, 5 West Fourth street.

LARKIN—Winnifred, the 19 year old daughter of John and Mary Larkin, died Wednesday evening at her parent's home in North Chelmsford.

FARREY—Mary Farrey, an old resident of Tewksbury, died Wednesday night at her home in that town, aged 75 years.

FUNERALS.

GIBBONS—The funeral of Henry Gibbons, son of Edward and Norah Gibbons was held yesterday afternoon. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

SHORT—The funeral of the late Edward Short will take place from St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

FARREY—The funeral of Mary Farrey took place this morning from the Sacred Heart church at 9.30 o'clock. There was a large attendance. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

The Sons and Daughters of Maine held a regular meeting in Union hall last night and initiated six new members.

Members of Centralville Lodge, the Daughters of Rebekah, were entertained at the residence of F. J. Fleming in High street last evening.

Lady Franklin Council, Daughters of Liberty, gave a box party in Odd Fellows' hall last evening. C. C. Curtin was auctioneer and war prices were obtained for the offerings.

After the serving of refreshments there was dancing. The committee in charge was as follows: G. C. Currier, chairman; A. G. Long, William Prescott, Asa Hiliard and William Ferris.

Dewey Council, No 1, of the United States Indemnity Society was organized in Post 185 hall last night.

The officers elected were: P.C., W. J. Hardy; V.C., H. V. Kittredge; recorder, John Parker; warden, C. H. Molloy; local secretary, James Magee.

BROKE HER LEG.

Katie McGarrell slipped and fell in Middlesex street yesterday and fractured her right leg. She was taken in the ambulance to St. John's hospital.

Why is it that nearly all aged persons are thin?

And yet, when you think of it, what could you expect?

Three score years of wear and tear are enough to make the digestion weak. Yet the body must be fed.

In Scott's Emulsion, the work is all done; that is, the oil in it is digested, all ready to be taken into the blood. The body rests, while the oil feeds and nourishes, and the hypophosphites makes the nerves steady and strong.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Cures Every Form of Inflammation; INTERNAL as much as EXTERNAL.

The real danger from every form of sickness or accident is caused by inflammation. Cure the inflammation and you conquer the disease. Inflammation is manifested outwardly by redness, swelling and heat. Inwardly by congestion of the blood vessels, growth of unhealthy tissue, pain, fever and disease; as pneumonia, pleurisy, bronchitis, sore throat, chills, colds, croup, catarrh, chaps, all forms of sore throat, la grippe, neuralgia, muscular soreness.

SAFE SOOTHING SATISFYING

Originated by an old Family Physician in 1810. Could a remedy have existed for over eighty years unless it has cured many family ills? There is one a remedy in use to-day in Great Britain and the continent of the public to so great an extent as this Anodyne.

Our Book on INFLAMMATION mailed free; The Doctor's signature and directions on every bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Price, 25 cents. Six bottles, $5.00. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

"Best Liver Pill Made,"

Parsons' Pills

Positively cure biliousness and sick headache, liver and bowel complaints. They expel all impurities from the blood. Delicate women find relief from using them. Price 25 cts., five $1.00. Pamphlet free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston.

FEARFUL HAVOC

Played by a Tornado and a Waterspout.

THOUSANDS LEFT HOMELESS AND MANY KILLED.

Houses Floating in the Rushing Torrent.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Little Rock, Ark., May 6.—A special from Van Buren, Ark., says: Waterspouts and tornadoes have played havoc here and done hundreds of thousands of dollars damage. Three houses were blown down at Rudh, five miles east of here last night, and it is reported that Winslow, a summer resort on top of Boston mountain, is entirely gone. Two bridges on the 'Frisco road over Clear Creek, have been swept away and the road abandoned. Trains have run for two days around via Clarmore, Indian Territory and then down the Kansas and Arkansas Valley road but the latter had a two-mile washout and 300 yards of a landslide.

Van Buren is now entirely cut off, save by way of Little Rock. The Arkansas river is 25 miles wide in places and is now four inches higher than it was in 1892, which was the highest on record. At 11 o'clock last night, boats were busy in the bottom rescuing the inhabitants. Thousands were rescued and it is feared that many have been drowned. Two houses were seen going down the river, but the boatmen failed to reach them. Rain is falling in torrents and the end is not in sight.

Flags For the Reserve.

An auxiliary to the National Volunteer reserve has been organized by the colonel's daughter, Miss Norma Mayer. The members are making flags and "housewives" for the reserve.—New York Tribune.

WE PERMIT NO OVERSTATEMENTS

Some people consider deception an art. It may be, but it's an art we have no use for. Fair dealing is artistic enough for us. It makes new friends and holds old ones, and that's all we are after. The competition in clothing has never been so keen as this season, and we realize that only some extraordinary effort on our part will enable us to keep in the lead. This superhuman effort we are now making. We buy and sell for spot cash only. When same manufacturer needs money—and needs it quick—he knows where to come. The wonderful bargains which we are offering this week in

Blue and Black Serge Suits

is the result of the visit of one of them Each suit a gem of its kind. Each one head and shoulders above any bargain yet offered this season anywhere. Our price while they last is

$7.50.

This week will witness the liveliest suit selling Lowell has ever seen for a while. Just see us hustle.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Co.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

Dominion Line (U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer) BOSTON SERVICE

S. S. "CANADA" (New.)

8000 Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool:

SATURDAY, FEB. 19, 8.30 A. M.
SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 12, Noon.

Saloon passage $60 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations, $40.50; round passage, $72.57. Steerage passage $28.50.

PORTLAND-LIVERPOOL Service

S. S. Labrador sails Wednesday, Feb. 9th at 1 p. m. Vancouver on 16 Saturday, Feb. 12 at 1 p. m. Low passage rates. Saloon, $50. Second Cabin, $34 Steerage, $22.50. For passage, plans, etc., apply to company's office, 103 State St., Boston, or to local agents, Denis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, F. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

Hosiery and Underwear Sale Saturday.

Surplus stock of two very prominent manufacturers. Our hustling organization this week scooped some of the best things ever offered. A little more than

Half Price the Rule for Saturday

Ladies' and Children's Hose.

Boys' and Girls' Fast Black Cotton Hose, double heel and toe, regular price 8c.
Saturday's Price, 3 Pairs for 25c.

Boys' Ipswich Bicycle Hose, extra heavy quality, double heel and toe, 25c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 15c. Pair

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, double heel and toe, regular 15c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 8c. Pair

Ladies' fancy drop stitch and Maco Foot Hose, fast black, regular 20c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 12½c. Pair

Ladies' Royal Stainless Hose, in drop stitch and plain, high-spliced heel and toe, regular 33c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 17c. Pair

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, with Maco foot and extra fine gauze, high spliced heel and toe,
Saturday's Price, 21c. Pair

Boys' and Girls' two and one ribbed fast black Maco Cotton, with double knee, heel and toe, very elastic,
Saturday's Price, 17c. Pair

Ladies' AND Children's Underwear

Children's Jersey Vests and Knee Pants,
Saturday's Price, 12½c. Each

Boys' Jersey Vests in long or short sleeves,
Saturday's Price, 23c. Each

Ladies' Sleeveless or Short Sleeve Jersey Vests,
Saturday's Price, 12½c Each

Ladies' Jersey Vests, long sleeves, regular 50c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 33c. Each

Ladies' Silk Vests in an endless variety of colors, regular 75c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 49c. Each

Ladies' Bicycle Tights, black or Egyptian, double seat,
Saturday's Price, 50c. Pair

$30,000 Stock of New Furniture.

Which we advertised Wednesday contains some of the most extraordinary values ever offered in reliable up-to-date merchandise. If you need a piece or a set for your chamber, parlor, dining room, hall, or library, in fact any part of your house, come at once and see what you can find in this sale.

It is Positively a Great Money-Saving Sale for the People.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

LENGTH OF THE WAR.

Judge Thomas Mackey Thinks It Will Extend Over Three or Four Years.

Hon. Thomas J. Mackey of South Carolina, who was a captain of engineers in the Confederate army and did splendid service in the construction of the fortifications at Richmond and other points, was seen in Washington recently.

In 1860 he made a thorough examination of Morro Castle, and the plans thereof, drawn by him, are in the war department. Judge Mackey will no doubt go to Cuba in a very short time as an engineer in the United States army. In a conversation with a Washington Post reporter the judge took a very different view of the probable length of the conflict from that generally entertained.

"I think," said he, "that our war with Spain will extend over a period of three or four years and possibly much longer. To achieve final victory we will be forced to land an army on Spanish soil, and that will bring on the greatest battle in the annals of history. A quarter of a million of men will be engaged on either side. The taking of Cuba and Puerto Rico, instead of marking the termination of the struggle, will only be its inception, and the enemy is wise enough to have discounted the loss of this territory. Spain has a population of 19,000,000 and is a warlike race. Unless we administer a crushing blow on their own soil they will not stop fighting for the next 30 years."

DEVOTION OF A MOTHER.

Many Watched Her as She Marched Beside Her Soldier Son.

A sight for Spartan eyes was witnessed recently in Chicago when the first detachment of naval recruits from Chicago and Milwaukee marched down the smooth asphalt of Jackson boulevard to the Pennsylvania depot, en route for New York, to enter active service. Notwithstanding that the escort of 500 blue jackets of the Illinois naval reserve were showing a faultless drill, everybody watched one figure in black.

Right among the marching recruits and keeping close alongside of a strapping young fellow in a light overcoat, who was carrying a small traveling grip, was a woman of fully 60 years. She was dressed in mourning, and many a hurrah was hushed as people caught the first glimpse apparently of a widowed, gray haired mother personally taking her son into the rank and file of the boys in blue. She kept an arm around him and her head bowed, noticing no one else. Perhaps 20 other women and girls—mothers, wives and sweethearts—walked with the recruits, but the attention of the spectators followed only the lone woman in black till she was lost in the distance.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

ARMY NURSES IN ENGLAND.

They Undergo a Severe Training and Are a Part of the British Army.

"England does not agree with the United States that men are better nurses than women," said a member of one of the relief corps to a New York Tribune reporter recently. "A body of trained nurses would indeed be a valuable aid to the medical and surgical departments of our army and navy. In England the government established a training school where women were to be educated for the army nearly 20 years ago. The queen founded Netley hospital after Florence Nightingale's work in the Crimea.

"Nurses have to spend five or six years in training, which is exceedingly severe, and when they are graduated they wear a uniform and are a part of the British army. They must respond at a moment's notice, and with little baggage, to go to any part of the world where they are needed. They take the sufferers home from plague stricken lands and from battlefields and perform all the arduous duties of an army nurse's life. I wish we had such a corps in the United States. Some day the government will wake up to the need of it."

A Quick Fight to a Finish.

We must win, and the sooner the better. War is dreadful, but the United States is in it now, and there is only one thing to do, and that is to go through it and finish up the business as quickly and thoroughly as possible. Spain is the open enemy of this country, and there is just one way to treat a state of war—that is to carry it through to a state of peace.—Hartford Courant.

First class printing done at this office.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere, 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.

DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

Refrigerators AND BABY CARRIAGES

Are quite important factors to many households at this season of the year.

$7.00

Will buy a low Refrigerator, and

$4.50

Will buy a fine Baby Carriage.

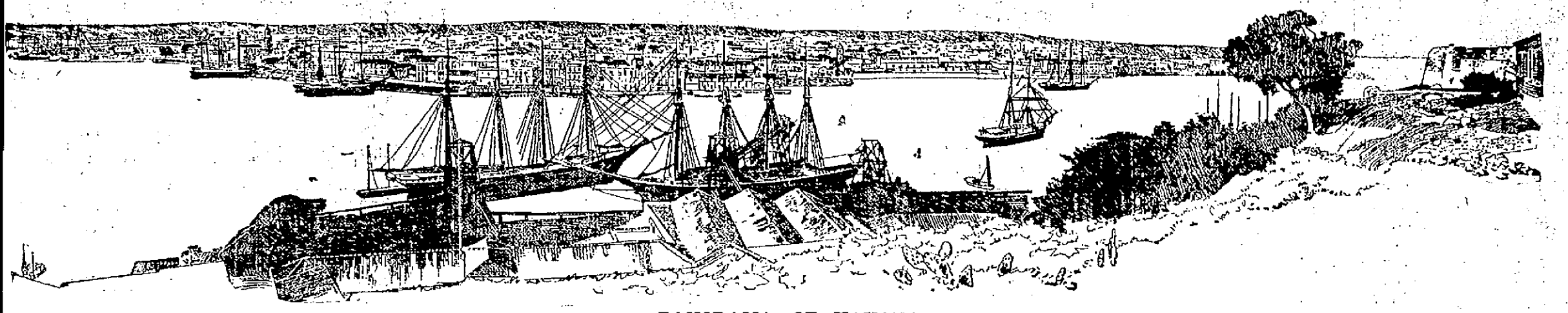
Where can you do as well? Let us go

INTO PARTNERSHIP

With you, in other words we will invest our time with you while you inspect our stock. You can lose nothing, with every opportunity to win. This is an offer you should look into.

GAYNOR & CO.,

35 PRESCOTT ST.



PANORAMA OF HAVANA.

WITH THE PARADE

Sights and Scenes Along the Line

THE IMMENSE CRUSH AT THE NORTHERN DEPOT.

Pathetic Incidents Attended the Departure.

With time and space at command we could write columns on sights and scenes in connection with this morning's unprecedented demonstration and yet leave many unwritten, for such a general co-mingling of people has never been witnessed in this city and it is doubtful if ever again it will be.

Besides the almost entire population of the city for every mill, workshop and business place had its help out, that was on the streets, Lawrence, Haverhill, the Chelmsfords, Tyngsboros, Dracut, Tewksbury, and other villages turned out in force, coming in on the electric cars, while the trains from places further away brought hundred of people.

The sun had hardly shown itself when the discordant cry of the street fakir with flags and souvenirs was heard along the streets and in a short time everyone had a flag, the streets presenting a most picturesque sight. After eight o'clock flags were at a premium and shrewd flag sellers, who had held their goods in reserve, made a fortune, demanding exorbitant prices and getting them.

Lest I omit some it is safest to state that every public or private place was decorated, though some were particularly attractive.

For instance at the depot, the Richardson House front was covered with an immense banner that has come down from the days of the civil war.

And speaking of hotels, the Belvidere on Prescott street was resplendent with over 100 American and Cuban flags, gracefully arranged along the front of the building.

Then on Merrimack street the Bon Marche, O'Donnell & Gilbride, Mrs. Johnson, the Merrimack Clothing company and other places were tastefully adorned.

Enthusiasm was rife all along the line but at Cook, Taylor & Co.'s building and the Bon Marche building in particular.

At the depot the scene was most exciting. As far as one could see the streets were blocked with people of all sizes and conditions of life. As the parade approached the car, they lined in the streets in open file to allow the departing companies to go between them uninterrupted by the crowds. But in so doing, they reckoned without their host, for immediately the crowd behind them got in front of them and in the general mix-up several companies were lost. Hon. John Welch's volunteers, were particularly unfortunate in this respect, for they were crowded out of line in the crowd at the curbing.

The crowds innumerable of children added greatly to the confusion, for they were under men's feet; under horses in fact, they were every place where they shouldn't have been. Several were badly trampled upon and many more rendered faint by the pushing of the dense throng. One of the band men stumbled over a little girl, who was thrown to the ground and picking her up, he was thrown down his instrument smashed and kicked into the crowd. He never saw it again.

At the alley in the rear of the Richardson House there came near being serious accidents. This alley afforded a place of refuge from the mass, and suffocating hundreds made a wild rush for it. In their rush they pushed a horse attached to a light carriage into the sidewalk, while several people were thrown under the animal's feet, though, fortunately the animal remained comparatively quiet. Several women were extricated from the entrance of the alley in a fainting condition.

A pathetic sight was noted at this point. In the midst of the crowd pushing toward the alley was an elderly woman bravely trying to move toward the cars. She was time and again carried back to the building walls and as she finally gave up the task, she sobbed "Oh, my poor boy, I won't be able to bid him good-bye," and she stood firmly wedged to the wall, watching through her fast-flowing tears the younger and more agile ones kissing their loved ones good-bye while she not 75 feet away from where her loved one probably scanned the sea of faces for her, was denied the comfort of a last good-bye. Even when the train started the friends of the soldiers were loathe to leave them and women remained upon the car platforms until they were quietly but firmly removed by the police.

As the train went away several of the soldiers mounted to the tops of the cars and when last seen were still on their perches, waving flags and hats to the girls they were leaving behind them.

A very pretty scene was enacted this morning at Dumas & Co.'s book bindery, when Private Francis Burns of Company C bade good-bye to his shopmates. He was the recipient of a handsome ring. The presentation was made by the foreman, Capt. Benton Mills of Company D, Second Regiment, Milford, N. H., who made some very appropriate and touching remarks. Private Burns was visibly affected, as were also his shopmates, who sent him off with three rousing cheers, a tiger, and Godspeed.

WORK SUSPENDED.

Mayor Bennett issued an order yesterday afternoon to close all city work today in honor of the departure of the soldiers.

Work was suspended in all the mills also while the procession passed.

POST OFFICE

RESULT OF THE RECENT EXAMINATION.

The result of the recent examination for clerks and letter carriers has been announced as follows

CARRIERS.

David A. Mahoney, 17 North street, 91.23.

George A. Jacobs, 232 Concord street, 88.10.

Walter B. Stewart, 54 South Whipple street, 87.45.

Arthur J. Brown, 18 Bourne street, 86.05.

Arthur H. Tuttle, 28 June street, 85.80.

Alexander S. Moir, 161 West Sixth street, 82.55.

Henry Trollope, 54 South street, 82.13.

Horatio H. Hilton, 966 Lawrence street, 80.53.

Patrick H. Rogers, 78 East Merrimack street, 80.43.

Eugene Mayrand, 67 Austin street, 78.38.

Dennis A. Donahue, 16 Merrill street, 76.45.

Frederick N. Tilton, 57 South Whipple street, 76.13.

Ralph A. Cullinan, 111 South Highland, 76.08.

Henry M. Driscoll, 314 High street, 74.15.

Albert B. Smith, 178 Tremont street, 72.98.

David M. Gillis, 339 Stackpole street, 72.70.

Horatio William Hatch, 24 Starbird street, 71.03.

Joseph H. Howe, 6 Appleton Corporation, 70.98.

CLERKS.

Charles A. Clough, 24 Nichols street, 91.35.

Samuel A. McPhetres, 868 Stevens street, 89.60.

John J. Phelan, 239 Gorham street, 87.60.

Napoleon O. Provencher, 27 Rogers street, 81.80.

John J. Farrell, 624 Walnut street, 80.55.

Henry J. Maguire, 91 Hastings street, 79.98.

Albert Bergeron, 325 Mammoth road, 79.45.

John Francis Golden, 203 Fletcher street, 78.28.

Elbridge B. Mansfield, South Chelmsford, Mass., 77.50.

George Leo Hunt, 5 Clark's court, 77.03.

Frederick B. Reed, 9 Elm street, 76.80.

Francis E. Maguire, 120 Charles street, 76.13.

Nathaniel H. McPhee, 168 Smith street, 75.13.

Edward B. Saunders, 58 Methuen street, 75.08.

Mark M. Powers 144 Hale street, 73.40.

George J. York, 7 Sagamore street, 73.33.

James W. Myers, 12 Barrington street 72.95.

John S. Palm, 25 Fay street, 72.43.

Harry P. Farley, 12 Hudson street, 71.05.

Edward J. Boyle, 58 Common street, 70.23.

HAD A HEMORRHAGE.

Mrs. Gannon, residing in the rear of 522 Lawrence street, was seized with a hemorrhage at the waiting station in Merrimack Square this morning. She was taken to her home in the ambulance.

LONG SENTENCE.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MAN GETS 49 YEARS FOR MURDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lancaster, N. H., May 6.—Thomas Monohan, was sentenced this morning to serve 24 years at hard labor in state prison for the murder of Joseph Gotche at Gorham, N. H., October 26, 1897, and a like sentence was imposed on the charge of murdering William Theis at the same time. The second sentence begins at the expiration of the first. Monohan is to pay the cost of prosecution.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Trousers, Shoes, Hats.

A strong list of bargains today. About 20 styles Men's Trousers in light, medium and dark shades. Usually sold $2.50 to $3.

$2.00 A PAIR

The Bacon Shoe is not put in competition with any ordinary $3 shoe. Compare it with the $4 and $5 shoes. The Bacon Shoe is guaranteed.

$3.00 A PAIR

The Uncle Sam Derby is our special block stiff hat, and it is the best hat ever made for the price, $2. It is guaranteed.

O'Hearn & Dowd

The Clothiers,

OLD POST OFFICE.

LABOR AND THE WAR

BUCHANAN ON THE ATTITUDE OF THE AMERICAN WORKINGMAN.

As a General Proposition Labor Loses All and Gains Nothing by War—In the Present Case There Are Unusual Elements. The Dude Stay-at-homes.

[Special Correspondence.]

Naturally everything excepting our immediate needs and the pressing affairs of one day at a time is lost sight of in the smoke and confusion of war. In this regard the labor movement is not an exception. While the unions continue to meet as usual and transact their business and the officials are not neglecting their routine duties, all is carried on in a perfunctory sort of fashion. Workingmen are not exceptional to the general run of citizens in times of great upheavals or calamities, and, like merchants and professional men, they are giving to their regular callings just enough attention to carry them on, while all their spare time is devoted to consideration of the war. Under these circumstances it is not likely that there will be much in the way of "labor disturbances" this spring and summer. If the war is protracted beyond first expectations and continues for months, possibly a year or more, there will undoubtedly be an extra demand for labor, and the reductions which under ordinary circumstances were to be expected during 1898 will probably not occur. War, with all its awful results and consequences, is a high price to pay for a temporary industrial peace, and it is likely to prove a bad bargain for the laborer viewed from any standpoint.

How does labor feel about the war? is a hard question to answer. It is difficult because of the varied and sometimes conflicting opinions expressed by the spokesmen of labor. These differences of opinion are traceable to variety in the make up of men, which is apparent among workingmen as among those in other walks. As a general proposition it can be safely stated that, considering only the native born population in the test, the percentage of patriots is higher among the wageworkers than can be shown by the business, professional or leisure classes. This truth has rather a singular appearance when it is remembered that labor has so little at stake in the country, but it is a truth nevertheless that in workshop, factory and store it is the wageworker and not the employer who is eager to resent an insult to the flag. It is the workingman who always comes to the rescue of the nation when it is threatened by a foreign foe; it is the workingman who stands in the trenches to be slaughtered for the honor and glory of his country. He it is who never counts the personal cost when the rallying call is sounded.

All this is known truth, and yet in recent years another spirit, a spirit of counter influence, has been working among the laborers of this country and of two or three European countries as well. Mudsill has learned to read, and the employment of this knowledge has inculcated the habit of thinking. His reading and thinking have caused him to doubt, and now out of the doubt has evolved the conclusion that the workingman is a fool to go to war to settle the quarrels of potentates or to protect the possessions which plutocracy has filched from labor. And Mudsill is right. If the men who create all the wealth of the country possessed some of it, if the home builders were the home owners, then it would be sound sense for them to endanger their lives, if necessary, to protect their homes. Do such conditions exist?

Then again Mudsill is sometimes heard muttering words like these: "Isn't this flag they are waving now and calling upon me to defend the same flag that the butchers of Homestead, Pullman, Brooklyn and Lattimer carried? Are not the militiamen with whom and under whom I am asked to serve those self same butchers? Have I any interest in common with the fellows who make wars, conduct them and generally get richer out of them?" Mudsill mutters and mutters, but nobody gives him a satisfying, reassuring answer to his query.

This dubious, doubting patriot might go further and inquire into the methods employed by his masters to raise the money to carry on war. He might read up on the subject of the civil war debt and learn how devilish sharks manipulate the legislative and executive branches of our government that they may lay tribute upon the children and widows of the men their wars sacrifice upon the altars of hate, jealousy and greed under the guise of patriotism. He would learn that in times of war scare or actual war the great men of the nation, the custodians of the country's honor (and all the tangible things besides) instead of rushing off to the enlisting office are busy at all hours arranging plans for the issuance of bonds. By this time Mudsill ought to know who pays government bonds, interest and principal. If he had the good sense, backed up by the right kind of courage, he would say, "Not a shot will I fire, not a step will I march, unless the government absolutely throws over the bond scheme and adopts the honest, just and scientific system of issuing money that will not place my children and grandchildren in slavery to the usurers of the world." But Mudsill hasn't sense enough to vote that way, to say nothing of fighting that way. He'll know more anon if he doesn't get killed in battle or starve to death fighting for a crust in the industrial war.

To come down to the present. There are reasons why the laborer's attitude may differ at this time from that he has taken toward wars generally. In these reasons are found the causes for the differences of opinion that exist among the workingmen of the country at this time. The conflict between the United States and Spain is conceded to be, so far as we are concerned, upon higher ground than the customary casus belli. While, so far as the rulers, political and financial, are concerned, the bond and the dollar are at the bottom of the whole trouble, the rank and file of American manhood are arrayed against the cruel domination of Spain over Cuba. Add to this the anger inspired by the treacherous destruction of the Maine and the sailor boys that went down with her in Havana harbor, and you will find why intelligent, progressive workingmen are found on the side of war at this time. It would be a hopeful sign if it could be shown that labor was for war in the present case because it had arrived at the decision that the overtaxed Cubans should be freed from the burden of debt that has been laid upon them to support a lazy, dissolute royalty and to enrich the blood sucking usurers of continental Europe. If with the cry of "Cuba libre!" could be coupled "Confusion to debt slavery!" then there would be cause for rejoicing. If American workingmen could be brought to fight to free the debt ridden slaves of Cuba, they might, while they had their hand in, be induced to say to the Shylocks of the United States treasury and Wall street: "No more bonds! No more mortgages on the future results of my toil and the toil of my children, or, by the Eternal, I'll show you I can fight as fiercely for my own as for the oppressed of another country!" But this hope is as pale and unstable as the smoke that now floats up and away from my pipeful of long cut.

In the meantime labor will be less and less divided on the question of the present war as hostilities continue, and, as usual, it will do the fighting for the flag—and pay the bondholder interest for 50 years after the war is over.

It is some consolation to know that in the first selection of militiamen from New York to go to the front three famous dude, striker shooting regiments were elected to stay at home. These were the Seventh of New York, the Twenty-third of Brooklyn and the Seventy-fourth of Buffalo. At this writing there are two opinions as to the failure of these regiments to be among the volunteers. One story is that they hadn't the nerve to go to the front where they would probably have to stop bullets as well as launch them, and failed to respond to the president's call in sufficient numbers to warrant the ordering out of their regiments. The other story is that the war department decided that it wanted soldiers and not cotillion leaders for the campaign in Cuba. Some evil minded wretch started a story around the armories of New York that the Spaniards had guns and knew how to use them; that they wouldn't be such soft marks as the strikers of Brooklyn and Buffalo proved to be.

JOS. R. BUCHANAN.

Old and Reliable
Cures Colds Quick

For over forty years it has been used and proved to cure the most stubborn lung or bronchial colds. It soothes and heals quickly, preventing serious development. It does not upset the stomach.

MASTA'S PULMONIC BALSAM.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

FROM MAINE TO CALIFORNIA.

The household remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumption, is Cleveland's Lung Healer. It has won its place upon its merit and it has given such universal satisfaction that we recommend to all our friends and customers to use it. Call and get a free trial bottle. Large size, 25c.

Respectfully,
F. H. Butler & Co.
255 Central and 391 Middlesex Sts.

THE FATAL INFLUENCE OF AL-

Call at The Sun office when you are in want of rent receipts. We have them put up in book form, one hundred receipts to a book, at 25 cents each.

Fine job printing done at this office.



"We don't want to fight, but by jingo if we do,
We've got the ships, we've got the men, and we've got the money, too."

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN R. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of The Associated Press.
Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

A FACT



The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers printed in Lowell, morning or evening. It has double the circulation of all the other evening papers in Lowell combined.

On the basis of circulation, its advertising rates are much cheaper than those of any other paper in Lowell.

For news, for illustrations, for enterprise, and for advertising it is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.



Rear Admiral Sampson, it is your turn.

Will General Miles not get a chance to show his fighting qualities?

It seems to be the plan of the government to end the war without invading Cuba. That would be almost as cruel as one of Weyler's trocha proclamations.

The commanders of the army and navy have apparently decided not to notify Spain of their plan of campaign by giving it to the press. There has been too much publicity in the affairs of the war and navy departments.

There is deep sympathy everywhere for the relatives of the brave seamen who fought with Dewey at Manila. The suspense they have had to bear since the battle on Sunday morning is very severe.

It is to the disgrace of Ex-Minister Phelps that the friends of Spain in London have been printing quotations from his speeches against his own country in order to create a sentiment in favor of Spain. Phelps has always proved himself to be an English flunky of the worst type.

The Associated Press has secured several fast boats for the purpose of obtaining the news of the war at the different points at which the fleet or the army may operate. As The Sun office is the headquarters for the Associated Press in the afternoon, the public who buy the various editions of this paper can be assured of all the latest news from the seat of war.

The Hawaiian government has offered the use of the island to the United States government as a base of supplies in the Pacific pending the settlement of the war. It seems that President Dole is determined to force his little island upon the United States whether we want it or not. The offer in the present case, however, is duly appreciated and will probably be accepted.

The people of this country have reason to believe that the government has determined to seize Porto Rico at the earliest moment, possibly today. This would make a valuable base of supplies for the United States fleet, and it would take that necessary resource from the Spanish fleet. When the island of Cuba is granted its own independence, it may perhaps be placed under an American protectorate, and if so, the island of Porto Rico would be a very valuable acquisition for the United States as a stratagetic point in defending Cuba against future attacks.

The arrangement said to have been effected between the United States and England providing that the latter will stand by the United States against a movement on the part of certain European powers to end this war prematurely in the interests of Spain, is one that will render the United States secure in seizing the Spanish colonies. Spain will no doubt make a piteous appeal for intervention and peace after she has suffered another defeat like that administered at Manila, and no doubt Germany, Russia and Austria will readily respond to any such appeal. Under the proposed agreement with England, the United States can prosecute the war to the end with perfect security against European intervention. If England, as reported, has been promised the Canary islands in case she opposes any movement on the part of the other European powers against the United States, she will gladly accede to the request and it will redound to the benefit of both nations. It will be comparatively an easy matter to take the Canaries from Spain, and a bunch of islands of that character is just what England is looking for, but she could not seize them herself without getting involved in a war with the other powers.

Although the present war will not be one of long duration, it will nevertheless, be very expensive, but the United States has an excellent opportunity to make Spain pay the entire expense whether she likes it or not. This can be done by taking possession of her colonies. Spain has no money with which to pay debts much less a war indemnity.

That the maintenance of war is costly everyone will admit but few realize the cost of maintaining a first class warship. The daily cost of such a ship on duty is $1800 and at this rate it costs about $50,000 a day to maintain the entire navy.

The cost of the battleship New York of Captain Sampson's fleet at Havana for the past year was $391,025.60, of which sum $237,762.70 was for salaries; $15,000 for rations; $5500 for equipment; $28,209 for steam engineering; $3210 for navigation; $1,474.70 for ordnance; and $9160 for repairs. The expense during war when so many precautions have to be taken is undoubtedly much greater. If one ship costs so much the cost of the entire fleet will be seen to be enormous.

The gift of three hundred dollars to Archbishop Corrigan on the occasion of the twenty-fifth anniversary of his episcopate is one which shows in a striking manner the zeal of his people and the churches throughout his archdiocese. Such a gift can only come as a result of lifelong devotion to a good cause. The qualities that brought forth that magnificent offering will probably also bring the higher honor of his promotion to the cardinalate.

It is reported that Sir Julian Pauncefote, the English minister to the United States is to be superseded by the ablest diplomat in England. The intent of this change probably is, that England wishes to have her ablest representative at Washington when the Philippine Islands and the other slices of territory that may come into our possession by the present war may be divided up.

The Boston liquor dealers are safe for another year. The bill to reduce the number of licenses to eight hundred has been referred to the next legislature and it is not improbable that the liquor dealers next year will possess the power to kill it as they have done this year.

Colonel Cody, the famous Buffalo Bill, should be commissioned to take down the first Spanish commander met in battle by the American troops. If he gets within shot of such an official the Spanish army will certainly lose its head.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Enterprising tobacconists are making the most of the fight at the Philippines and have large supplies of Manila cigars on sale. Of course, they may not all be Manila, but then they smoke the same by any name. Havana cigars are getting scarce, at least the bona fide Havanas, although they continue to come from Key West, and smokers still buy them for the real thing, which proves again that a cigar by any name smokes the same. As to the quality of the smoke, that is another question, but after you have lighted a cigar one must go through to the end, even if it is bitter, or else throw it away and lose his money and his smoke. And if it is good, it is a case of all's well that ends well.

Another illustration of the curious conceptions of things medical and surgical by the laity is shown by the action of Miss Baker of New Zealand. She volunteered to fill up the void in an extensive burn with which another person was afflicted, by donating some skin. Now she has sued the surgeon for the price of 52 inches of skin. The foolishness of her action lies in the fact that in skin grafting only the outer cuticle is taken and the skin proper is left intact. There is no pain in taking it, and no injury follows or any loss of flesh. According to Miss Baker's story she must have lost at least a pound of flesh, to say nothing of labor, but in reality the amount was probably but a few grains and not a drop of blood lost. There is a historic legal case where a surgeon opened an abscess in a girl's leg, and later he was sued for malpractice, the parents saying that he taken out several pounds of flesh. Luckily he had taken photographs before and after and by comparison it was proved that if he had done as the plaintiffs said he had, the limb would have been elephantine in size.

At the custom house especial interest is felt in the naval battle at Manila, as Lieutenant F. A. Holmes of Lowell, formerly in charge of the hydrographic bureau, was appointed in March to the position of navigating officer of the Baltimore, and was therefore in the thick of the fight. The officials and employees say that they eagerly watch for the papers to the latest and most authentic news.—Boston Traveller.

Daniel J. Donahue, Esq., was watching the militia marching to the depot today, when a friend inquired: "Why don't you go with them, Dan?" The squire replied: "I tried to. I volunteered to go with the regulars, but when it came to the physical examination I was rejected as the doctor told me that I injured my eyesight when, as a principal assessor, I looked at high buildings, previous to assessing their value."

A BICYCLE RACE.

A bicycle race that promises to be of great interest will be held Saturday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock when G. L. Douglass and M. McKenzie, two local cracks, will race twice around the old boulevard for an $8 pair of tires.

BE SURE you get what you want when you ask for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Unequalled in Merit, Sales, Cures. There's no substitute for HOOD'S.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

QUESTION OF PRICES.

They Are the Essence of the Monetary Problem.

CONTROLLED WHOLLY BY MONEY.

The Less Money There Is In Proportion to Things to Be Exchanged the Lower Prices Will Be—We Should Make Gold Cheaper, Not Dearer.

The London Financial News is undoubtedly right in its suggestions that with poorer crops or lower prices (in Europe) our gold will begin to flow out again, but it fails to indicate the character of the currency reform that will keep it from going. The veriest tyro ought to understand that the mere substitution of bank notes for government paper will not do. A million dollars in bank notes will displace just as much gold as the same amount of national currency will. If we were to retire $500,000,000 in greenbacks, etc., and $500,000,000 in bank notes were issued in their stead, so far as the outflow of gold is concerned the situation would be unchanged. If instead of issuing $500,000,000 in bank notes $1,000,000,000 were put in circulation the effect would be to raise prices in this country. Foreign purchases in the United States would be checked, while ours abroad would be increased, and gold would be exported in much greater amount. But if only $250,000,000 in bank notes were issued the effect would be to make money scarce and prices would fall. The United States would be a good place to buy in, and by increasing our exports at lower prices we would doubtless be able to retain enough gold to maintain the parity of the bank notes.

No currency reform can possibly insure the permanent maintenance of the gold standard unless it be a reform that involves a contraction of our paper currency and consequently lower prices. If we had no silver or paper money, the gold standard would be perfectly secure, but where would prices go? What would be the condition of our producers? Prices would drop out of sight and producers who were in debt would be ruined. As we have repeatedly stated, prices are the very essence of the whole monetary problem, and yet those great publications which live only to enlighten the people upon financial matters never touch the question of prices when discussing plans of currency reform. Without making the slightest effort to demonstrate that the gold standard is a good thing, they broadly assume that it is, and then they further assume that such an adjustment of the paper currency as will insure gold redemption is all that is necessary to give mankind perfect money. According to their philosophy, the chief function of gold seems to be the redemption of other forms of money, while the chief function of the other forms is to be redeemed. When dealing with trade matters, they do attach some importance to prices.

Every business man regards a fall in the prices of his goods and property as a bad thing. Hence a general fall is everywhere looked upon as unfavorable to business, while a general rise is considered an advantage. These facts are so patent that no trade or financial journal can ignore them when dealing directly with a manufacturing and trade, but the moment they take up the money question they are as oblivious to the matter of prices as if there were no connection between prices and money. It ought to be plain to all that prices depend absolutely upon money and are controlled by it. Prices are fixed by the exchange of goods and property for money. If there were no money there could be no prices. The less money there is in proportion to the things to be exchanged for it the lower the prices will necessarily be. The more money there is in proportion to those things the higher the prices will be. Any person of average intelligence ought to be able to comprehend as simple a proposition as this.

Nevertheless the gold standard press throughout the world goes right on harping about gold redemption and parity as if the maintaining of one dollar on a par with every other dollar were the chief aim of our existence. The preservation of parity may be desirable, but the maintenance of a sufficient quantity of money to give the producer a fair price for his product, thereby enabling him to pay his debts, taxes and other fixed charges on an equitable basis, is infinitely more important.

The financial journals of England generally speak for the creditor class of that country. They desire what they call currency reform in this country because they know that to work it out on a gold basis means a cheapening of our products and an enhancement of their gold. Aside from the items of payment which we must regularly make to Europe mentioned by The Financial News our annual interest payments cannot be less than $200,000,000 a year, and they are probably more. The lower our prices fall the more it takes of our product to fill these payments and the greater becomes the value of the English creditor's gold claim. Low prices benefit the foreign creditor and injure the American producer and debtor. Reform of our monetary system is certainly needed, but not a reformation on the gold standard lines for the benefit of the foreign creditor through the ruin of the American producer. What we want to do is to make gold cheaper, not dearer. The most effective means to this end is to restore bimetallism—to put silver into full competition with gold, thus permanently raising prices both at home and abroad. H. F. BARTINE.

Pingree Getting His Own Way.

Governor Pingree appears to be carrying everything before him in his fight for reform in the taxation of corporations in Michigan. People laugh at Pingree, but somehow he has a way of laughing last.—Boston Herald.

A DELIGHTFUL PARTY.

There was a delightful party Wednesday night, given by Miss Rose Purcell of Centralville, in honor of Miss Belinda Hart of Europe. There was vocal and instrumental music and a general good time was enjoyed by all. Those contributing to the musical entertainment of the evening were Miss Rose Nugent, Miss Nellie Devine, Miss Belinda Hart, Miss Alice McElroy, Miss Mary O'Brien, Miss Lizzie Whalen, Mr. Charles Deland, and Mr. Frank Donnelly. During the evening, refreshments were served by Miss Margaret Mulcahy and Miss Rose Purcell. Dancing was also enjoyed.

TERRIBLE EFFECT OF EXPLOSION.

Lawrence May 5.—John Morissey, aged 16, was frightfully injured Wednesday evening by the bursting of a rock in a crevice of which a charge of powder had been placed. The accident occurred in a field off Short street.

The fuse was slow in communicating with the powder and young Morissey, who was one of a crowd of boys, supposing that the spark had gone out, went to investigate. As he neared the spot, the powder exploded, shattering the rock and the fragments flew in all directions.

Morissey was struck in the face and left shoulder. His face was mangled, his right eye destroyed and his left shoulder and elbow fractured. He was conveyed to the general hospital. His home is on Elm street.

LIGHT SENTENCE.

Michael Rooney of Stoneham pleaded guilty yesterday in Boston in the United States district court on four counts charging him with counterfeiting and uttering $2 government notes. By agreement of Daniel J. Donahue of Lowell, counsel for the accused, and the assistant district attorney, Rooney paid the costs and was given two months in East Cambridge jail.

First class job printing done at this office.

it's neglect of throat and bronchial troubles that leads to death-dealing disease.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

No wonder Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is praised by its users. Its curative effects are like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

Weak Men Made Vigorous



What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Blind Piles, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses or indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co. Cor. Central and Merrimack streets.

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY

And the latest novelties of the season, also a special and select line of Walking Hats at

Miss Ella Burkes' Millinery Parlors

In the Pollard block, Palmer street, up one flight. Call and inspect our goods. We guarantee satisfaction.

NOTICE

Description filed in the office of the City Clerk Lowell pursuant to the provisions of Section 1, Chapter 410, Acts of 1893, "An act to protect the owners of cans, bottles, boxes, siphons and fountains used in the sale of milk, cream soda water, mineral and aerated waters, ale, beer, ginger ale or other beverages."

Name of person or corporation, Michael Whelton.

Principal place of business, Lowell.

Nature of business transacted, Lithia Spring Water.

Kind of receptacle used, glass jars in crates.

Description of the name or names, mark or marks, device or devices used, "Baltic Lithia Spring Registered," stencilled on crates.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto signed my name this 4th day of May, in the year eighteen hundred and ninety eight.

MICHAEL WHELTON.

THE KLONDIKE CAFE

120 Middle Street, under new management. Meals served at all hours. Boarders by day or week. Our 20c. dinners a specialty. Gent's board per week $3.75, also $2.25 for 21 meals; also a specialty, dinner ticket, 7 dinners for $1.25. Call and give us a trial, at Leclair's, 120 Middle street, cor. of Palmer Street.

DR. F. H. STINCHFIELD DENTIST

STEINERT'S MAMMOTH MUSIC STORE

STEINWAY, HARDMAN, EMERSON, GABLER AND PEASE

PIANOS

Call at our new store,

MASONIC TEMPLE

130 Merrimack St.,

(Formerly Bijou Shoe Store)

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS



Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

IRONCLAD

Is what people want these days. Practically "iron clad" is the man who rides along the highways in a carriage made or repaired by the Sawyer Carriage Co.

So Well Equipped IS HE ARE THEY.

See them now. Summer's about here

SAWYER CARRIAGE CO. Worthen St.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

(LIMITED.)

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE

JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:

JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
JOHN CLANCY & CO.
JAS. A. CAWLEY.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
THOMAS EMERSON.
GARVEY & MEADE.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.

It can also be found at the following places:

JNO. H. BURKE.
JAS. CALNIN & CO.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
DOLAN & CONNORS.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
TURCOTTE & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
M. J. BRUIN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
R. V. SAUNDERS & CO.
P. E. McMAHON & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
JAS. F. DOHERTY & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
JNO. J. CONNELL & CO.
JAS. H. RILEY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
A. L. PENDERGAST.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
C. H. CHAGNON.
JAS. J. COURTNEY & CO.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

(LIMITED.)

BUY YOUR

Men's, Boys', Ladies' Clothing

ON CREDIT.

At cash prices, of the popular CENTRAL SUPPLY CO., 117 Merrimack street, opp. Chris. Holmes. OPEN EVENINGS.

GATELY & PEARSON, SOLICITORS OF PATENTS

Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty. 41 HILDRETH BUILDING.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.

M. H. Carey, (Clerks) H. Gervais.

Toothache!

It don't make any difference what shape your tooth is in, if it is aching, call at 177 Middlesex street, and have it stopped forever. Wm. H. Goldspring can, by placing his finger upon any aching tooth, stop the pain instantly and forever. Do not suffer with toothache but call and see him.

He will treat patients without charge. If satisfied with his treatment, pay what you choose. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m.

177 Middlesex St., Room 1.

DRAWING AND PAINTING

MISS HELEN WRIGHT

Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

SCHOEFFLER'S DYSPEPSIA CURE CURES DYSPEPSIA.

25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

Notice, For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $20 Suits for $15; his $25 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $25. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.

Few doors from the corner of Central St.

You Have Struck the Right Place When You Have Found

Peter Watson's

CELEBRATED BAKERIES

For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at

52 to 60 CHARLES ST. and 465 LAWRENCE ST.

If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

TO RENT—Two new Cottage Houses at Willow Date, on Powers' Avenue.

DONOVAN & MANSUR

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

PETER H. SAVAGE,

Undertaker AND Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN ST.

Telephone connection 6144. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 GORHAM STREET.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

R. J. MOWER, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

295 CENTRAL ST.

Take My Advice and Call on the

Eagle Clothing Co.

We carry the largest stock of Ladies' and Gents' Garments in this city. Our prices are the lowest. THE EAGLE CREDIT HOUSE, 190-192 Middlesex St.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock

And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.

GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S

11 Middlesex Street.

SAM SMITH'S

Is the place to bring your Boots and Shoes for repairing. Best work. Best leather and lowest prices in the city. Men's Boots, tap and heel, 85c.; Ladies' 65c.; Children's, 50c. Call

111 MARKET STREET.

(Opposite Carpet.)

OLD WASHINGTON TAVERN

This old hostelery has been refitted and furnished and is up-to-date in every particular. The best menu of any hotel in the city. Special rates to theatrical and commercial men. Best wines and liquors, everything first class. Our 50c. course dinner a specialty.

Washington Tavern

CENTRAL & CHURCH STS.

JOHN J. REGAN, Proprietor.

SHOW CASES

Just arrived a large invoice of Show Cases, from 2 to 6 feet in length.

SHOW CASES.

Made to order any size or shape.

SHOW CASE

Glass a specialty. Show cases repaired.

Second hand Show Cases bought or exchanged.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

Sweet Peas

The choicest mixture, made up of more than fifty distinct shades and colors.

40c. lb., 10c. qr., 5c. oz.

Complete descriptions of all kinds of Flowers, Vegetables and Garden Requisites will be found in our

SEED CATALOGUE

For 1898. Now ready and free to all. Call for copy.

Store open Monday and Saturday evenings.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.

SEWELL G. MACK, President. JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer. E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Spragrue, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $1.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND

Office Removed to

3 HILDRETH BUILDING

House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6.635 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy. Wm. H. Emery.

A. T. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

The Bugle Call

Has been sounded and the gathered hosts of newest and prettiest styles in Spring Footwear awaits your coming. Here are a few of the bargains we offer. Ladies' polka dot and small rose figure vesting top, in tan and black, $2 a pair. Little Men's Calf Lace Shoes, wedge heel, 75c. a pair. Another lot of Young Men's Vici, dark olive shade, very popular, good wearer, only $2 a pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON STREET.

Spring Cleansing

Blankets, Gent's Spring Overcoats, Ladies' Spring Sacks Cleansed or Dyed.

Bay State Dye House

54 PRESCOTT STREET.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., opp. American House, COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street. PHOTOGRAPHERS. Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW, 49 John street, CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE, Room 16 Hildreth Building. COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street, MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOWELL HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS

Lowest In Price, Highest In Standard.

FOR SALE BY

E. N. Wood & Co.,

70-80 Market St., Lowell, Mass.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

PIANO BUYERS

Should call at ESTEY parlors. Manufactory and sell at factory prices. Easiest terms. Lowell. Pianos all grades and prices.

145 Merrimack Street.

CITIZENS SPEAK

Tell What They Know of the Assessors' Dept.

EX-MAYOR PICKMAN SAYS "EFFICIENCY FIRST."

Many Varying Views Were Expressed

The investigating committee of the assessors' department held a public meeting at City Hall last night that was attended by fifty or sixty citizens.

It was announced that the committee was anxious to get an expression of public opinion and those present were invited to express their views.

Marcellus Fletcher was the first to speak. He said he wanted to criticize the methods of the assessors and not the men themselves. "I don't see," he said, "why it should cost $22,000 to assess the city of Lowell when it only costs $4400 to assess the city of Lawrence. Why should it cost more than in Fall River? In Lawrence there are three assessors, the chairman receiving $900. In the spring they employ clerks at $2.50 a day, in other seasons they are their own clerks. If Lawrence can get her taxes assessed for a fifth of what it costs Lowell, ought we not to look into the system there?

"What would I do to remedy the matter? I would not have more than five assessors in this city. In the spring at assessing season let them employ enough clerks to do the necessary work and abolish the permanent clerks altogether. I would have five assessors; let them receive $1200 a year; a fair salary for any man. I think $2200 is too much, about twice too much. Pay $1200 and you can get all the men you want. I think the assessors here are as competent as any we can get. But we pay too much for them."

James T. Smith said that the assessors department was maintained at its great cost simply as a matter of patronage. It would not be cut down because so doing would cut off votes. "The assessors' department is maintained at a cost twice as great as it should be," he went on, "and a poor laboring teamster is docked when he loses two hours work because of rain. It is done in spite of the fact that children are dying in tenement houses for lack of proper nourishment and the poor of the city are crying for proper bathing facilities.

Lawrence Cummings asked Mr. Smith if he had any plan to correct the evil he complained of, or if he had any better method.

Mr. Smith said he had not. As he understood it, the meeting was not called to consider such details. That was for the careful consideration of others when it was ascertained that the citizens wanted something different. What is wanted is the best service for the least money. Worcester's system is considered a splendid one and Mr. Smith explained it at some length and said that when it was examined by a Lowell committee a few years ago the total expense was about $10,000 a year.

Mr. Cummings had a word to say about patronage that showed an opinion different from that of Mr. Smith. In fact he thought patronage had good results if facts were to be relied on. "The republican party," he said, "had been in power in Massachusetts for 42 consecutive years and patronage did not seem to weaken it to any appreciable degree." He did not think there was any more corruption in the county machine than in others.

"There is one thing I want to say right here," said Mr. Cummings, "and protest against it and that is the actions of Councilmen Smith and Howe in coming to this committee and interfering in the work it is doing. I consider this one of the most important committees appointed since the financial commission, and it is doing the work in a most faithful and thorough manner. It is certainly doing its work better than the Board of Health committee did the work it was appointed to perform.

"This is not a time to higgle and haggle about small expenses, when matters like the Tremont & Suffolk valuations are to be considered, and I consider Mr. Smith's resolution recently introduced detrimental to the work this committee was appointed to perform."

In the course of his remarks Mr. Cummings had also said it seemed to be the aim of some men when they get into the city government to find jobs for all their friends. "And they do this," he said, "regardless of its cost to the city."

Mr. Howe, who was present, rose directly to say he was after nothing for his friends, and meant to do his duty by the city this year whether it brought him a re-election or not. One of the things he wanted to reduce the expenses of the assessors' department and to save money generally for the city of Lowell.

"In the city today there are 1000 men ready to work for anything they can get. They are out of work; some of them have houses bearing mortgages, the interest on which they can't pay. And yet we keep these principal assessors' salaries so they can live in luxury and belong to clubs. It is time for a little philanthropy in our consideration of things. I have seen the dirty work in the city and I would like to see methods of business prevail in our departments."

Mr. Chalifoux, the next speaker, said he thought enough consideration had not been given in the past to the assessors' department. He referred to the effort of Mayor Courtney four years ago to have the department investigated and said it failed. The cost of the department was twice too great. Various city councils had realized the situation but did not wish to put anyone out of employment. "I think the assessors are efficient men," he said. "They should be that, but the expense of the department should be reduced one-half. The Appleton mills stock has been reduced from $000,000 to $150,000. It means that the stockholders considered that stock costing $1000 a share is worth only $250 a share. There is a decrease also in the valuation of Lawrence stock.

"Now in our city affairs we have got to find a way of reducing expenses. Industrial problems confront us and we must meet them. We've got to get a system that is complete, that will not cost us much. People cannot pay the money on property under existing conditions. They can't afford to buy real estate. I have had to take less rent for my property and I am going to pay less to meet the loss. We must avoid lawsuits in the assessors' department and I am in favor of a good, strong, compact department."

Senator George E. Putnam did not think the principal assessors overpaid for the work they do. He would not do it for less.

Ex-Mayor Pickman said he was deeply interested. In his judgment the first consideration should be, not economy, but efficiency. "We should first have results" said he. "Economy comes next. It is for this committee to determine if by making a change the department should deteriorate. In comparing with other cities the first question should be do they get as good results? I think the weak spot lies in that there may be more men employed all the year around than are necessary. It is to be considered whether men employed for short periods each year can do as efficient work as the men in the Lowell department. If they can the system of other cities is superior in this respect. But the main question for this committee to consider is whether this department is more efficient than others. If this can be shown the taxpayers of Lowell are satisfied.

After the meeting the committee voted to visit Cambridge and Lawrence next Tuesday to inquire about the assessors' departments of those cities.

PATRIOTIC ACT.

LOWELL COUNCIL VOTES TO PAY DUES OF VOLUNTEERS.

The regular meeting of Lowell Council, Royal Arcanum, was held in Odd Fellows Temple last evening at which the following resolution was introduced by Past Grand Regent A. W. David, and unanimously adopted.

"Whereas, in obedience to the call of the President of the United States for volunteers for the war with Spain, Lowell has nobly responded as usual and as members of Lowell Council may enroll themselves in the service of this country, therefore be it,

"Resolved, That Lowell Council, No. 8, Royal Arcanum, pay the assessments and dues of all members of the Council during such service and until peace is declared."

Grand Regent A. G. Walsh, who has been recently elected to office, paid a visit, this being his first official visit to any council since his election. He made some very interesting remarks which instilled enthusiasm into the members.

At the close of the business meeting a phonographic entertainment was given by Arthur B. Merrill and songs were rendered by Thomas P. Boulger of Industry Council, and John S. Jackson of Lowell Council. Coffee and cheese were served at the conclusion of the entertainment.

Brother Hurtubise was delegated to present a bouquet to Capt. Greig in the parade.

MRS. C. D. GILMAN'S RECITAL.

The pupils of Mrs. Carrie Davis Gilman in giving the fourth piano recital of the season yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. G. J. Bradt in Westford street had the assistance of Miss Etta M. Rutherford, soprano.

Miss Rutherford's numbers were a cradle song by Mendelssohn and "Twilight Fancy," by Molloy. Both numbers were excellent and were appreciated at the true worth by those present.

The pupils who had piano numbers were Alice and Elsie Bradt, Anna Coffey, Annabel Staples, Fannie Sawyer, Paul Gilman, Etta Hogan, Edith Lennon, Winthrop Bowers, Maude Conant, Samuel Scott, Myrtle Kilpatrick, Mabel Russell, Hilda Dugdale, Mary Allen, Alice Bradt, Gertrude Starkey and Albert Healey.

Many compositions well known to musicians were on the programme, all chosen with special reference to the ability of the pupils. Mrs. Gilman herself played several duet numbers with the pupils.

THE DAY NURSERY

Children's Operetta, "King's Fool Cleverly Played.

MANY FINE SPECIALTIES ENTERTAIN LARGE AUDIENCE.

The Performance Was a Grand Success.

"The King's Fool," written by Mrs. Julian Talbot, and a decidedly interesting and catchy operetta, was presented to an immense audience last evening. The performance was in aid of the Day Nursery. The characters all of which were well sustained, were assumed as follows:

King Joker, a reformed jester,
.....Clinton Carpenter
Lord Valiant, royal counsellor, whose advice goes a begging,
.....Herbert Webster
Rupert, prince of good fellows and a match for any blockhead
.....Thomas O'Donnell
Prince Paul .....Victor Jewett
Prince Carl, quite irresistible,
..... Ernest Fletcher
Prince Philip .....Frank Libby
Capt. Bells, a charmer ..John Phelan
Lord Lobster, a submarine general,
.....Paul Murkland
Bob, vendor of lemonade,
..... Herbert Parker
Tom, a peanut man .....Sam Stott
"Minion" .....Herbert Horne
Princess Favorita, whose heart is hard but not of stone ..Miss Grace Hanson
Princess Amethyst, a jewel of a girl,
.....Miss Minnie Clifford
Princess Carita, a little dear,
..... Miss Cora Littlehale
Princess Rose, one of the "buds"
.....Miss Ethel Hanson
Queen Cookie, otherwise "Ann Maria,"
.....Miss Flossie Gelino
Mad'moiselle, a school mistress and "a model of propriety" .....Paul Hurtt
Florizelle, who reads the future,
.....Miss Edith Freeman
Lady Kate, loyal maid of honor,
.....Miss Ceola Pierce
Lady May, loyal maid of honor,
.....Miss Rebecca Devoll

Housemaids—Misses Elizabeth Huntley, Elsie Harwood, Willette Clifford, Harriet Grin, Ethel Shaw, Bertha Harron, Etta Haynes, Florence Bean, Evelyn Cornock, Louise Guiney, Ella Collins, Marguerite Elvin, Kitty O'Donnell, Maud Ludwig, Gertrude Fox, Alice Akers.

Jesters, relatives of the king Joker—Clifton Hedrick, Earl Bishop, Willard Parker, Earl Fowler, Robert Rhodes, Sidney Hunking, Master Brent Johnson.

The Princess's Grand Alliance of Warriors—Robert Libby, Robert Crowley, Hal Pierce, Freeman Cowell, John Laughlin, Joseph Herrick, Dana Whipple, Arnold Halstead, Charles Littlehale, Gordon Bixby, Royal White, Herbert Whipple.

The Fairy Band—Nettie Studley, Sidney Whipple, Eleanora Clifford, Nellie Fairweather, Mildred Melvin, Kitty McAleer, Mildred Davenport, Ruth Sawyer, Nellie Faneuf, Carrie Tyrrell, Julia Burke, Ralph Fadden.

Ladies and gentlemen of the court—Annie Kirby, Alice Griffin, Olive Emerson, Mary Mason, Emily Tyrell, Marion Starkey, Lina Richardson, Ethel Wilson, Grace Maxfield, Harriette Richardson, Alice Faneuf, Florence Shaw, Agnes Gordan, Marinda Batchelder, William Richardson, Harold Thomas, Arthur Bean, Herbert Horne, Boyd Putnam, Harry Hatch, Harry Chalifoux, Sam. Stott, Robert Means, Harold Jewett, Burton Carey, Willie Burke, Roy Bishop, Morton Ela, James Reilly, Clinton Carey, Marcus Cole, Arthur Means.

The specialties introduced were very fine.

Miss Daisy Sawyer gave a tambourine dance.

There was an attractive ballet of roses in which the following danced: Roses: Anna Coffey, Hazel Shirley, Ethel Chalifoux, Marguerite Skillings, Roxy Murphy, Alice Roach, Lottie Quirk, Harriet Mansur, Beatrice Horne, Gertrude Harvey, Nina Conant, Fannie Sawyer, Florence Fairburn, Alice Mountford, Sidney Whipple, Chester Runels, Percy Munn.

E. Lincoln Nowell gave a Parisian dance that was original.

Misses Ethel Wilson and Grace Maxwell were bright in the newsboys' song.

The "happy family of trained animals" made a hit. The following boys were the "animals": Robert Means, Marcus Cole, Harold Jewett, Burton Carey, Willie Burke, Roy Bishop, Morton Ela, Clinton Carey, James Reilly.

Baby Tyrrell had an up-to-date skirt dance.

The performance will be repeated tonight.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FAKE NEWS FROM DEWEY

Rouses Indignation of the Navy Department.

Which Now Gives Out the Only Authentic News Yet Received—Official News Expected by Tonight.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 5.—The officials of the navy department from the secretary down are thoroughly indignant at the character of the stories coming from San Francisco as authentic accounts of the regiment of Commodore Dewey at Manila. Captain Crowninshield, chief of the navigation bureau, declared that it was utterly impossible for news from the fleet to come in any such fashion.

The officials have about concluded that there is little prospect of receiving news from Commodore Dewey direct to the course of the day, though there is a possibility that a merchant vessel may reach Hong Kong from the Philippines bringing some news of the battle and subsequent events from Manila. It is practically settled that the cable cannot be relied upon as a means of communication, as it believed to be cut in shore somewhere between its landing place in the island of Luzon, Point Bolinao, and Manila.

The latest authentic and direct news from Manila showed that Commodore Dewey subdued the Spanish fleet and made his demand for the surrender of Manila through the British consul, sometime Sunday afternoon. He at the same time gave notice of bombardment at the expiration of 24 hours, which would make the bombardment itself begin Monday afternoon. Presuming that a despatch boat sailed at the earliest moment of the bombardment Monday evening and allowing three days for passage, the ship is not due at Hong Kong or Mirs Bay until tonight. It is already Thursday night by our time in either place and possibly the McCullough or some despatch boat is just entering the harbor. Other delays then would occur before receipt of a cable here, through the many relay stations, so that it is thought there is little chance of official news coming in during the daylight hours.

Secretary Long has stated in most emphatic terms that he regards it as his duty to make the people acquainted with the facts, as soon as he knows them himself.

A SECOND SPY

Arrested by Naval Authorities Today.

WAS ON BOARD THE CRUISER PRINCETON.

With a Full Plan of the Ship.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Camden, N. J., May 5.—The secret service of officers today arrested a man here who is supposed to be a Spanish spy. On his person were full plans of the gunboat Princeton, which has just been completed at the yards of the Dialogue company.

RECRUITING AT WOONSOCKET

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Woonsocket, R. I., May 5.—The plan of recruiting in this state precludes the possibility of demonstrations here such as are being made in other states and there is much disappointment on this account. The governor wants the men in squads and so every day a few are sent off to state camp. Demonstrations have been planned several times to mark the departure of volunteers, but the plans have been repeatedly frustrated by orders to send in the men at an hour's notice. It was arranged to send off two full companies next Monday but today the recruits are being notified at their places of residence and employment to leave on the next train.

WORK ON WISCONSIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, May 5.—Work in the Union Iron works on the United States battleship Wisconsin, is delayed by the non-arrival of the armor plates. Otherwise the completion of the vessel is being rushed with all possible speed. There are over 3000 men employed in the yard, working night and day shifts.

THE CUBAN JUNTA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, May 5.—The announcement was made today at the headquarters of the Cuban junta in this city, through its legal adviser, Horatio S. Rubens, that two small parties bearing important messages to General Gomez from the United States government and the junta had effected a landing in Cuba Mr. Rubens declined to give any particulars.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 5.—The Senate committee on finance as a body was not in session today, having adjourned over until tomorrow, in order to permit the democratic members to prepare a substitute for the bond provision of the bill. There now no doubt that there will be a majority on the committee against the bond feature.

HAWAIIAN QUESTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 5.—The House committee on foreign affairs today discussed the Hawaiian annexation resolution but took no definite action, adjourning until next Tuesday. It is claimed that a majority of the committee favor the resolution.

REPORTED AT PROVINCETOWN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Provincetown, Mass., May 5.—The U.S.S. Columbia passed Race Point heading for Provincetown at 1.33 p. m.

IN PORTSMOUTH HARBOR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Portsmouth, N. H., May 5.—Portsmouth Harbor was a busy place today. The United States steamship Essex was successfully placed in dry dock early this forenoon, and the work of overhauling her was begun at once.

Major E. L. Hoxie of the engineer corps arrived here this morning on board the tug Slyvester Ward, to assist in the work of mining the harbor.

PORTO RICO OURS

Within 48 Hours Is the Belief

OF THE PRESIDENT'S CLOSEST FRIENDS.

Report Given Out From the White House.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 5.—There was no important advices at the White House up to 11 o'clock. Persons who were with the President assert that there is a strong likelihood that Porto Rico will be in the hands of the United States within 48 hours. The immediate seizure of the island, they assert, has been ordered, though direct official confirmation is lacking.

VERMONT'S WAR MEASURE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Montpelier, Vt., May 5.—The special session of the legislature called by the governor to consider war measures was convened this forenoon. The resignation of W. A. Lord as speaker of the house was accepted and Kittredge Haskins of Brattleboro was elected to fill the vacancy. A bill was introduced by Mr. Childs of St. Albans prohibiting foreign railroad corporations from buying or controlling railroads in the state of Vermont. It was referred. The proposition is taken as a blow at the Grand Trunk railway, which is seeking to obtain control of the Central Vermont railroad.

English Working Women.

According to recent statistical returns, the total number of women over the age of 18 employed in factories and workshops in the British islands is a little over 1,000,000, of which about 11 per cent belong to trades unions. Most of these have a membership in common with the men, but there are some separate women's unions, organized, officered and conducted exclusively by female members. Among these are the Felt Hat Trimmers and Wool Formers' association, with 2,486 members; the Female Cigar Makers' Protective union, with a membership of over 1,000, and a few other associations with a still smaller list of members. The great bulk of the women workers are included in the mixed unions, showing a disposition to work out her industrial like her other problems, in company with the men, rather than separate from them—a token that the working British female is endowed with sound and discriminating judgment and knows perfectly well on which side her bread is buttered.—New York Tribune.

Tramp Laws.

Four states, according to the Chicago Record, have no tramp laws. In three—West Virginia, Kentucky and Louisiana—the tramp is "worthy poor." Two commit him to public labor; one (New Mexico) to labor on the streets and roads, and the other (Missouri) sells him to work six months for the highest bidder. Pennsylvania adds the rigor of solitary confinement to hard labor. New Hampshire and Connecticut offer a reward for his apprehension. In Nevada the district attorney gets $10 for convicting him. Generally he is condemned to work in the Bridewell, prison or penitentiary. Illinois sends him to the house of correction to work off a fine, but allows local authorities to employ him if they desire. England sends the tramp to the workhouse. France makes him do convict labor. Germany and Belgium put him on penal farms.

For Counterfeiting Labels.

The grand jury in Philadelphia indicted the hat manufacturing firm of Frank Schoble & Co. for using counterfeits of the union labels of the United Hatters of North America.

First class job printing done at this office.

WEST POINTERS ARRIVE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, Fla., May 5.—12.22 p. m.—The steamer Alamo from New York has arrived here with a detachment of engineers from West Point.

To Teach the Poor What to Eat.

Uncle Sam is preparing to teach the poor man how and what to eat in order to better his condition, says the Philadelphia Press.

He is just now collecting some striking facts which will be utilized in the future as a basis for much needed missionary work of a practical kind in our large cities.

Some time ago congress made an appropriation for an investigation of the eating habits of American citizens, and the fund was given to the department of agriculture. The most important part of the study now progressing is devoted to the slums of our large cities. The data being collected has begun to arrive at headquarters. The investigation is in charge of Professor W. O. Atwater, the well known dietary expert, acting under the direction of Dr. A. C. True, director of the many agricultural experiment stations throughout the country. Dr. True has given your correspondent the first detailed account of the work, which differs from anything hitherto attempted by the department.

"We will not attempt to teach the poor how cheaply they can live," he explained, "but how they can get the most for their money."

The Perfected Man.

A great Sculptor made a beautiful Image in clay. But when it was finished Necessity pressed upon it and Toil bent it down. Famine pinched it, and Tyranny hammered it, and Monopoly cast it out from the place which the Sculptor had ordained for it.

It lay in the kennel, rejected and unclean. Theology passed by on the other side and said, "See how depraved it is—it is fit only to be cast into the fire."

But Love lifted the Image up and wept over it. And as her tears fell upon the clay it softened in her arms, so that she smoothed out the bruises with her hands.

Then Justice set it again in its place, and men said, "Behold, it was made in the Image of God."—Bolton Hall's "Even as You and I."

REGAINED HEALTH.

Gratifying Letters to Mrs. Pinkham From Happy Women.

"I Owe You My Life."

Mrs. D. Woolhiser, Mills, Neb., writes:

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I owe my life to your Vegetable Compound. The doctors said I had consumption and nothing could be done for me. My menstruation had stopped, and they said my blood was turning to water. I had several doctors. They all said I could not live. I began the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it helped me right away; menses returned and I have gained in weight. I have better health than I have had for years. It is wonderful what your Compound has done for me."

"I Feel Like a New Person."

Mrs. Geo. Leach, 1000 Belle St., Alton, Ill., writes:

"Before I began to take your Vegetable Compound I was a great sufferer from womb trouble. Menses would appear two and three times in a month, causing me to be so weak I could not stand. I could neither sleep nor eat, and looked so badly my friends hardly knew me.

"I took doctor's medicine but did not derive much benefit from it. My druggist gave me one of your little books, and after reading it I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I feel like a new person. I would not give your Compound for all the doctors' medicine in the world. I can not praise it enough."

ANGLO-SAXON ALLIANCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, May 5.—It is said here that negotiations are pending between the United States and Great Britain, by which the latter will support the former if the other powers intervene in favor of Spain.

First class job printing done at this office.

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President. March 24, 1898.*

Samuel Pitcher M. D.

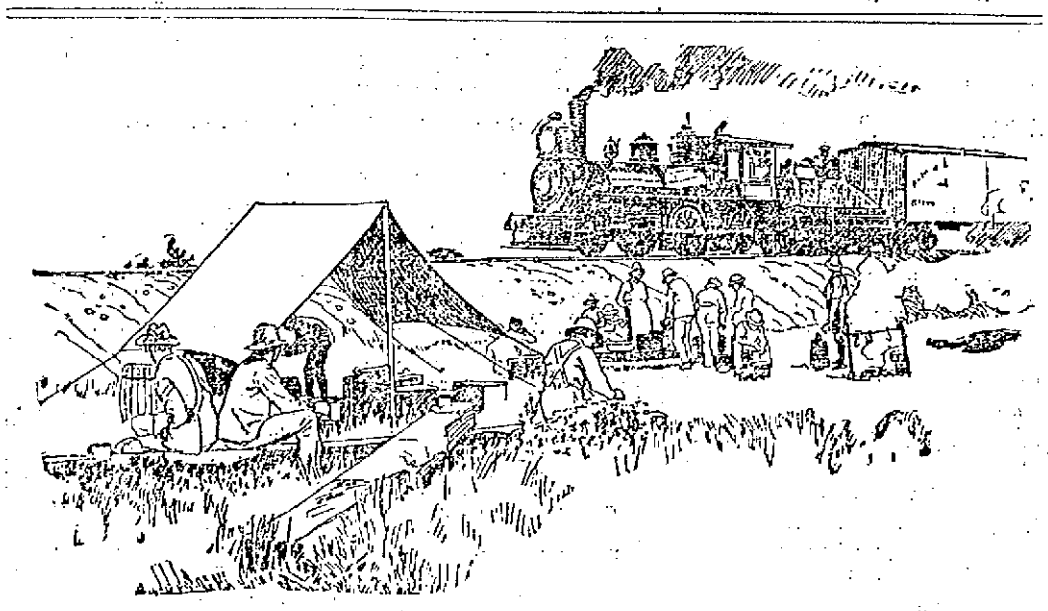
Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

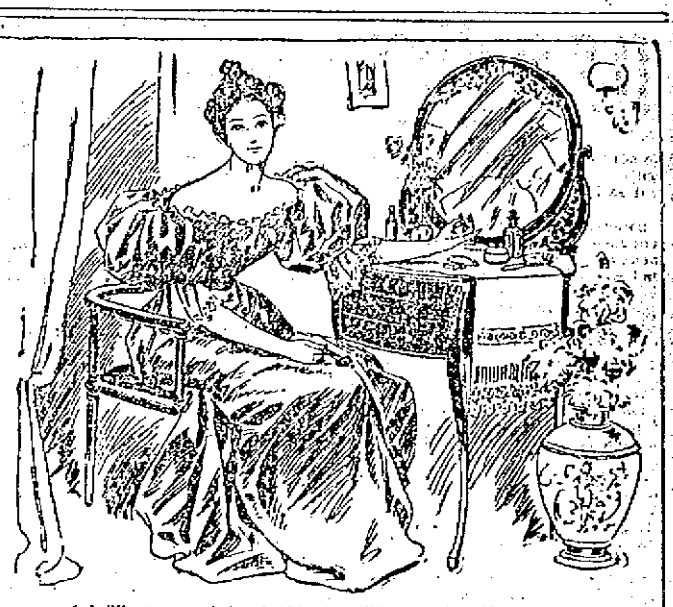
"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF
Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



A COMPANY KITCHEN AT CHICKAMAUGA.



A brilliant young lady of Abingdon, Ill., recently said:—"Yes, I use

Ripans Tabules

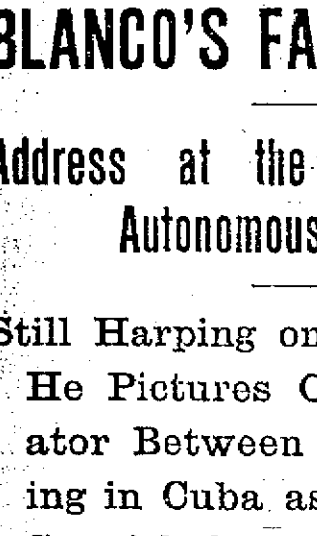
and regard them as an excellent toilet article. Queer, isn't it, to call them that, but wait till I explain and it won't sound so odd. In fact, I always keep them on my dressing-table and take one just before leaving for any social function. Before I began their use, I was troubled with indigestion; I had a severe headache frequently and I had dyspepsia so bad that I could scarcely eat anything with relish. I was always dizzy after any quick movement, as rising from a chair, and was seized with such an attack frequently that my head would fairly reel. My complexion became sallow and pimples came on my face. I heard of Ripans Tabules and purchased some. After a short time my usual complexion returned; the pimples are all gone, as you see, and I am not dizzy as before. You can see now why I think them a valuable toilet article. Why, I would just as soon think of going without my hair combed as to neglect to take a Tabule when I go out for the evening."

BLANCO'S FANCIFUL PLIGHT

Address at the Opening of the Autonomous Parliament.

Still Harping on Our Duplicity—He Pictures Cuba as the Mediator Between Continents Fighting in Cuba as Reported by the Spanish Authorities.

Havana, May 5.—General Blanco opened the first congress of Cuba elected under the autonomous form of government. Every effort was made by the Spanish officials to give brilliancy to the occasion. There was a procession, and the streets were decorated with flags and banners. The captain general made an address in which he said: "If the declarations of the United States had been sincere, its guns ought to be saluting today the first Cuban parliament instead of threatening the lives of its members and proving herself so false to their policy, ambitions and plans. Spain has given the island all she is authorized to give for the purpose of restoring peace and without any conditions. The autonomist form of government established is as ample as that of the British colonies, and Spain has declared that it will be made more ample still if such a course is judged to be necessary by the members of this congress.



CAPTAIN GENERAL BLANCO.

"Rigid customs and other rules were abolished in order to help the reconcentrados, the victims of the fight sustained by the United States. We admitted free of duties the 'help' sent from America—sent for the purpose of increasing the existing discords. In short, nothing has been left undone which might satisfy the aspirations of the people, if compatible with the national honor.

"On the petition of his holiness, the pope, and the European powers, hostilities were suspended in order to treat for peace. Ignoring all this, the president of the United States declared that the autonomous form of government had turned out to be a failure when parliament had not even assembled, and the patriots of the United States were excited by the declaration that Spaniards caused the Maine catastrophe, forgetting the generous hospitality her sailors received here. Now the United States is taking up arms to impose its domination.

"Before such an outrage, Spaniards and Cubans must be united to defend the fatherland, and the reconciliation will be all the more sacred in view of the actual circumstances in the case. The defenders of Spain and of the autonomy of Cuba all have Spanish blood in their veins, or were born on this soil.

"All the new laws must be put in force on July 1. Preference should be given to the measures providing for public security and the maintenance of the national honor of Spain, the only country which can protect the development of this colony and bring about the formation of a great country united to the old Castilian nation and at the same time be the mediator, in the new world, between both continents."

VICTORIOUS AS USUAL.

Havana, May 6.—Colonel Devos fought an insurgent band Tuesday which had 10 of its number killed, among them being Leader Nunez, and 23 were taken prisoners, together with a quantity of arms, ammunition and medicine. The Spanish column, which completely destroyed the camp, had four wounded.

At Palayo village a body of Spanish cavalry had an engagement with the insurgents under General Maximo Gomez, the latter leaving four dead on the field and the Spanish one. The government troops had an officer and seven soldiers wounded.

At Loma Cruz the local guerillas surprised a body of insurgents, killing 10. Two persons were killed and two wounded by an explosion in a sugar refinery at Cardenas.

DARING WORK OF BANDITS

They Entered a Maine Hotel Armed and Masked.

And Demanded the Clerk to Throw up His Hands—His Boldness and Tact Soon Caused Them to Retreat.

Portland, Me., May 6.—Two masked robbers attempted to hold up the clerk of the West End hotel about 10 o'clock last night. Twenty-five or more travelling men were sitting about the office when the door of the ladies' entrance opened and two men wearing workingmen's overalls stepped into the office. "Hold up your hands," they commanded, as they levelled their guns at the men sitting around the office.

Edward Anderson, an elevator boy, and Charles Adams, a bellboy, who were talking together, were knocked down by slungshots in the hands of the burglars, who then turned their attention to the men in the office. George M. Perry of Boston, who represents the Holbrook Manufacturing company of New York, saw the highwaymen knock down the boys and started across the floor towards them. He was ordered to hold up his hands, but instead of doing so he attempted to grab one of the fellows. At this moment Perry was felled to the floor by a slungshot in the hands of the other robber, and when those in the office saw this they made a break for the doors.

Walter Castner, the night clerk, had loaded his revolver when the two boys were knocked down, and started to get out into the office floor with it in his hand. By this time the burglars had lost their nerve and made a break for the door by which they entered. They ran across the square towards the union station, and escaped. They are thought to be the same pair who operated in Boston and Lynn all winter.

MANILA'S WEALTH

And the Philippine Islands Is Marvelous.

ITS TRADE MOSTLY WITH THE UNITED STATES.

The Population Is Reckoned About 15,000,000.

Washington, May 6—The understanding at the state department is that Consul Oscar F. Williams, our representative at Manila, until the recent war began, is now aboard the flagship Olympia in Manila harbor, having accompanied Commodore Dewey from Hong Kong, so that advices may come from him to the state department, as well as from Commodore Dewey to the navy department.

A mail report from Consul Williams reached the state department recently dated Manila, February 28 last.

It gives a full description of the Philippine islands, their resources, their growth of American trade etc., and will be incorporated in the next volume issued by the bureau of statistics of the state department. Mr. Williams' report says:

"Local and European authorities estimate the area of the Philippine Islands at 150,000 square miles, and their population at 15,000,000.

"The island of Luzon, on which the city of Manila is situated, is larger than New York and Massachusetts, and has a population of 5,000,000, and the island of Mindanao is nearly, if not quite as large. There are scores of other islands."

Mr. Williams states that 22 consulates, representing the leading commercial countries of the world, are established at Manila.

He adds the surprising statement: "The volume of the export trade, coming under my official supervision, equals that of my 21 consular colleagues combined."

He then shows in detail how the trade of the Philippines with the United States exceeds that of all other countries combined, and is growing at a remarkable rate. As indicating the extent of this trade, he says:

"Today I have authenticated invoices for export to the United States amounting to $138,000."

He says the exports to this country average $1,000,000 a month. The report states that 216,000 bales of hemp were exported during the last three months Of these, 135,52 went to the United States and 78,000 to Great Britain and other countries.

Mr. Williams shows from this that the United States has 64 per cent. of the export trade from the Philippines as against 36 per cent. for Great Britain and other countries.

He says that last year the increase of shipments to the United States was 133,000 bales, and the decrease to Great Britain 22,000 bales. He adds:

"Of increased shipments from the Philippines, those to the United States were 84 per cent. greater than to all other countries combined."

He also gives details of the large shipments of sugar, cigars, tobacco, woods, hides, shells, indigo, and coffee.

In the item of sugar, which is second in importance, the shipments to the United States were 55 per cent. of the total to all points.

In a previous report dated February 10, Mr. Williams stated that Manila had just passed through a devastating fire, the total loss being $2,500,000.

He said the city would have been totally destroyed had it not been for the splendid service of an American fire engine brought from Seneca Falls, N. Y.

In another report, Mr. Williams gives the railroad and ocean steamship facilities of the Philippines.

The main railroad from Manila is first class, having steel rails, stone culverts and English engines, which make 45 miles an hour.

There are four steamship lines to Hong Kong and a monthly line from Manila to Liverpool.

A gazetteer published at Hong Kong gives the population of Manila as 225,000.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

RURAL DELIVERY

Of Mail Disapproved by the Senate.

OTHER MATTERS OF IMPORTANCE DISCUSSED.

Homestead Laws Extended to Alaskan Territory.

Washington, May 6.—During almost the entire session yesterday the senate had under consideration the postoffice appropriation bill. The measure carries $99,224,300, being very much the heaviest of all the appropriation bills. The most important action taken upon the measure was the adoption of an amendment offered by Mr. Tillman (S. C.) reducing the number of deliveries of mail in all cities of the country to not exceeding four each day. The amendment was sharply antagonized as a blow to business interests in the large cities, but the feeling of the senate was such that, despite the vigorous opposition, it prevailed by a decisive majority.

A lively debate was precipitated by an amendment of the committee striking out the appropriation of $300,000 for rural delivery. The proposition was discussed for nearly two hours. By the close vote of 25 to 22, however, the committee was sustained and the bill carries no appropriation for such delivery. An important amendment will prevent star route contractors from sub-letting their contracts. In order to get their money they must be able to swear that they performed the service themselves.

Just before adjournment the senate passed an important war measure authorizing the president and general officers of the army to supply the Cuban insurgents with arms and munitions of war and empowering officers of the army serving in Cuba to supply the needy inhabitants of the island with medicines and subsistence.

The Alaskan bill, extending the homestead laws to and providing for certain railway rights of way in the district of Alaska, was passed by the house. The labor arbitration measure providing for the arbitration of labor disputes between employes and certain common carriers, a bill which has been endorsed by labor organizations throughout the country, received approval.

It provides that in case a serious controversy concerning wages, hours of labor, or conditions of employment shall arise between a carrier subject to the act of the employes, the chairman of the interstate commission and the commissioner of labor shall, upon the request of each party, endeavor amicably to settle the dispute by mediation, and in case the endeavor shall fail then the controversy may be submitted to arbitration of a board of three persons, each party to the controversy to name one arbitrator and the two thus named to name the third. The agreement to submit must contain stipulations that the arbitration shall be begun within five days and the award shall be filed within 20 days from the appointment of the third arbitrator. The parties shall consider the award final and conclusive and faithfully execute the same. For one year the employer shall not dismiss nor shall any employe, dissatisfied with the award, quit work under three months without giving 30 days notice.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

How well the batallion looked in line today!

The janitor of this school will no longer perform his faithful duties here but will be changed to another school. Everybody who knows Mr. Condon says he is one of the best janitors the city has in its employ and are also convinced by his passing an examination last week that he is capable of taking care of any building in the state. He must also receive credit for his prompt attention to his work in the school.

Mr. William Ilce will play a banjo solo the 18th of this month at the Savoy.

The lunch counter is doing a great business.

Thursday, Capt. Greig met the officers in Room 20 and discussed important matters, instructing them to drill as hard as ever until he returns to them.

Mr. Napoleon Provencher, a graduate of the '97 class, has successfully passed the postal clerks' examination.

Mr. John Phelan has also passed the required test and will enter the employ of Uncle Sam as soon as the opportunity presents itself.

NOTRE DAME MUSICAL FESTIVAL

Past and present pupils of the Sisters of Notre Dame are putting their efforts in making the May Festival which is to be held in Associate Hall next Wednesday afternoon and evening a grand success. The musical programme for the entertainment is one of unusual brilliancy.

A large number of tickets are being sold and the affair promises to be one of social as well as artistic success.

CALLED TO MAINE.

Rev. Mr. Lockhart, who has been pastor of the Chelmsford Free Baptist church for the last eight years, has received a call to North Berwick, Me.



The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

BASE BALL.

The great game between the South Ends and the Emeralds will be played on the Fair Grounds tomorrow afternoon. It will be the only game played as it has been found necessary to postpone the Mountain Rock game because of the condition of the grounds. "Billy" Connors will pitch for the Emeralds, and McCarthy will play in the field, ready to relieve Connors, if necessary. The teams will line up in their best form and owing to the fact that the rivalry is intense and the South Ends have had the better of the previous contests, the game will surely be exciting. It will be the North common against the South common and both teams will go on the grounds heavily backed. The pitchers will have a battle and everything will depend on them. It is a toss-up between the two teams. John Lynch will umpire the game and play will be called at 3 o'clock.

THE JUVENILE DIAMOND.

Shamrocks silent.
Vanquished High schools.
The Shamrocks are also on top.

High school vs. Shamrocks would sound good.

Billerica, Andover, Nashua, Milford, Danvers, Haverhill, Salem and Tufts freshmen have teams that are equal in strength to the Lowell High school nine.

Thirteen errors in one game does not indicate superior playing. That many misplays were made in the Haverhill-Salem High schools contest.

Stirk was missed from the Shamrocks.

Out of one chance, Kearns made a wonderful catch of a sky-scraper in the High school game Wednesday. Who could improve upon that?

The Lowell High school team goes to Kingston, N. H., Saturday to play the Sanborn nine a return game. It is to be hoped that the New Hampshire town is bereft of a class of professional (?) ball tossers who attend juvenile games for the sole purpose of guying the players.

The local High school nine ought to arrange for games with all the out-of-town teams given above. Newburyport also has a nine.

Tufts had eight errors in their game with the Salem High.

Salem, Haverhill and Lowell are the leaders in the High schools race.

PATRIOTIC PARTY.

A very pleasant party was given in honor of Master Bert Dunham at his home in Stackpole street, Wednesday evening. About 25 young guests were present and a fine time followed. A spread was prepared by Mrs. Dunham. The party broke up at an early hour, before which there was a flag raising. Mr. Dunham raised the Stars and Stripes above his home amidst patriotic songs by the young people.

HIS ARM BROKEN.

Herbert O'Rorke, the seven-year-old son of Hugh O'Rorke of Kidder street was run over by a bicyclist in Gorham street yesterday, while playing in front of Good Templars' hall. He had his right arm broken and was badly bruised. The 'scorcher" rode away without giving his name.

PILL SENSE—It stands to reason that Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills will crowd out of the market many of the nauseous old timers. A better medicine at less than half the price is all the argument needed to keep the demand what it has been—phenomenal—40 doses 10 cents. They cure Sick Head ache, Billiousness, and allay all stomach irritations. At all druggists.—23.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., Central and Merrimack streets, and by C. E. Carter, Branch and Smith streets.

BANG! BANG!

2000 lbs. Pork Chops, 3 lbs. for 25c.; Fore Quarter Lamb, 5c. lb.; Fore Quarter Veal, 5c. lb.; 3 pecks Kale, 25c.; 3 pecks Dandelions, 25c.; 5 lbs. Rhubarb, 25c.

CENTRAL

CASH MARKET

CENTRAL AND CHARLES STS.

WANT COLUMN.

FIRST CLASS board at 118 Appleton street. Gents $2.50; Ladies $1.75. Meals, gents 25c.; ladies 15c.

MANHATTAN music at Burbank hall, Saturday afternoons. Burbank orchestra Saturday evenings.

TO LET—Front room, furnished or unfurnished, 18 Rockdale avenue, near Fletcher street

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

FOR SALE—Nearly new upright piano, cost $375. Will sell at a sacrifice as party is leaving town. 25 Chase avenue, Pawtucketville, city.

GRAND RECEPTION at Burbank hall Thursday, May 5th. Valuable prizes given in cake walk. Admission 25c.

FREE DINNER SET—Ladies, send us your full address, plainly written, and we will express you 12s of our sweet and exquisite Arabian Perfume Packets (in powder form to scent gloves, handkerchiefs, clothing, etc.) to sell among friends at 10 cents each. When sold, remit us the money (after deducting express charges) and we will send you for your trouble, a lovely decorated English Dinner Set of 100 pieces (full size for family use.) Each set is artistically decorated in colors, tasteful leaf and flower patterns. The shapes are of latest style, which every lady will appreciate. Order at once and mine nearest express office. Address Arabian Perfume Co., Bridgewater, Conn.

WAGONS—Butcher cart in fine order, new high grade democrat, new grocer wagon, attractive panel side wagon, handsome light order wagon, second hand riding wagon, etc., to be sold low, second hand democrat. J. F. Libbey, 69 Robbins street.

WANTED—Men and women, $3 to $6 per day. 452 Central street.

WANTED—An English speaking agent for a good district in the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., also one who can speak French and English. Must furnish good references and bond. Married men preferred. Apply at the branch office, 56 Central street, room 78. Wm. Thornton, Supt.

LOST—A white ball pup. Finder please return to 41 Elm street, or Johnson's millinery store, 230 Merrimack street and receive reward.

WANTED—Young man with $200 capital desirous of business already established in Lowell, paying a net profit of $700 annually. Address P. O. Box 458 Worcester, Mass.

SHIRTS made to order $1. Waists to order $1. Work guaranteed. Madame O. Gadbois, dressmaker, 317 Market street.

WANTED—By a man, 53, single place as coachman, hostler or general work. Swett & Co., 101 Central street.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WANTED—A young man with $700 capital, desirous of business already established in Fitchburg, Leominster and Lowell, paying a net profit of $300 annually. Trifling need not apply. Address P. O. Box 458 Worcester, Mass.

FOR SALE—The best liquor business (licensed) in a city of 30,000. The business has been established for 15 years, and is the best paying in the city, having averaged $25,000 (strictly retail) for the past three years. The place is furnished throughout with the latest modern improvements and conveniences. The building is located admirably in the centre of the most thickly populated district and has a large established trade. The only reason for selling is that the present owner is compelled by illness to give up. Books and income will verify about statement. Address H. E. Y., Box 237, Taunton, Mass.

WANTED—Experienced stocking mill help, toppers and knitters on seamless ribbed stockings. Address at once. Union K'tg Co., Danielson, Conn.

TO LET—Cottage of ten rooms, steam heat, bath, set tubs, hot and cold water cemented cellar, and barn if desired. W. H. Hagshaw, 11 Wilson street.

YOUNG MAN desires board and room in first-class boarding house. Address, stating terms, M m., care Evening Sun.

WANT NOONAN'S!—Yes, you want Noonan's. It's sure to kill all kinds of insects. Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs at all drug stores. A. E. Moar's, L. L. Walker's, A. W. Dows, D. O'Brien's and Storey & Co's.

WALL PAPERS at factory prices. $2 will paper your room with the latest design of wall paper with border to match. First-class work guaranteed. We also do painting, whitewashing, kalsomining at low prices. New York Wall Paper Co., 338 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Men and women to work at home. I pay $3 to $16 per week for making crayon portraits. New patent method, anyone who can read or write can do the work at home in spare time, day or evening. Send for particulars and work at once. Address H. A. Gripp, German Artist, Tyrone, Pa.

TO LET—Stable, two stalls, harness closet, ample carriage room, concreted, rear of 55 Tyler street, entrance from George or Church streets. Apply to Charles H. Walker.

WANTED—Lady readers to tell us what is the longest verse in the Bible. If you can tell us in what chapter it is, we will give you a prize of $100. If more than one person answers correctly we will divide cash equally. With your answer send 10 cents for our new library of 12 complete books, a grand prize in themselves. Address Keystone Book Co., 1011 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—On Gates' Land near Westford street, two tenement house with all modern improvements; good corner lot; price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their straw, leghorn or manilla hats cleansed or dyed and made in the latest shapes at the Hat and Bonnet Bleachery, 181 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—On Gorham street, 8 room cottage house and store doing a good grocery business; small barn, large corner lot of land. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. 1 1-2 inch one line rubber stamps, 10c.; 2 inch, 15c.; 35c. ink pads 5c.; 25c. ink pads 15c.; 50c. linen markers 25c.; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 158 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—Three miles from Lowell Post office, small farm of 8 acres, cottage house and barn, hennery and some fruit, $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

FOR SALE—Seven miles from Lowell, farm of 85 acres; two-story house and barn, wood for home use. Price $350. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central Street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 177 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, good 6-room cottage house, large lot of land. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

WANTED—Housegirls at the Lowell Employment Office, 352 Merrimack street, opposite City hall.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street Boston.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 262 Fayette street.

$15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid new 2 1-2 story hip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with tub, marble wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry; very sightly; near cars and school; will sell for $1800. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 8 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardner. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

Concrete paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 165 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

TELEPHONE 29-3.

Banner Market

GROCERY AND BUTTER HOUSE,

68, 72, 74 PRESCOTT STREET.

War! War! War!

Prices are Going Higher. Buy Now Before They Fire.

Our Butter Department Has No Equal in Lowell.

For new Spring Butter of the finest quality, at this season of the year, this is the place.

We are striving, always, to supply our patrons with the choicest makes of butter that the market will afford, and are now receiving direct from Vermont the finest and newest butter to be found in the market, not more than from 6 to 12 hours from the churn. Realizing that your tastes are fastidious, we have some very mild October Cheese, which we now offer from 10c to 12c. Cannot be purchased elsewhere for less than 15c to 18c. Strictly fresh eggs from country and farm, 15c to 18c. Eggs by the case 13 cents.

Armour's and Fairbank's Lard, in 20 lb. tubs. We have closed out many of the large lines of Canned Goods and have reduced our stock more than half, but still have some bargains in choice Peas, Tomatoes, Squash as well as Pickles and Chow Chows, which we will endeavor to close out during the next week. There are about 100 cases of these goods, and some lines will be closed out very soon. This is an exceptional opportunity to lay in a stock.

50 bush. choice Mealy White Potatoes, 20c. bush., 25c. pk.
60 bush. choice Hebron Potatoes, 20c., bush., 25c. pk.
75 bush. choice New Hampshire Red Potatoes, 20c. bush., 25c. pk.
25 bush. choice Danvers Onions, 75c. bush., 20c. pk.
15 bush. choice Red Onions, 60c. bush., 15c. pk.

All these goods are the best and will be sold out soon.

3 cans Alaska Salmon, 25c.
3 cans Baldwin Apples, 25c.
5 lb. can fine flavored O Government Java coffee, $1. We defy all to equal this coffee. Sold everywhere for 35c. lb.
3 packages Seeded Raisins, 25c.
3 lbs. 3-Crown Currants, 25c.
3 cans best Maine Succotash, 25c.
3 cans Clams, 25c.
6 cans French Sardines, 25c.

FISH DEPARTMENT.

Live Cock tail Haddock, fresh every day, 4c. lb.
Smoked Halibut, 12c. lb.
Live cock tail Haddock, fresh every day, 7c. lb.
Smoked Bloaters, 20c. doz.
Fresh Shoal Halibut, fresh every day, 10c. lb.
Smoked Salmon, 15c.
Fresh Chicken Halibut, fresh every day, 12c. lb.
Smoked Bloaters, 20c doz.
Kippered Herring, 25c. doz.
Finnan Haddy, 7c. lb.
Fresh Connecticut River Shad, 20c. each.

20 lb. boxes Boneless Cod, $1.
Fresh Penobscot River Salmon, 10c. lb.
10-lb. Scrap Cod, 30c.
Fresh Blue Fish, 8c. lb.
5 lb. box Boneless Cod, 35c.
Fresh Striped Bass, a Game Fish, 15c. lb.
3 lb. extra quality Minced Cod, 25c.
Fresh White Fish, 10c lb.
Fresh Eels, 10c. lb.
3 lb. box Fancy Boned Herrring, 25c.
Fresh Siscoes Fish, 10c. lb.
Flounder, 10c. lb.
Fresh Herrings, fresh Alewives.
Fresh Cod Steaks, 8c. lb.
Halibut Steaks, 10c. lb.
Halibut Cheeks, 10c lb.
Salt Mackerel, Salt Whole Cod.
Fresh Herring, Fresh Alewives, Spawn, 10c. lb.
Cod Liver Oil, pints, ½, ¼.
Fresh Boiled Lobsters every day at 4 p. m. Price this week 12½c. lb.
Clams, 35c. pk., 20c. a quart.
Oysters, 25c., 30c., 35c.

CUT MEATS.

Rump Steak, 15c to 25c.
Loin Steak, 15c. to 25c.
Round Steak, 10 to 12 1-2c.
Top Round Steak, 15c. to 18c.
Lamb Mutton Chops, 10c. to 15c.
Pork Chops, 10c., 12c., 15c.
Roast Beef, 8c. to 13c.
Boiling Beef, 3c. to 5c.
Pot Roasts, 5c to 7c.
Soup Beef, 2c to 4c.

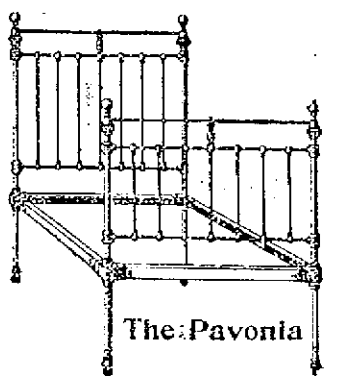
We deliver in any part of Lowell twice a day; Navy Yard once a day, and Tewksbury Center, Wednesdays and Fridays.



ONE WORD ABOUT

Mattings!

1 lot Seamless at	15c.
1 lot Seamless, extra heavy	20c.
1 lot Jap (Cotton Warp),	25c.
1 lot Jap (Cotton Warp),	45c.
500 Remnants Wool Carpet, 25c. yd.	
Window Shades, com. to hang, 25c. ea.	



The Pavonia

THIS IRON BED, $4.50

Full mount, brass rail, all sizes. Others from $2.50 to $50.

Getting Ready TO Clean House?

WE'LL HELP YOU!

Carpets at prices so low that it wont pay you to clean the old ones.

Robertson & Co., 82 Prescott Street

FANCY

Creamery Butter

SEE THIS STAMP ON EVERY PACKAGE.

Ask Your Grocer For It.

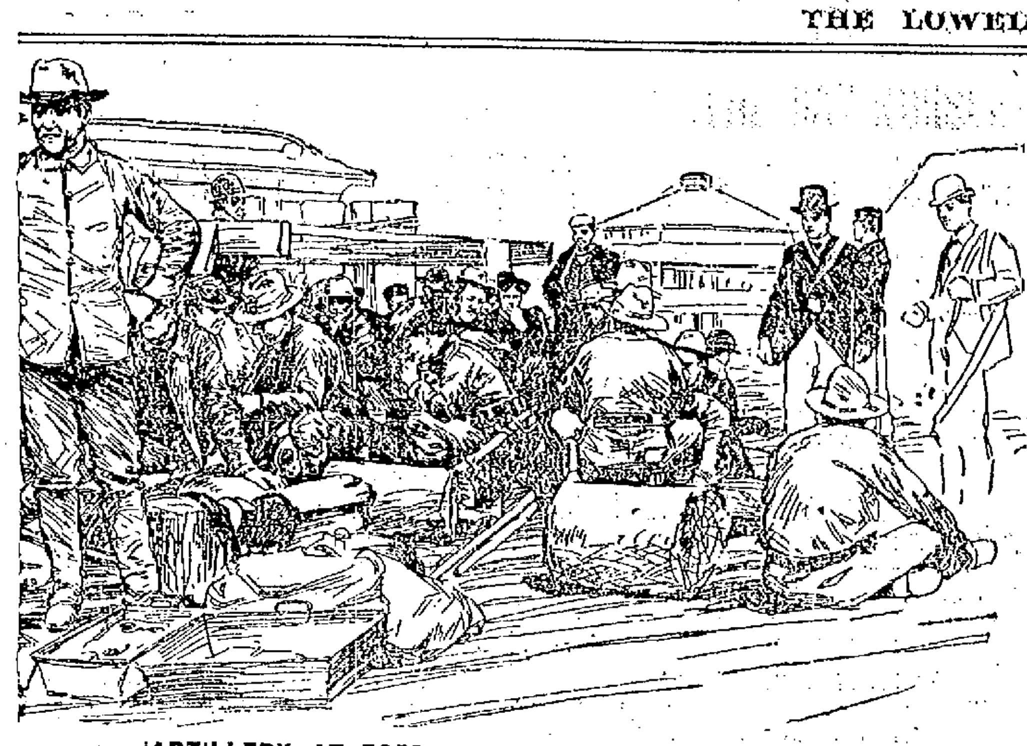
STEADY GROVE
Manchester N.H.
E.M.S.Co
Lawrence Mass.
SEPARATOR BUTTER

Ask Your Grocer For It.

No other Butter on the market today can Equal the Fine Flavor of the

"SHADY GROVE."

For Sale by all the Leading Grocers in the Merrimack River Valley from Franklin, N. H., to Newburyport, Mass.



ARTILLERY AT FORT MONROE MAKING A HASTY MEAL.

THE SUSPENSE IS DISTRESSING

Over the Delay of Dewey's Report to Washington.

The Philippines Isolated—No Alarm Over the Long Silence—Mysterious Movements of Sampson's Fleet—Queen Regent Said to be About to Leave Spain—Notes of the Situation.

Washington, May 6.—At the close of office hours Thursday Secretary Long had received no word from Commodore Dewey. However, he felt no apprehension over this lack of good news, because in the first place reports were not expected with the cable from Manila cut, and, furthermore, no fears were entertained as to Dewey's ability to maintain his position. There was no doubt that Dewey's fleet had annihilated the Spanish fleet, and with this much accomplished Dewey was master of the situation at Manila. It was suggested to Mr. Long that the shore batteries at Cavite and on the Corregidor island might be a serious menace to the American fleet, but the secretary did not share this view, holding that the strength of the Olympia and other ships in Dewey's command was ample to make him master of Manila bay and its surroundings.

The department is taking steps to render effective aid to the commodore in the matter of supplies, and a constructor of high ability is to go out at once to repair the damages sustained in the battle of Manila. Preparation for a suitable convoy for the supply ships was also indicated by the choice of a commander and officers for the Charleston, now at Mare Island. Having received the surrender of Manila, the commodore would be able to secure any quantity of labor and of such material as a maritime city like Manila affords for the repair of his ships. He also would be able to place his wounded in comfort in some of the Manila hospitals or other buildings.

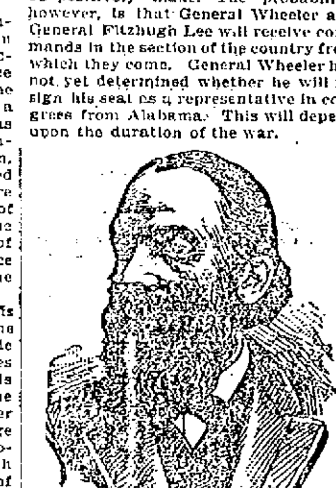
The department will ship 200,000 pounds of powder to the commodore to add to the stock he now has left. This will be made up of about 60,000 pounds of the grades used for big 8-inch guns, 60,000 pounds for the 6-inch guns, 50,000 pounds for the 5-inch guns and lesser amounts for other classes of guns. This, with the large number of 8-inch armor piercing projectiles, shells and 6-inch and 5-inch rifle balls, will make the shipment of ammunition a very large one. The powder and shot together will give 600 rounds for the big guns and several thousand rounds for the rapid-fire rifles.

No news could be gleaned relative to the movements of Admiral Sampson's ironclads, but from the confident tone of the few officials acquainted with the policy of the department it is inferred that they are expecting to hear very soon of news from this squadron almost as interesting and important as that received from the Philippines last Monday. A high official of the administration almost demolished the theory that Sampson was going to succor the Oregon, now on her way from Brazil to join the Atlantic squadron. He declared that the navy department was under no apprehension about the Oregon, as it did not consider that the Spanish admiral of the Cape Verde squadron would be willing to risk a combat with the Oregon even with the great odds in his favor, as, even if overwhelmed in the end, the Oregon would certainly destroy one of the Spanish ships and perhaps more, and the Spanish government could not afford to exchange pawns at this stage of the war. That left open as possible points of operations for Sampson either Porto Rico or some port on the Cuban coast, but just which theory is to be accepted is not even hinted by the department officials.

Brazil has declared its neutrality. There is no cause to regret such action on the part of Brazil, for however beneficial the delay has been to the United States in getting its warships safely along the Brazilian coast, the issue of the proclamation just now is likely to be still more beneficial in closing Brazilian ports to the Spanish flying squadron if it should be headed in that direction. It may be noted, however, that while the first reports were received with little credit, the advices, though not conclusive, inclined the officers to be belief that the Spanish flying squadron really has turned back from Cape Verde to consolidate with the home squadron at Cadiz.

Great pressure is being brought to bear upon the war department to secure appointments to second lieutenancies authorized by the recently enacted Hull bill. The list of applicants includes many bright men, for the regulation requires them to be under 30. Among them are former students at West Point, newspaper men and others with political influences back of them.

"Fighting" Joe Wheeler, one of the new major generals in the volunteer army, reported at army headquarters yesterday. He was the first of the major generals to signify to Secretary Alger his readiness for active duty. The president, however, has not as yet determined finally upon the organization of the volunteer army, and in the absence of any action in this direction, it is not likely that any designations will be positively made. The probability, however, is that General Wheeler and General Fitzhugh Lee will receive commands in the section of the country from which they come. General Wheeler has not yet determined whether he will resign his seat as a representative in congress from Alabama. This will depend upon the duration of the war.



GENERAL JOE WHEELER.

It is the understanding at the war department that the bill providing for the enlistment of over 10,000 "immunes" and a brigade of engineers will be modified so as to leave a discretionary, with the president to recruit probably 15,000 men made up of such special classes as he may deem best for the service. These classes, it is expected, will include "immunes," signal corps, cowboy companies and artillery and engineer regiments. This course is regarded as better than that proposed in the bill, in that it will enable the president to provide for obtaining such troops as he may think best.

Among those who have been prominent in urging upon the officials the formation of a brigade of engineer troops is Eugene Griffin, vice president of the General Electric company, a graduate of West Point, who served 14 years as aide-de-camp with General Hancock. He has tendered his services to the government in connection with the present war, and in doing so has written an interesting letter to Secretary Alger, giving his reasons for the formation of a brigade of engineers not exceeding 3500 men, who shall be enlisted and commissioned in the service. Each of these regiments, he says, should be composed of civil, mechanical and electrical engineers and practical electricians, mechanics, artisans, draftsmen and men familiar with all kinds of engineering work, capable of being rapidly converted into military engineers with proper training.

IS DEWEY IN CONTROL?

Boston, May 6.—At the banquet of the Electric club last night a member read a dispatch from a friend in Singapore as follows:

"Reliable information received here corroborates the news of Dewey's victory, and he is now executing the duties of governor general there."

REPULSED BY CUBANS.

An Encounter With Spanish Cavalry While Landing Insurgents.

Key West, May 6.—The Leyden left here Monday afternoon with a party of insurgents under General Baldamore Acosta, including five Cuban scouts under the leadership of Captain J. H. Dorst of the United States cavalry, besides a large quantity of arms and ammunition. The tug landed five men, with four boxes of ammunition and two horses. General Acosta also landed and penetrated to the interior, where he communicated with the forces of the insurgents. The Leyden lay outside the harbor until 5 o'clock in the morning, when, observing a troop of Spanish infantry approaching, she put to sea and got safely away. The same night she proceeded to Matanzas, and Tuesday afternoon landed another party near there. Fearing attack by the Spaniards, the Leyden returned to the original landing place.

Here she was met by Acosta and about 200 Cubans, half of whom were armed with rifles. They united with the men on the tug and an attempt was made to land the remaining arms and men, when 200 of the Villa Viceosa cavalry swooped down on them, and a fierce engagement of half an hour's duration followed. The Cubans finally repulsed the enemy, driving them into the woods.

During this engagement several rifle bullets went through the Leyden's smokestack, but no one was injured. The plucky little tug then went in search of the flagship, found her lying near Havana and reported the story. Rear Admiral Sampson sent the Wilmington back with the Leyden. The two vessels reached the scene of the landing and found the Spanish cavalry in waiting to welcome another invasion. The Wilmington promptly opened fire on a number of small houses marking the entrance to the place. The gunboat fired four shots which drove back the Spaniards, and Captain Dorst, with the ammunition, landed safely.

TO CHASE THE YANKEES.

Madrid, via Paris, May 6.—It is alleged that the governments of Cuba and Porto Rico having cabled that there is no need to fear a landing of American troops in those islands, two ironclads, two cruisers and three transports will leave Cadiz forthwith to chase the Yankees from the Philippines and then bombard Californian ports.

READY TO QUIT.

London, May 6.—A Vienna correspondent says: "Apartments have been reserved at a hotel here for the queen regent of Spain in case she arrived before apartments have been prepared for her in her brother's palace.

"Telegrams from the Austrian ambassador at Madrid (Count Dubsky) indicate that the queen regent is only waiting for a suitable moment to quit Spain without detriment to the interests of her son."

A PREJUDICED OPINION.

Madrid, May 6.—The Impartial, commenting upon a speech which the Marquis of Salisbury delivered at the annual meeting of the Primrose league in London, says: "His bitter words will arouse the indignation of all lovers of justice. Lord Salisbury voiced the ...... that might is right.' One may extend his parallel between powerful and weak nations in the following manner: There are conscienceless nations which employ ironclads as the bandit uses the knife. There are nations which sacrifice their aspirations to justice and pride of race. The strong powers must beware of the despair of those they desire to despoil. These powers are preparing a terrible close of the nineteenth century. At both Washington and London the fact is solemnly proclaimed that robbery is legal."

MR. M'CALL'S MEASURE.

Washington, May 6.—Representative McCall of Massachusetts has introduced a bill "to insure and protect the commerce, and merchant marine of the United States from depredations by public enemies." It empowers the bureau of navigation and auxiliary department of the treasury to examine into the value of all such vessels and their cargoes and give certificates, as well as allowing applications for such examinations to be made in foreign countries at the nearest United States consulate, the certifications to be taken as a basis for indemnification by the United States which the court of claims is authorized to make in cases of attack, etc., of a public enemy. The cargoes to be indemnified expressly except money, bullion or precious metals, securities, etc. The bill also amends the prize laws to make at least one-half of the proceeds of all prizes go into the treasury.

ABE HEWITT'S OPINION.

New York, May 6.—At a meeting of the chamber of commerce, President Seth Low of Columbia university offered a lengthy preamble and set of resolutions, pledging the unqualified and hearty support of the chamber of commerce to the president and congress of the United States in the conduct of the war. The resolutions also pledged the chamber to "bear its share of the coming burdens whatever they may be, to the end that such a peace may speedily be obtained as will insure to the benefit of our Cuban neighbors and to the domestic quiet and prosperity of the United States," and provide for the appointment of 30 members of the chamber "to take such action from time to time as may be necessary to give this action of the chamber its greatest possible efficiency and value." The thanks and congratulations of the chamber are offered to Commodore Dewey and the gallant officers and crews of the Asiatic squadron who, "by a blow struck under circumstances of peculiar heroism, have helped importantly to shorten the war."



ABRAM S. HEWITT.

The resolutions were seconded by ex-Governor Levi P. Morton. Abram S. Hewitt, in speaking to the question, said that if the United States had interfered in the Cuban question 26 years ago there would be no war today.

PREPARING FOR INVASION.

Key West, May 6.—The conditions of the Havana blockade remain unchanged, the line being rigidly kept by the Montgomery and other cruisers under Captain Converse, who is still in temporary command. Captain Lyons of the Dolphin, which has been cruising for 11 days along the western coast of Cuba, says there is great activity on shore throughout that section, especially in Bahia Honda. Groups of Spaniards can be seen working on improvised fortifications of all kinds. Earthworks have been thrown up all along the coast, and apparent preparations against invasion are being made.

During her cruise the Dolphin held up 18 vessels, all of which were released except the fishing schooner Lolo. The Dolphin had previously taken the Lolo, but had released her on the captain's promise to go in shore and remain there. Not long afterwards the Dolphin again found the Lolo cruising and apparently signalling information to someone on shore. The Spaniard was then captured despite the captain's protestations that he was not signalling.

CRITIC OF THE GOVERNMENT.

Madrid, May 6.—The debate on the government's policy was resumed yesterday, the sitting being mainly occupied with the continuation of Robledo's speech. He severely criticised the government for its lack of foresight and, after putting various questions to members of the cabinet as to the government's plans, he announced that he would ask the cortes to vote an income tax. He asked why, after issuing from the bay, Admiral Montojo returned to Cavite, "thus becoming a simple target for the enemy."

Admiral Bermejo, minister of marine, replied that Montojo acted entirely at his own discretion, no instructions having been sent him. Bermejo declined to answer a question as to the whereabouts of the Cape Verde squadron.

At a cabinet council, over which the queen regent presided, the premier explained the war situation and announced the safe arrival at Porto Rico of the Spanish Transatlantic company's steamer Alfonso XIII, having on board, it is said, reinforcements of troops and a very valuable cargo, including ammunition and supplies.

PROTECTING MILITIAMEN.

Boston, May 6.—For the protection of militiamen a bill has been reported in the senate which returns the men to their commands on their return from the United States service by granting officers leave of absence until 40 days after their discharge from the army or navy, with reasonable time to reach home; and granting all enlisted men furlough until not later than 30 days after their discharge. Any organization depleted by enlistments into the military or naval service of the United States may, in the discretion of the commander-in-chief, be recruited by enlistments in towns and cities in which are situated the armories of companies entering the United States service, for terms which shall continue for not longer than 20 days after the termination of the present war, and companies recruited shall choose officers at such time as the commander-in-chief may direct, whose commissions shall expire within 30 days after the declaration of peace.

WITHOUT AMMUNITION.

London, May 6.—A Paris correspondent says: "I hear on indisputable authority that five of the Spanish warships, including the Pelayo and the Alfonso XIII, have not yet been supplied with ammunition. This was the cause of the delay in the sailing of the Cape Verde fleet, and will probably compel it to return to Cadiz."

The Liberal, in a gloomy article which notes the "subterraneous rumblings preceding social upheaval," declares that "the fate of the country cannot remain longer with the weak hands and worn-out intellects of the men now governing the country."

REDUCING THE OUTPUT.

Fall River, Mass., May 6.—As a further step in the independent plan of curtailment of the output of the cotton mills of this city comes the announcement that the Merchants corporation, one of the largest concerns in the city, employing about 1100 hands, with a weekly payroll of $8000 and having 126,000 spindles and 3400 looms, will shut down tomorrow for at least one week.

While a definite plan of general curtailment has not been decided upon, it is stated that the American, Wetamoe and Mechanics mills will also enter upon a short time schedule soon. Other mills which have a large stock of goods on hand may also be forced into the movement.

VERMONT LEGISLATORS.

Montpelier, Vt., May 6.—Mr. Smith of Burlington introduced a bill to appropriate $10,000 to meet the expenses of the special session, and authorizing the state treasurer to borrow $200,000 to meet appropriations. A bill to prevent alien railroad companies being interested in railroads in this state was passed in concurrence by the senate and signed by the governor.

The railroad bill is to checkmate the Grand Trunk's plan to secure control of the Central Vermont railroad.

MAINE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

Portland, Me., May 6.—The grand commandery of Knights Templar elected the following officers: Commander, Frank E. Sleeper, Sabattus; deputy commander, Herbert Harris, East Machias; generalissimo, Albert M. Spear, Gardiner; captain general, Clayton J. Farrington, Lewiston; prelate, E. Howard Vose, Calais; treasurer, Leander W. Fobes, Portland; recorder, Stephen Berry.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

Metropolitans Took the Opening of the Series in Boston.

Boston, May 6.—With the score 4 to 1 against them, Seymour was put in to pitch for the New Yorks in the third. He proved an enigma for the home team, and the visitors won easily. Score:

New Yorks.	AB	R	IB	PO	A	E
Van Haltren, c. f.	5	1	3	1	0	0
Wilmot, l. f.	5	1	1	1	1	0
Joyce, 3 b.	5	0	2	11	0	0
Davis, s. s.	4	1	1	3	3	0
Gleason, 2 b.	3	0	1	2	4	0
Hartman, 3 b.	4	0	0	0	0	0
McCreery, r. f.	3	1	0	1	0	0
Grady, c.	4	1	2	3	2	0
Meekin, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Seymour, p.	3	1	1	0	3	0
Totals	37	6	10	27	13	0

Bostons.	AB	R	IB	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c. f.	2	1	0	2	0	0
Tenney, 1 b.	5	0	2	7	1	0
Long, s. s.	4	0	1	2	2	0
Duffy, l. f.	3	0	1	2	0	0
Collins, 3 b.	4	0	0	3	4	0
Stahl, r. f.	3	1	1	3	0	0
Lowe, 2 b.	3	1	1	3	3	0
Bergen, c.	4	1	2	4	0	0
Nichols, p.	3	0	1	1	2	0
*Stivetts	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	4	9	27	12	0

*Batted for Nichols in the ninth.

New Yorks	0	1	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	—6
Bostons	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—4

Two-base hits—Grady, Van Haltren, Lowe. Three-base hit—Davis. Home runs—Wilmot, Grady. Stolen base—Bergen. First base on balls—By Meekin, 1; by Seymour, 5; by Nichols, 2. Double play—Davis, Gleason and Joyce, 2. Hit by pitched ball—Stahl. Struck out—By Meekin, Hamilton; by Seymour, Hamilton, Tenney, Long, Stahl, Nichols, 2; by Nichols, Van Haltren, Hartman. Wild pitch—Nichols. Time—1:51. Umpires—Lynch and Connelly.

The New Bedfords played a fast game against the Newports and won easily, 8 to 6. Sechrist had the Newport players at his mercy up to the last inning, when he let up.

The Pawtuckets trounced the Fall River team in a well-played game. The Smith family were never in it after the sixth inning when four singles, a home run and a base on balls netted six runs. Score: 12 to 8.

The Providences defeated the Torontos, 12 to 8, in a game in which hits were well bunched on both sides. They mixed called balls and good hitting for seven runs in two innings against Foutz, and McFarland was substituted. They made five runs against him and won.

The defeat of the Tauntons by the neighbors from Brockton, 10 to 4, is easily explained. Wolff gave bases on balls and was pounded so hard in the second inning that he was replaced by McGamwell, who was unable to overcome the lead.

The league games scheduled in Brooklyn, Cleveland and Cincinnati were prevented by rain.

The Springfields were unable to bunch hits on McFarlan after the first inning, while Korwan was easy for the Montreals, besides being wild. Score: 12 to 4.

Killen was taken out of the ball game in Pittsburg when the fourth man faced him, after making an error, giving a base on balls and allowing two hits to the Chicagos. The game was called at the end of the sixth inning on account of rain. Score: 4 to 4.

BAY STATE SOLONS.

Boston, May 6.—After some debate in the senate, the bill authorizing the city of Brockton to light its central police station from its electric lighting plant in the city hall was ordered to a third reading by a vote of 17 to 14.

The bill providing for the creation of a board of apportionment in the city of Boston, the engrossment of which had been reconsidered, was again passed to be engrossed by the senate.

There was a long debate in the house on the bill to grant equal privileges to all express companies on railroads in Massachusetts. The committee on railroads reported ought not to pass on the bill, and Mr. Reed of Taunton moved to substitute the bill. Mr. Reed cited three companies that had a practical monopoly of the express business in Massachusetts. A vote was not taken.

J. M. FITZGERALD'S PUPILS.

Joseph M. Fitzgerald and his pupils gave their fifth reception in Burbank hall last night, Burbank's orchestra furnishing the music for 22 numbers.

The officers were Joseph M. Fitzgerald, general manager; Oscar Gray, assistant; Charles Manual, floor director; Frank G. L. Parks, assistant; Ernest E. Bailey, chief aid; Earl Carson, William Chisholm, George Kelly, Thomas Armstrong and Thomas Tully, aids; reception committee, Ralph Quealey, chairman; George Mealey, Charles Gallagher, John McCorville, and Fred Clark.

GRANDEST DISPLAY OF FINE

MILLINERY

Ever Seen in Lowell.

Fine Imported Millinery in Trimmed Hats and Shapes, Flowers, Ribbons and Feathers, as our customers say, at about half what other dealers ask. See them and you will save money.

This week we have added to our stock the grandest line of Ladies Skirts ever shown this side of Boston. Our Skirts are made from the very latest imported novelties and by one of the best manufacturers in the country. To see these Skirts would delight any lady whether she buys or not.

Also the grandest line of Dress Trimmings in gimps, braids, ... velvets and everything at about half what others ask.

If you want a spring Hat don't throw your money away ... prices. We can save you dollars on fine Hats, also on shapes ... Untrimmed shapes from 15c. to any price you want to pay.

Come and see us, you won't be sorry. We are known to give the best value in Lowell, that's what every lady says.

Our Motto—Honest dealings, low prices, good goods one price to everybody.

JOHN DRAIN

111 Gorham Street.

Quantity Makes Price

It always did and always will. We buy one hundred and fifty Bicycles at one time and carry over 500 wheels in stock. Prices from

$19.50 Up.

Good second-hand Bicycles from $5.00 up.

CASH OR CREDIT.

RING'S BIG STORE, 227-229 Dutton Street.

HONEST VALUE

And Your Money's Worth in This Space.

Children's Kid Boots, russet and black, sizes 3 to 6, 25c.
Children's Russet Spring Heel, sizes 6 to 8, 35c.
Children's Kid Spring Heel, sizes 6 to 8, 39c.
Children's Kid Spring Heel, lace or button, extra quality, sizes 5 to 8, 50c.
Children's Kid Boots, lace or button, extra fine, sizes 8 1-2 to 11, 75c.
Misses' Kid Shoes, sizes 12 to 2, 75c.
Ladies' Kid Boots, lace or button, opera toe or common sense, 98c.
Ladies' Russet and Black Oxfords, sizes 3 to 7, 50c.
Ladies' Serge Congress Boots, sizes 4 to 8, 49c.
Ladies' Serge Slippers, sizes 3 to 8, 25c.
Boys' Shoes, heel or spring heel, sizes 8 to 13, 75c.
Boys' Shoes, extra quality, sizes 11 to 2, 85c.
Boys' Shoes, extra quality, sizes 3 to 5 1-2, 90c.
Men's Shoes, lace and congress, all sizes, $1.00.

HEADQUARTERS FOR GOOD WEARING $1.25 and $1.50 SHOES.

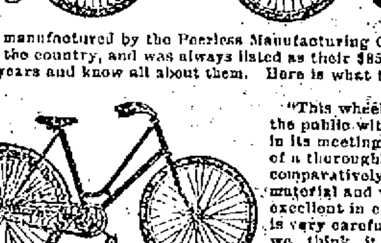
WE HAVE THE BARGAINS.

THOMAS P. BOULGER

115 Central Street.

Bicycle Bargain of the Season

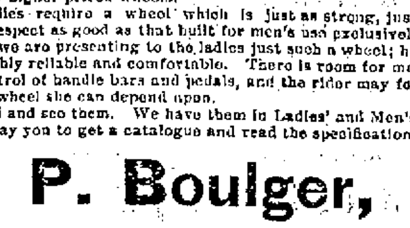
The $85 TRIUMPH Bicycle now selling



FOR $30

This Bicycle is manufactured by the Peerless Manufacturing Co., one of the oldest bicycle firms in the country, and was always listed as their $85 grade. We have sold them for four years and know all about them. Here is what the Peerless folks say about them:

The 1898 Triumph

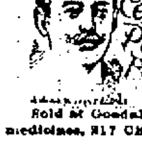


"This wheel is presented to the public with great confidence in its meeting the requirements of a thoroughly good wheel at a comparatively low price. In material and workmanship it is excellent in every respect. It is very carefully inspected, and we think it handsome in its lines, and beautiful in its finish. We know it is strong, and is easy running because of the high character of its bearings. For every-day riding in city or country for hill climbing, coasting or touring, we believe it will prove to be entirely satisfactory to all riders. It is as well finished and as fine in appearance as many higher priced wheels.

Ladies require a wheel which is just as strong, just as easy-running, and in every respect as good as that built for men's use exclusively. We think that in our Triumph we are presenting to the ladies just such a wheel; handsome, good as it looks, thoroughly reliable and comfortable. There is room for mounting, a position giving full control of handle bars and pedals, and the rider may feel that she is mounted upon a wheel she can depend upon.

Call and see them. We have them in Ladies' and Men's in different colors, and it will pay you to get a catalogue and read the specifications.

T. P. Boulger, 115 Central Street.



Fifty Cents Per Box. TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it. The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and for ... Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, ..., Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) ... HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 317 CENTRAL STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WHITE EASELS WITH TEA.

A new lot of easels have arrived and we will continue to give them away with a pound of tea, while they last. Dickson Bros., Teas, 69 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star French and German lines, Sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 15 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

Estey Parlors, 146 Merrimack street, for Piano Bargains.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson St. Telephone, 439-4.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

One Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine, only $23. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

This is a time of trial. Rourke & Sullivan's coal will stand the test. Telephone, 884 Gorham street.

MAY 14TH IS QUARTER DAY AT THE WASHINGTON SAVINGS BANK. 4 PER CENT.

If you use Flue Lining in your chimneys, you know they are safe. W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street, sells it.

PRIMARY TEACHERS.

The Primary Teachers' union will meet this afternoon in the vestry of the Paige Street Free Baptist church, at 4.30 o'clock. Rev. Joel Leonard, Ph.D., of Melrose will deliver an address on "The Pastor's View of Primary Work."

MURRAY CLUB OFFICERS.

The adjourned annual meeting was held at the home of Rev. C. E. Fisher last evening, and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Arthur D. Gilbert, president; Miss Helen Bradford, vice president; Blanche Fife, secretary and treasurer.

FIFTH ANNUAL RECEPTION.

The fifth annual reception of Joseph M. Fitzgerald's pupils was held last evening. An order of 22 numbers was danced.

After intermission a sword dance was splendidly executed by Mr. James Fraser, and was followed by a cake walk. Following are the names of the victors: First prize, Mr. Monohan and Miss Dupont; second prize, Mr. Robert Armstrong and Miss Lyons; third prize, Mr. Walsh and Miss Nettie Walsh.

The floor was managed by the following: General manager, Joseph M. Fitzgerald; assistant general manager Oscar Gray; floor director, Charles Manuel.

BRANCH STREET CHURCH.

At the adjourned annual business meeting of the Branch Street Tabernacle held last night, the following officers were elected: Collector, James M. Butler; treasurer, Samuel G. Stephens; clerk, Chester L. Chamberlain; auditors, Miss Anna A. Leach, Miss Elizabeth V. Beale. The finance committee was re-elected as follows: W. F. Hills, S. G. Stevens, George A. Shields, James M. Butler, Frank T. Fletcher; music committee, Miss Anna A. Leach, Miss Mattie H. Baron, James R. Cove. The deacons were re-elected, viz: W. F. Hills, F. T. Fletcher, James R. Cove, James M. Butler. The standing committee consists of the pastor and deacons; Messrs. George A. Shields and William V. Babkirk, Miss Abbie M. Watson, Mrs. Georgiana Foss. Baptizing committee: Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Foster, Mrs. T. A. LaPorte, Mr. George H. Eaton, Mrs. E. T. Fletcher, Mrs. George A. Shields.

ANOTHER LOWELL BOY

FIGHTING FOR THE STARS AND STRIPES IN THE NAVY.

Every day discovers another Lowell boy in the United States navy ready to give battle to the Spaniards. This time is Russell Hand, the 19 year old son of Mrs. Sallie L. Hand. He has been in the United States navy for three years and during times of peace had a berth on the battleship Indiana. He is now on the Bancroft, from which he wrote to his mother the other day, stating that Schley's fleet will also defeat the Cape Verde squadron when they meet.

ANNUAL RECEPTION

OF PROF. ELVIN'S DANCING PUPILS LAST NIGHT.

The sixth annual reception and ball of Prof. William F. Elvin's pupils was held last night at the dancing academy on Dutton street.

The hall was tastefully decorated, the national colors being much in evidence. There was a large attendance. The grand march was led by Mr. Bertram Currier and Miss Maude Coffin, followed by about 75 couples.

The officers were: Floor manager, William F. Elvin; floor director, Nils Anderson; aids, Fred Osterhout, Hector Dunn, Bertram Currier, Norman Shorey, Charles Pitcher, John Shaw, and Joe Seddon.

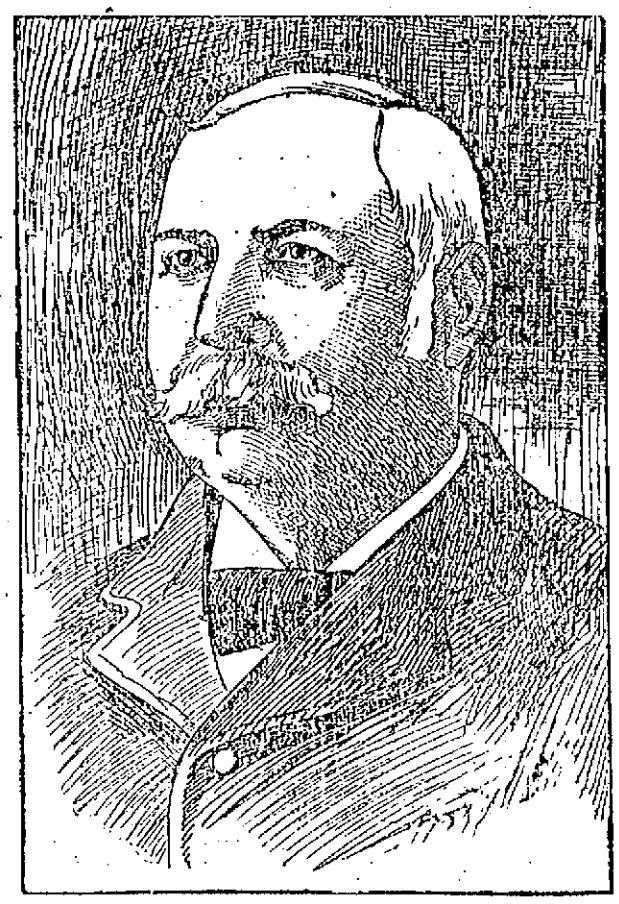
THE HIBERNIANS

LAST NIGHT HEARD REV. FR. SHEEHY AND VOTED TO PARADE.

The local divisions of Hibernians held a union meeting at their hall last night and voted to turn out in regalia today to assist in the escorting of the local militia to the depot. Remarks were made by Messrs. O'Sullivan and O'Neil, relative to today's parade after which Rev. Fr. Sheehy of Limerick, Ireland, known as Ireland's Soggarth Aroon, delivered an interesting discourse on Hibernianism. The distinguished visitor is possessed of a fine voice and the history of his native country has been his study for years. Because he, by voice and pen, resented the oppression of his countrymen in Ireland, he was thrown into prison by the English authorities where he sat side by side in the same cell with Charles Stewart Parnell. Fr. Sheehy will deliver a lecture in Associate hall, Sunday, May 8.

First class job printing done at this office.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.



MAYOR BENNETT, Who Headed the City Government in Line.

NOTES FROM CAMP

Military Captains Rejected at Framingham.

A MOST RIGID EXAMINATION ENFORCED.

Lowell Companies Will Not Suffer This.

The companies at Framingham have been surprised by the rejection of some of their officers whom they supposed to be all right and this for the slightest cause, such as defective teeth or something not more serious.

On Wednesday, five companies were examined and almost all the line officers of the Second were before the surgeons. As a result, two captains and three lieutenants will return to their armories and join the home guard.

Although it was not stated why these men were rejected, the heart and the lungs had considerable to do with the decision of the surgeons. The rejections of enlisted men will not go over 15 per cent. today, and this is considered a remarkable showing, considering that the men of the Second had not been subjected to a medical examination by their regimental surgeons previous to coming to camp.

All the forenoon, the recruits of the various companies were out on the field. At 12 o'clock, the Ninth Infantry marched on to the field. The boys of the Second lined up at the end of their company streets to welcome their comrades in arms. The regiment marched directly to quarters and immediately Col. Converse issued the blankets and other camp equipments.

Immediately the regiment was settled in quarters, Col. Bogan summoned the captains of each of the twelve companies and gave orders for the examinations. It is expected that the Ninth Infantry will show a less percentage than that of the Second, because everyman in the regiment has been examined within the past few week by the surgeons of the regiment.

While very little work of a military character has been performed since the troops arrived they have been taught several object lessons which will long be remembered, especially by the officers in choosing men for their respective companies. Hereafter it is safe to say none but able-bodied men will be enlisted in the M.V.M. Men over whom tears were shed by their relatives who thought the men were going direct to Cuba to fight the hated Spaniard, will return to become a member of the home guard, rejected for physical disability.

Many of these men should never have volunteered their services and caused their relatives unnecessary suffering as they must have known that they could not pass the physical examination.

Company F of the 9th Infantry is undoubtedly the best fixed company for a long campaign on the field, thanks to the loyal citizens of Lawrence. Each man is supplied with a pair of common sense shoes, stockings, under clothing, two blue flannel shirts and numerous other useful articles which will come in handy if they are sent to the front.

Company M of Lowell got a rousing send-off by Lowell citizens, but it was not favored by orders for equipment by the city as was the Lawrence company but yet it is well prepared for the service.

The boys of the 9th feel justly proud of the remarkable demonstration at the camp as in Boston and will cherish with pleasure the sprig of green presented to each member on their departure for "the front" by City Forester Doogue.

The strength of the Second Infantry today was as follows: Field and staff 16, Company A, 6; B, 76; C, 75; D, 75; E, 75; F, 76, G, 76; H, 74; I, 81; K, 75; L, 76; M, 75; total, 925.

The details for guard mount of the Second was Capt. William J. Crosier, officer of the day; Lieut. William L. Young of Company D, officer of the guard. For the Ninth, Capt. J. Moynihan of Company F, officer of the day; and Lieut. Crane, officer of the guard.

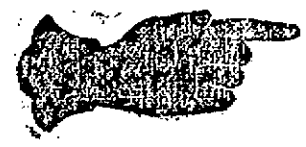
MIDDLESEX COMPANY vs. McCUE.

This was one of the suits in equity brought by Prentiss Webster to settle the title and boundaries of the Middlesex company's pond in the Concord river, Charles Cowley brought it up before Judge Knowlton on Wednesday, and a final decree was entered establishing the defendant's right to the land and the plaintiff's rights in the pond pursuant to the decision made by the full bench of the supreme court.



SUPT. DAVIS of the Police Department.

A GREAT SEND OFF!



It was cheering to the Boys in Blue to receive such a tremendous Send Off. We know something of the feeling. We appreciate the "Send Off" given us in our attempts—Achievements—Successes in Great Mark Down Sales.

May the send off be as lasting with the "Boys" as with us.

We have always been in it—We hope they may.

A few more days of the **BIG SALE.** Fail ye not to pay a visit. The following are (not Torpedo Destroyers) but price reducers. Make time and money by reading all items.

RIBBON VALUES.

A lot of Colored Silk Ribbons, worth 15c and 19c, for 5c a Yard.

Fancy Silk Ribbons, all kinds, a large assortment, worth 25c. A big send off at 9c Yd.

A lot of Fancy and Plain Colored Silk and Satin Ribbons, worth 39c. Big reduction, ain't it, only 15c a Yard.

KID GLOVE VALUES.

160 dozen 4-button and Foster Lacing Kid Gloves that were $1.00, in all shades and black, for only 49c a Pair.

240 dozen two-clasp real kid gloves, in tans and blacks, all the new spring colorings, always $1.25, now only 79c a Pair.

Two-clasp and Foster lacing real kid Gloves, always $1.50. We are giving great values though, so down they go at 98c a Pair.

CORSET VALUES.

Three tremendous bargains in Corsets for today and tomorrow.

One lot of Corsets, slightly and muchly soiled, worth as high as a dollar a pair, for a small price, viz., 29c a Pair.

CORSET VALUES.

Some $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.25 Corsets, principally the popular American Lady Makes, but other good makes, all go in for a send off at 69c a Pair.

One lot of Corsets, not so much damaged as the first lot, a superior lot that will, no doubt, delight our customers at 49c a Pair.

INSIDE SKIRT VALUES.

Some of these were wet through and through, it simply proved their superior materials as they stood the test grandly.

One lot of Skirts in Fancy Checks and Stripes, also black satine, good dollar values for 79c.

Near Silk Skirts, in fancy checks, plaids, etc., also black Henrietta, with double flounce, a great bargain at $1.23.

One lot, some damaged a little—price damaged much. A reduction has been made of as much as a dollar on a skirt—Moreens, Lastings, etc., in circular flounce, only $1.98.

GENT'S FURNISHINGS.

Men's Fine Balbriggan Underwear, finished seams ribbed Skirt, only 49c. Shirts and drawers.

Men's Fancy Outing Shirts, a great variety, worth much more money, nevertheless, they go at 49c.

Men's Golf Hose in all the new weaves and designs, been sold at 50c, etc., now they are 25c a Pair.

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

We have been fortunate in securing another lot of Misses' and Children's Reefers at a tremendous reduction from the regular prices for cash. This means that on Saturday morning will be offered a full line of Garments, in sizes from 2 to 14, at exactly 50c on the dollar.

SHIRT WAISTS.

The grand opening of Shirt Waist season will be remembered by the following bargains:

1 lot Fine Percale and Linen Waists at 25c.

1 lot Fine Lawn and Linen Waists, detachable collars, 49c.

1 lot Fine Gingham and Fancy Trimmed Waists, 98c.

THESE ARE GREAT DAYS AT

THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS COMPANY, HUSTLERS.

SUDDEN DEATH.

OF MRS. FRED C. MILLER OF WESTFORD STREET.

Betsey E. Miller, wife of Fred C. Miller, the well known architect, died at their home, 479 Westford street of apoplexy Thursday afternoon at twenty minutes past 1 o'clock. Mrs. Miller was in the best of health in the morning but was stricken with the fatal shock at 8 o'clock and died as above stated. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband, Fred C. Miller; three sons, Fred C. Miller, Jr., of Pittsfield, George S. Miller U. S. C. E.; and Royal F. Miller, one daughter, Bertha M. Miller of this city besides a very aged mother.

GREAT AUCTION.

A very large stock of Groceries, Teas, Coffees, etc., at 378 and 382 Broadway, will be sold at auction to the highest bidders Friday and Saturday, May 6th and 7th, commencing at 2 p. m. and will continue each afternoon and evening. All goods must be taken away by Monday, as the store must be vacated on that day.

—Joseph Rutherford, Auctioneer.

Fine job printing done at this office.

REMEMBERED BY HIS FRIENDS.

Frank M. Iby, who has been employed in Pilling's shoe shop, was yesterday presented a purse of about $100 my his fellow workmen. Mr. Iby who is going with Company G, is the only man from Pilling's factory to volunteer.

James H. Pearson and Henry Hopkins of Company G received purses of about $40 from their associates in Lamson's shop.

A subscription was taken up in the Bleachery yesterday for a bouquet to Captain Carr, an overseer there. It was presented to him in the parade this morning.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, SATURDAY, MAY 7.

Sun rises—4:32; sets, 6:50.

Moon rises—9:02 p. m.

High water—12 noon; 12 night.

It will probably be slightly cooler Saturday, but there is promise of clearing weather during the evening and night, and the conditions now seem favorable for fair weather, more sunshine and warmer temperatures Sunday, with high to fresh westerly winds.

That Can

marked **Cottolene,** contains the shortening that makes everything else in the market basket more fit for food. It is the sign of a healthy household, where lard has been thrown aside; wherein thrift and good living and freedom from dyspepsia result from the use

OF **COTTOLENE**



Genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins with our trade-mark—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Made only by

where in one to ten pound yellow tins with "Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way.

The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Montreal.

TEETH

No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial Teeth without plates; also Peerless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted—no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Nitrogen Evenings

$5 to $10 a Set

DR. J. K. McKELLAR, Painless Dentist, Room 21, 58, 59, Runels' Building, cor. Merrimack & Bridge

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS

High Class Garments a Specialty.

Excellent material and good work for little money.

New styles added to our stock daily. Prices from $4.95 up to $22.50.

Suits and Bicycle Skirts made to order.

SPECIAL VALUES IN BLACK SATIN DUCHESSE

21 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $1 a yard, at 69c.

24 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $1.25 a yard, at 79c.

27 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $1.50 a yard, at 89c.

23 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $1.75 a yard, at 98c.

23 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $2 a yard, at $1.25.

CREDIT TO ALL

The rather cool weather during April has left us with more goods on hand than we care to have. Shivering days these—too cold to be without a jacket or wrap of some kind. We will give you a chance the next two weeks to buy one at a big reduction in price and terms.

JACKETS, CAPES, TAILOR-MADE SUITS, BICYCLE SUITS, SILK WAISTS, TRIMMED HATS,

All marked down. Every garment at your disposal for a little down and a little each week.

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDRENS' CLOTHING, SPRING OVERCOATS.

They are yours for your simple promise to pay us a little something every week. When you trade with us you needn't do much thinking. There is only one kind here and that's the best. It's so natural that we must give you the best. Your bill comes due gradually, there is plenty of time to test our statement

Caesar Misch

78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.

YOU CANNOT BEAT IT THE BICYCLE WE OFFER AT $25

It's listed at $50.00. Our stock is large, we want to turn it into money and have cut the price in two. Don't buy until you visit

RING'S BIG STORE,

221-229 DUTTON STREET.

S. T. Farrell

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY'S

GREAT LEADERS!

Ladies' Fast Black and Tan Seamless Hose, worth 19c., only **10c.** pair.

Ladies' Stainless Black Hose, ribbed and plain, with double sole, heel and toe, worth 25c., only **12 1-2c.** pair.

Men's Bedford Half-Hose, the greatest sock of the day, worth 25c., only **12 1-2c.**

Men's summer weight Merino Shirt and Drawers, fine quality, only **25c.** each.

Boys' Fast Black School Hose, with double knee, heel and toe, only **12 1-2c.** pair.

See our stock of LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS and WRAPPERS before buying elsewhere, it will pay you.

110 and 112 Merrimack, Formerly Central Street.

THE ONLY ONE.

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full telegraphic day service of the Associated Press by its own operator in its its own office. That's why it leads all its local rivals in the latest war news.

THE LOWELL SUN

SECOND HAND PAPERS.

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot, you must buy The Lowell Sun.

21ST YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

DEWEY RULES AT MANILA

Having Forced Surrender by Bombardment.

LATEST!

WILL WIRES EVER SPEAK?

The Country Awaiting the News of Dewey's Great Victory.

Officials Believe He Was Unable to Subdue the Forts Immediately—Spanish Reports Say That Dewey Was Entrapped—Spain's Agents Send Sensational Report to London Newspapers.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 6.—The fifth day since the battle of Manila opened without bringing the slightest trace of news of that engagement from any official source to the navy department. The state department was in equal ignorance, notwithstanding the fact that it had taken steps to receive the earliest information that might reach Hong Kong through Mr. Wildman, the United States consul at that point. There is no apprehension expressed, however, as to the safety of the American fleet at Manila, though there is a dawning suspicion that Commodore Dewey was not able to subdue the forts at Corrigedoa Island and the defense of Manila proper immediately. From the meagre reports received from Manila before the interruption of cable communication, it was not made quite clear that the Spanish forts at Cavite were forced to surrender immediately following the naval engagement. If that were the case, Commodore Dewey would be under the necessity of destroying or capturing them. It would be necessary to silence the Corrigedoa guns in order to avoid being bottled up in the harbor. Both of these tasks take not only time, but ships, and it is not to be supposed that Commodore Dewey would feel justified in sending one of his ships away for the simple purpose of carrying news when she was needed to fight.

WHAT SPAIN SAYS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lodnon, May 6.—The Spanish authorities are trying to make as much as possible out of the absence of news from Commodore Dewey.

They are supplying matter to the London newspapers to the effect that the American commander has been entrapped by Admiral Montejo, who they add, is known to have left outside Manila bay a dozen concealed gunboats, which now prevent any issuance from that port. Therefore, the Spaniards claim, it is impossible for Admiral Dewey to send a despatch boat to Hong Kong.

GREAT BRITAIN REFUSES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, May 6.—Certain powers, it has been learned by the Associated Press, have again made overtures to Great Britain, looking to intervention in the war between Spain and the United States, but Great Britain has again refused to take part in any such movement, and it is a significant fact that the British naval authorities have decided to immediately commission two new battleships just completed.

MUTINY ON BOARD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, May 5 (10 p. m.) Delayed in transmission.—The Mallory line steamship Alamo, having on board the detachment of West Point engineers bound for Cuba, had a small mutiny today among her firemen and coal passers. These men, on learning that the Alamo was to proceed to Cuba when the troops go there, refused to do duty under the circumstances, claiming that the steamer is not sufficiently protected against the enemy. The mutiny threatened to result in a serious delay to the ship's movements, but the captain of the engineers in charge of the troops took the matter in hand and placed the mutinous men under restraint.

MANCHESTER CROOKS

INDICTED BY THE GRAND JURY TODAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Manchester, N. H., May 6.—The grand jury indictments against 52 persons were made public this morning. The most sensational is that against Elmer H. Lewin, merchant, and Elmer M. Mandigo, real estate agent, both of this city, charging them with obtaining money from Samuel J. Hayes under false pretences. The two men wer arraigned today and ordered to each furnish $2000 bail. The indictment alleges that Hayes sold a store to Lewin for $200 and that Lewin gave him a note secured by four lots of land in Bridgewater, Mass which he and Mandigo are claimed to have represented as worth $150 a lot, but which is said to be worth less. This is practically the same scheme that has been worked here and in Nashua extensively by a man named Currier, who secured a swamp in one of Manchester's suburbs which he laid off into beautifully planned streets and lots.

MURDERED MISSIONARIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, May 6.—The colonial office today received the names of the American missionaries who were murdered during the rebellion at Shanghai in the Sherboro district, Sierra Leone, on the west coast of Africa, as announced on Wednesday last.

They are Mr. and Mrs. Kain, and the Misses Archer, Hatzeld and Schenik. The other missionaries, Mr. and Mrs. Burtner, Mr. and Mrs. Minshall, and the Misses Mullen and Ward, are safe at Freetown.

POLICE COURT.

Eight drunks.

George Charlton received three months for larceny from the Lawrence corporation.

Two continued cases were once more continued.

CATHOLIC NEWS.

CATHOLIC LYCEUM VOTED TO DISBAND LAST NIGHT.

The Catholic Lyceum of St. Patrick's parish held a meeting last night for the first time in several months and it was voted to disband the oragnization as there has been a lack of interest in the society for some time. The organization was in excellent financial standing and Treasurer John P. Curley have $180 on hand.

Fine job printing done at this office.

OTHER LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ON PAGES 3 AND 5.

Teas at Wholesale—We have a large stock of Teas and Coffees on hand and would like to have you get our prices before purchasing. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street, Tel. 673-3.

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office and Stables, Market St. Cor. Worthen.

NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK

TRIED TO RUN THE BLOCKADE

Sampson's Fleet Puts an End to the French Liner's Flight.

The Lafayette a Large Naval Reserve Captured Near Havana for Trying to Enter the Harbor—Fear of Serious Complications With France Over the Capture.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, May 5.—On board the Associated Press despatch boat, Kate Spencer.—The big French liner, Lafayette of St. Nazaire, with a full complement of reservists on board from Corruna, Spain, April 23, was captured off Havana shortly before sundown last night by the Minneapolis. The Lafayette was heading directly into Havana, and was captured only after an exciting chase. After being boarded by men of the Minneapolis, she again attempted to run the blockade, but was again compelled to heave to. The Wilmington, Newport, and Morrill participated in the capture. For over two hours Captain Hunter of the Minneapolis, the temporary flag officer, and Captain Todd of the Wilmington exchanged signals. After the examination of the Frenchman's papers had been made, a prize crew from the Annapolis was placed on board and she was sent to Key West, under the escort of the Wilmington. A very delicate international question is thought to be involver because of the long consultation which finally resulted in sending her to Key West. The fact that she was thought to leave Spanish ports after the declaration of war seems to be the warrant for holding her. On the question of contraband of war the officers of the Wilmington are reticent. The very large number of male passengers on board leads to the suspicion that she carried recruits for Havana.

It is reported that the Lafayette, in addition to being a regular French mail seamer is a French Naval reserve vessel mounting guns and carrying a crew sufficient to make her ready for active service at short notice. This, it is said, tdd considerably to the gravity of the international aspect of the case.

The Annapolis had been doing such fine work with her engines that she overhauled the stranger two miles ahead of the Morrill.

There was a flash, a puff of white smoke, followed by the seemingly long delayed boom of a gun fired down the wind, which announced that Uncle Sam had ordered the stranger to heave to. The liner obeyed and the Morrill and the Associated Press despatch boat started on a neck and neck race for the big prize.

In the meantime a boat from Annapolis had boarded the Frenchman, as the stranger was made out by its colors to be. On board the liner a crowd of excited passengers pressed anxiously about the vessel's side. Up from the South, the wicked gray hulk of the Washington, and the delicately lined Newport were looming up rapidly.

A moment or so after the liner was first boarded, the three warships lay by till the boat from the Annapolis started back from the liner to the gunboat. Then, suddenly, to the astonishment of all on board the war ships, the French man blew a long whistle and put on full steam ahead, pointing straight for the entrance of Havana harbor.

A sharp word of command rang out on board the Annapolis, and in less time than it takes to pencil these words her crew were at quarters and the muzzle of every gun of her starboard broadside was pointed in deadly earnest straight at the runaway. Then the big after-gun roared forth a hoarse order from over her starboard quarter while the crews of the other guns looked up anxiously eager to follow suit. But the warning note had its effect. The big liner again stopped her engines and then put them going astern while columns of steam from escape pipes told of the high pressure below pleading for release.

The Wilmington and the Morrill, however, had already started across the Lafayette's path. But their services were not necessary, for the Frenchman no longer dared make a run for it. Then there was a long spell of wig-wagging between the Annapolis and the Wilmington in the dusk of the evening, the sun dropping behind the horizon and the night falling over the scene like a drop curtain, for there is no twilight in these latitudes. Therefore, later, electric signals succeeded the flags and there was a nervous period of rigging and blinking red and white questions and answers. The signalling continued for at least on or over an hour.

At 7.45 p. m., the Annapolis and the Wilmington lowered boats with officers and boarded the Frenchman. Their examination of the liner was soon over and after the boats had returned to their respective ships a prize crew from the Wilmington was put on board and at 8.15 last night, the big Frenchman was headed north and escorted to Key West under the guidance of the Wil-

(Continued to Page Five.)

CANARIES TO BE ATTACKED

The Board of Strategy Plans for Their Capture.

Great Britain Notified of the Intended Move—It is Done to Draw Spanish Fleet From Cadiz Porto Rico Will be Taken Tomorrow—Important News Expected From There by That Time.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, May 6.—A story is published here that the British admiralty has been advised by the Washington naval strategy board to remove British subjects from the Canary Islands, and it is added that this accounts for the second class British cruiser Charybdis being sent to Las Palmes and leads to the conclusion that Rear Admiral Sampson may attack the Canary Islands, which would either draw the Spanish fleet out of Cadiz or give the United States a naval base from which to attack Spain.

PORTO RICO TOMORROW.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 6.—It is expected in administration circles that Porto Rico will be taken by the United States before tomorrow. A cabinet officer said today that important news might be expected from Porto Rico Sunday.

Money Deposited on or before Friday, June 3d, in the SAVINGS DEPARTMENT of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from June 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

Chas. J. Gliddon, Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier. Middlesex Street, Cor. Post Office Avenue

New Upright Piano to be Given Away to the party possessing oldest piano in Lowell. Our Jacob Doll Pianos are the leading instruments of the age. A genuine article; factory prices; easy terms. For sale by Samuel Orr, No. 322 Merrimack street, Associate Building, Lowell, Mass.

ONLY WORD FROM DEWEY.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE SUN.

London, May 6.—A special despatch, dated Shanghai, purports to give Japanese reports of the fighting at Manila, is received via the Island of Formosa. It says that after disposing of the Spanish fleet and Cavite, Commodore Dewey bombarded Manila. The city, it appears, was soon on fire in many parts, the work, it is added, chiefly of the insurgents. Great loss of life is reported to have occurred among the Spanish residents of the city, but there is no statement of any loss on the American side.

AMERICANS IN CAVITE.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE SUN.

Madrid, May 6.—The Imparcial says the officials of the German Embassy here have received a despatch from Hong Kong, announcing that the American Commodore in Manila Bay is reported to have effected a landing at Cavite, after a fresh bombardment of that place.

Putnam & Son

Men's Blue Serge Suits

STRICTLY ALL WOOL.
FAST COLOR.
COATS PIPED WITH SATIN.
PERFECT FITTING.

$6.00

A SUIT.

PUTNAM & SON.

166 Central Street.



CAPT. ALEX. GREIG of Company C.

THE SOLDIERS' FAREWELL.

(Continued)

lck Barrows, Bat. Adj. Charles Littlehale, Sergt. Maj. Charles Stevens. Company F, Cadets: Capt. James Mudge, First Lieut. Dana Whipple, Second Lieut. Richard Walsh; Company D, Cadets: Capt. Thomas Kelly, First Lieut. Charles Kelley, Second Lieut. William Bagley.

Second Battalion—Cadets: Lieut. Col. Lloyd Haworth, Bat. Adj. Edward Cilley, Sergt. Maj. Hope; Company C, Cadets: Capt. Arthur McLean, Lieut. Walter Bean; Company B, Cadets: Capt. Thomas J. O'Donnell, First Lieut. Francis Murphy, Second Lieut. John J. Rogers; Company A, Cadets: Capt. Frank Dupee, First Lieut. Harold Varnum, Second Lieut. Geo. F. Lawson.

Lowell Cadet Band.
Letter Carriers.
Shaw Hosiery Employes.
Pilling's Shoe Shop Employes.
Lamson Consolidated Store Service Company.
Lowell Ministers.

Boys 'Brigade of the Highland Congregational church, in command of Rev. Mr. Merriam.

A. O. H., 100 men in command of John A. O'Hearn.

Mathews' Temperance Institute, 50 men in command of John Pinder.

Lowell Lodge Elks, Rollin W. Stickney in command.

Sons of Veterans.

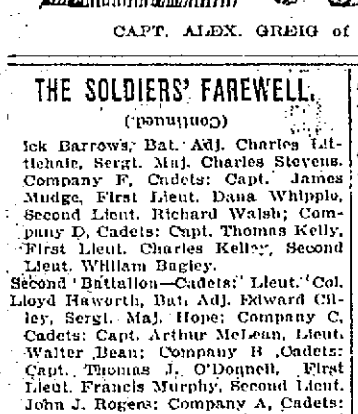
Tally-Ho, containing lady-friends of Sergt. Lewis Hunton of Company C.

Citizens.

Patriotic Float Representing Uncle Sam on Horseback.

As the two companies with their regular complement of uniformed men and un-uniformed volunteers emerged from the armory to take their position within the hollow square formed as may be noted above, the crowd at the armory burst into the wildest applause which noticeably affected many of the brave young men in blue.

With little delay and terrific efforts on the part of the police to keep back the crowd which insisted upon shaking hands once more with the departing



1st LIEUT. THOMAS LIVINGSTON.

troops, down Appleton street, to Gorham street, to Central, to Merrimack, Dutton, to Thorndike, to the depot, the marching bodies proceeded amid enthusiasm that was indeed inspiring.

The scenes along the line described would take columns of space. Everywhere some new and distinct patriotic feature was presented by the crowds on the sidewalks. At St. Anne's church the chimes rang out patriotic airs, while the firemen on Palmer street, who were not in the parade, fired off a large cannon, adding to the noise and enthusiasm.

As the procession passed along Dutton street, they were greeted with cheers from the pupils of Notre Dame academy, while the bells in St. Patrick's church tower pealed forth their patriotism.

AT THE DEPOT.

But at the depot, the scene was most inspiring and though time may bring forth other events of unprecedented character, to the gatherings there, it is, nevertheless, extremely doubtful if ever the sight at that depot will be obliterated from their memory.

It was impossible to estimate the size of the crowds at the depot and in its vicinity. To place it at 25,000 is a conservative estimate. Thorndike street hill and below Middlesex street,



CHIEF HOSMER of the Fire Dept.

the tracks, depot and buildings in the vicinity, were choked with people and though the police fought with drawn clubs, they could not push the crowd back, which was packed tight from the building walls to the middle of the street.

By some rather dubious arrangement, the special train for the soldiers was backed across Thorndike street, blocking the passageway. Into it the soldiers passed in twos, amid the cheers and Godspeeds of the crowds. The engine and roofs of the cars were packed with cheering men who held their positions until after the train had moved out of the depot. It was intended to have some formal exercises such as a few selections by the united bands, but all formality was driven to the winds by the immense, unruly, sweltering fainting, screeching, patriotic multitudes which surged back and forward, as the waves of a mighty sea against the sides of the cars, each with a particular soldier boy to bid God-speed.

Just before the train started, two men from the Taylor Roof Shingling company mounted the roof of the engine's cab and unfurled an immense American flag, which covered the entire cab. This action set the crowd's lung power loose and wild cheers drowned every other sound.

Then amid a momentary pause in the excitement, the bell on the engine rang. The boys on the train yelled "All Aboard!" As if from a mile away, came the faint notes of the "Soldier's Farewell" played by the St. Patrick's band, and the train began to move.

In another instant, no band, no engine were heard, but a mighty chorus of "Good-byes" "Glad luck you," "Good luck," and "Take care of Yourselves," rent the air and Lowell's gallant Sixth had started to defend its grand old reputation in maintaining its country's honor.

SOME DECORATIONS.

Some of the decorations along Central street: Tilton & Co. had a very fine window display, also a number of flags suspended from the building. The Prescot bank had flags, C. H. Joyce & Co. had flags, and the Shattuck building had a pretty display of flags. Legault, the jeweller, had a very extensive display of bunting and flags. The Arlington hotel was nicely draped with bunting and flags. Putnam & Son had the front of their building beautifully decorated with flags and bunting. Bartlett & Dow and the Rockingham had a very pretty display. Cook, Taylor & Co. had the most extensive decorating of any one on the street; the entire length of the building from the first floor to the roof is decorated with bunting and flags. The Farragut House had bunting and flags suspended from the entire front of the building. The Washington House and Burbeck's restaurant made a very pretty display. On Appleton street, there was no particularly special feature in the way of decorations, but nearly every residence the entire length, from Gorham street to the armory, showed the patriotic spirit by suspending flags. From Thorndike street to Middlesex, there was a large display. The Wamesit bank building was entirely decorated; also the Stott block, Union market, Corey, the furniture dealer, and Geo. Enwright's wine rooms. One of the original features seen on the street was a man with a bicycle decorated with flags and wearing a red, white, and blue sweater. The Belvidere Hotel and Glidden's block on Middlesex street had a striking display of flags from every window on the entire building. The Mathews draped their hall in the Mansur Block, as did the Woolen Spinners of Bay State hall.

There was not a house along the entire route that did not display one or more flags if not bunting and other features.

THE LAST NIGHT.

The boys of Companies G, Sixth Regiment, had little of the armory to themselves last night.

Visitors came by the hundreds, then swelled the numbers into the thousands till they were wedged in the corridors and company room so tightly that progress was impossible. It was a crowd of young people.

Only at intervals in the big crowd could there be seen a man or a woman who might be termed of middle age. And they were strangers to the armory for they looked with a strange gaze upon everything in the big armory and seemed deeply interested in preparation for camp.

Some of them were guided by a young man in uniform, evidently their son, who explained to them everything that commanded their attention.

The great majority of the gathering were young ladies, sisters, cousins, and sweethearts of the "regulars." Many came expecting to see a drill, but neither of the companies was put through the manual, or the marching movements. And so the main points of interest were in the company rooms. Company G has its quarters on the first floor and during the entire night there was not a dull moment.

Over in one corner of the room a private, in uniform sat at the piano and played patriotic airs, while the soldier boys sung. Then they turned to sentimental ballads, battle hymns and later to the light coon melodies in which all joined. Captain Greig did not report at the armory up to 9 o'clock but the men were not anxious for they said, as they sat about packing their blankets and getting their uniforms in trim, "the captain will be here yet and a good cheer will greet him."

In the card room some of the men were engaged in a hand of whist, and others sat about and told stories of camp life to the recruits.

It was announced that the following men would go into camp with Company C:

Capt. Alexander Greig, First Lieut. Thomas Livingston, Second Lieut. Fred Costello, First Sergt. Colby T. Kittredge, Second Sergt. Victor J. Hosmer, Third Sergt. Arthur Ashworth, Corporal Otto S. Hahn, Corporal Gardner Pearson, Corporal G. E. Worthen, Jr., Corporal Walter P. Berry, Musician Francis Rigg.

Privates E. Lathrop Aldrich, Thomas Ashworth, W. H. Bagshaw, Jr., H. C. Bellamy, E. A. Barnes, Ezra J. Bowden, Frank Burns, B. W. Chandler, Ralph W. Clogston, Charles J. Duffy, C. L. Faneuf, Edward Flannigan, W. C. Gannon, W. E. Goodwin, Russell S. Gorling, Maurice E. Hardy, John H. Kelsey, Archie McAuley, Alexander D. Mitchell, Rosco Miller, Carl F. Pihl, John Royal, William E. Savage, Herbert Savage, Arthur H. Tuttle, Algernon Varnum, B. L. Walker, Frank B. Wheeler, Jacob Ortzelcher, George W. Peterson, H. William Hatch, James Greig, Frank C. Douglas, Leslie J. Wisner, J. Victor Carey, Harry W. McQuesten, James Percy Maxfield, David T. Gifford, Fred G. Harmon, Albert E. Richardson, Fred Woodbury, William E. Cook, James McKenzie, George Dunlavey, Edmund Hutchins, Philip E. Abbott, Benjamin Baker, Samuel E. Regnier, Fred Nichols John B. Walker, William Davidson, Eben Sears, Charles E. Curtin, Arthur E. Garland, Charles H. Hill, Jr., Patrick Kiernan, John Bradley, George H. Connell, Charles S. Winslow, Frank B. O'Brien, Herman S. Walsh, Manuel Lonsa, Walter La-Mountain, Thomas R. McNally, William A. Bainbrige, William H. Murray, John H. Hooper, John E. Lyons, Ira J. Savage, Thomas Kilderry, Sylvester F. Sullivan, J. Cavanaugh, James J. Quinlan, William F. Hackett, Fred N. Charland, David Frawley, Robert C. Dexter, Jacob E. Moseck, George E. Tracey, Charles W. Ryan.

Upstairs Company G. entertained many of its friends in the room on the second floor. Captain Carr was examining the helmets and overlooking the company's property. "We will go into camp," said he "in excellent condition. We will have the quota and men to spare. My men, in fact the men in every company are anxious to go. It pleases us immensely to see the way the people of Lowell are treating us and the preparations they are making to send us off. That public feeling that is behind us is enough to buoy up any company. I have the men selected who will go into camp."

Then the captain presented the following list of names:

Captain Edward B. Carr; First Lieut. William Fairweather, Second Lieut. George S. Howard, First Sergt. Lewis G. Hunton, Second Sergt. George H. McNamara, Third Sergeant George R. Colwell, Fourth Sergt. Frank A. Boyle, Fifth Sergt. Fred C. M. Silk, Corporal Pearl T. Durrell, Corporal William E. Golden, Corporal Murdock McKinnon, Corporal Fred B. Barris, Corporal Bernard E. French, Corp Frank Dodge.

Privates Harvey M. Aldrich, Edwin G. Baker, Arthur Boucher, Richard J. Barton, Arthur Boucher, Ralph A. Brackley, George H. Brock, Jenbert W. Bull, Samuel Busby, Curtin E. Bonham, Arthur A. Bourden, John A. Caldwell, George W. Carey, Joseph Crawford, Peter Courtney, Thomas F. Connors, Forrest W. Durant, Patrick H. Driscoll, Thomas W. Doyle, Calvin H. Druel, Levi Demange, John A. Delmore, John Dempsey, William J. Goodwin, John J. Gair, Armene Grenier, Richard Gibbons, John T. Guyette, Frank D. Green, George W. Halpin, George A. Hartley, Daniel M. Hayes, Fred G. Huntoon, William F. Hunt, Henry Hopkins, John H. Heneghan, Alfred Harnois, Wilfred Hebert, Frank M. Ibey, Jeremiah Leary, John Low, Daniel H. Lynch, William H. Langell, Thomas F. Muldoon, Waldo F. Miles, John J. Maguire, Herbert C. Mason, Frank J. Munroe, William F. Mervin, Hugh Maguire, Judson A. Phillips, Calvin F. Prince, James H. Pearson, William H. Peltier, Charles J. Spaulding, Joseph Sanson, George H. Sanderson, Samuel A. Strong, Cornelius J. Sullivan, Burton L. Upham, Harry L. Young, Forrest T. Weeks, Patrick H. Wallace, Ernest Waltham.

Armorer Carr had quite a time handling the big crowd at the armory and he said that in the early part of the evening he was obliged to shut the gates for a while, so great was the crush.



CAPT. E. B. CARR of Company G.

A $200,000 FIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cincinnati, O., May 6.—Manss Bros. and Wolfe Bros' shoe factories at seven stories, were burned this morning Seventh and Sycamore streets, each fing. The loss is estimated at $200,000.

DEATHS.

KIERNAN—John Kiernan, an old employe in point of service of the street department, died yesterday at St. John's hospital, aged 42 years. He is survived by his wife, father, three brothers and three sisters. The funeral will be announced later.

VARNUM—Gertrude May, daughter of Daniel and Annie Varnum, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 607 Bridge street, aged 19 years. Besides her parents, she is survived by one brother, a Dartmouth College student.

GIBBYNS—H. M. Gibbyns, aged 4 years, died Wednesday, at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gibbyns, 6 West Fourth street.

LARKIN—Winnifred, the 19 year old daughter of John and Mary Larkin, died Wednesday evening at her parent's home in North Chelmsford.

FARREY—Mary Farrey, an old resident of Tewksbury, died Wednesday night at her home in that town, aged 75 years.

FUNERALS.

GIBBONS—The funeral of Henry Gibbons, son of Edward and Norah Gibbons was held yesterday afternoon. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

SHOUT—The funeral of the late Edward Short will take place from St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

FARREY—The funeral of Mary Farrey took place this morning from the Sacred Heart church at 9.30 o'clock. There was a large attendance. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

The Sons and Daughters of Maine held a regular meeting in Union hall last night and initiated six new members.

Members of Centralville Lodge, the Daughters of Rebekah, were entertained at the residence of F. J. Fleming in High street last evening.

Lady Franklin Council, Daughters of Liberty, gave a box party in Odd Fellows' hall last evening. G. C. Curtin was auctioneer and war prices were obtained for the offerings.

After the serving of refreshments there was dancing. The committee in charge was as follows: G. C. Currier, chairman; A. G. Long, William Prescott, Asa Hilliard and William Ferris.

Dewey Council, No 1, o fthe United States Indemnity Society was organized in Post 185 hall last night.

The officers elected were: P.C., W. J. Hardy; V.C., H. V. Kittredge; recorder, John Parker; warden, C. H. Molloy; local secretary, James Magee.

BROKE HER LEG.

Katie McGarrell slipped and fell in Middlesex street yesterday and fractured her right leg. She was taken in the ambulance to St. John's hospital.

Why is it that nearly all aged persons are thin?

And yet, when you think of it, what could you expect?

Three score years of wear and tear are enough to make the digestion weak. Yet the body must be fed.

In Scott's Emulsion, the work is all done; that is, the oil in it is digested, all ready to be taken into the blood. The body rests, while the oil feeds and nourishes, and the hypophosphites makes the nerves steady and strong.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

FEARFUL HAVOC

Played by a Tornado and a Waterspout.

THOUSANDS LEFT HOMELESS AND MANY KILLED.

Houses Floating in the Rushing Torrent.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Little Rock, Ark., May 6.—A special from Van Buren, Ark., says: Waterspouts and tornadoes have played havoc here and done hundreds of thousands of dollars damage. Three houses were blown down at Rudh, five miles east of here last night, and it is reported that Winslow, a summer resort on top of Boston mountain, is entirely gone. Two bridges on the 'Frisco road over Clear Creek, have been swept away and the road abandoned. Trains have run for two days around via Clarmore, Indian Territory and then down the Kansas and Arkansas Valley road but the latter had a two-mile washout and 300 yards of a landslide.

Van Buren is now entirely cut off, save by way of Little Rock. The Arkansas river is 25 miles wide in places and is now four inches higher than it was in 1892, which was the highest on record. At 11 o'clock last night, boats were busy in the bottom rescuing the inhabitants. Thousands were rescued and it is feared that many have been drowned. Two houses were seen going down the river, but the boatmen failed to reach them. Rain is falling in torrents and the end is not in sight.

Flags For the Reserve.

An auxiliary to the National Volunteer reserve has been organized by the colonel's daughter, Miss Norma Mayer. The members are making flags and "housewives" for the reserve.—New York Tribune.

WE PERMIT NO OVERSTATEMENTS

Some people consider deception an art. It may be, but it's an art we have no use for. Fair dealing is artistic enough for us. It makes new friends and holds old ones, and that's all we are after. The competition in clothing has never been so keen as this season, and we realize that only some extraordinary effort on our part will enable us to keep in the lead. This superhuman effort we are now making. We buy and sell for spot cash only. When same manufacturer needs money—and needs it quick—he knows where to come. The wonderful bargains which we are offering this week in

Blue and Black Serge Suits

is the result of the visit of one of them Each suit a gem of its kind. Each one head and shoulders above any bargain yet offered this season anywhere. Our price while they last is

$7.50.

This week will witness the liveliest suit selling Lowell has ever seen for a while. Just see us hustle.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Co.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

Dominion Line (O. S. and Royal Mail Steamer) BOSTON SERVICE

S. S. "CANADA" (New.)

9000 Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool:

SATURDAY, FEB. 19, 8.30 A. M.
SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 12, Noon.

Saloon passage $60 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations), $48.50; round passage, $78.57. Steerage passage $25.50.

PORTLAND-LIVERPOOL Service

S. S. Labrador sails Wednesday, Feb. 2nd at 1 p. m. Vancouver sails Saturday, Feb. 12 at 1 p. m. Low passage rates. Saloon, $50. Second Cabin, $34. Steerage, $22.50. For passage, plans, etc., apply to company's office, 103 State St., Boston, or to local agents, Deals Murphy, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, F. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

Hosiery and Underwear Sale Saturday.

Surplus stock of two very prominent manufacturers. Our hustling organization this week scooped some of the best things ever offered. A little more than

Half Price the Rule for Saturday

Ladies' and Children's Hose.

Boys' and Girls' Fast Black Cotton Hose, double heel and toe, regular price 5c.
Saturday's Price, 3 Pairs for 25c.

Boys' Ipswich Bicycle Hose, extra heavy quality, double heel and toe, 25c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 15c. Pair

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, double heel and toe, regular 15c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 8c. Pair

Ladies' fancy drop stitch and Maco Foot Hose, fast black, regular 20c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 12½c. Pair

Ladies' Royal Stainless Hose, in drop stitch and plain, high-spliced heel and toe, regular 33c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 17c. Pair

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, with Maco foot and extra fine gauze, high spliced heel and toe,
Saturday's Price, 21c. Pair

Boys' and Girls' two and one ribbed fast black Maco Cotton, with double knee, heel and toe, very elastic,
Saturday's Price, 17c. Pair

Ladies' and Children's Underwear

Children's Jersey Vests and Knee Pants,
Saturday's Price, 12½c. Each

Boys' Jersey Vests in long or short sleeves,
Saturday's Price, 23c. Each

Ladies' Sleeveless or Short Sleeve Jersey Vests,
Saturday's Price, 12½c Each

Ladies' Jersey Vests, long sleeves, regular 50c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 33c. Each

Ladies' Silk Vests in an endless variety of colors, regular 75c. quality,
Saturday's Price, 49c. Each

Ladies' Bicycle Tights, black or Egyptian, double seat,
Saturday's Price, 50c. Pair

$30,000 Stock of New Furniture.

Which we advertised Wednesday contains some of the most extraordinary values ever offered in reliable up-to-date merchandise. If you need a piece or a set for your chamber, parlor, dining room, hall, or library, in fact any part of your house, come at once and see what you can find in this sale.

It is Positively a Great Money-Saving Sale for the People.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

LENGTH OF THE WAR.

Judge Thomas Mackey Thinks It Will Extend Over Three or Four Years.

Hon. Thomas J. Mackey of South Carolina, who was a captain of engineers in the Confederate army and did splendid service in the construction of the fortifications at Richmond and other points, was seen in Washington recently.

In 1866 he made a thorough examination of Morro Castle, and the plans thereof, drawn by him, are in the war department. Judge Mackey will no doubt go to Cuba in a very short time as an engineer in the United States army. In a conversation with a Washington Post reporter the judge took a very different view of the probable length of the conflict from that generally entertained.

"I think," said he, "that our war with Spain will extend over a period of three or four years and possibly much longer. To achieve final victory we will be forced to land an army on Spanish soil, and that will bring on the greatest battle in the annals of history. A quarter of a million of men will be engaged on either side. The taking of Cuba and Puerto Rico, instead of marking the termination of the struggle, will only be its inception, and the enemy is wise enough to have discounted the loss of this territory. Spain has a population of 19,000,000 and is a warlike race. Unless we administer a crushing blow on their own soil they will not stop fighting for the next 30 years."

DEVOTION OF A MOTHER.

Many Watched Her as She Marched Beside Her Soldier Son.

A sight for Spartan eyes was witnessed recently in Chicago when the first detachment of naval recruits from Chicago and Milwaukee marched down the smooth asphalt of Jackson boulevard to the Pennsylvania depot, en route for New York, to enter active service. Notwithstanding that the escort of 500 bluejackets of the Illinois naval reserve were showing a faultless drill, everybody watched one figure in black.

Right among the marching recruits and keeping close alongside of a strapping young fellow in a light overcoat, who was carrying a small traveling grip, was a woman of fully 60 years. She was dressed in mourning, and many a hurrah was hushed as people caught the first glimpse apparently of a widowed, gray haired mother personally taking her son into the rank and file of the boys in blue. She kept an arm around him and her head bowed, noticing no one else. Perhaps 20 other women and girls—mothers, wives and sweethearts—walked with the recruits, but the attention of the spectators followed only the lone woman in black till she was lost in the distance.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

ARMY NURSES IN ENGLAND.

They Undergo a Severe Training and Are a Part of the British Army.

"England does not agree with the United States that men are better nurses than women," said a member of one of the relief corps to a New York Tribune reporter recently. "A body of trained nurses would indeed be a valuable aid to the medical and surgical departments of our army and navy. In England the government established a training school where women were to be educated for the army nearly 30 years ago. The queen founded Netley hospital after Florence Nightingale's work in the Crimea.

"Nurses have to spend five or six years in training, which is exceedingly severe, and when they are graduated they wear a uniform and are a part of the British army. They must respond at a moment's notice, and with little baggage, to go to any part of the world where they are needed. They take the sufferers home from plague stricken lands and from battlefields and perform all the arduous duties of an army nurse's life. I wish we had such a corps in the United States. Some day the government will wake up to the need of it."

A Quick Fight to a Finish.

We must win, and the sooner the better. War is dreadful, but the United States is in it now, and there is only one thing to do, and that is to go through it and finish up the business as quickly and thoroughly as possible. Spain is the open enemy of this country, and there is just one way to treat a state of war—that is to carry it through to a state of peace.—Hartford Courant.

First class printing done at this office.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.

Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Refrigerators AND BABY CARRIAGES

Are quite important factors to many households at this season of the year.

$7.00

Will buy a low Refrigerator, and

$4.50

Will buy a fine Baby Carriage.

Where can you do as well? Let us go

INTO PARTNERSHIP

With you, in other words we will invest our time with you while you inspect our stock. You can lose nothing, with every opportunity to win. This is an offer you should look into.

GAYNOR & CO.,

35 PRESCOTT ST.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Cures Every Form of Inflammation; INTERNAL as much as EXTERNAL.

The real danger from every known ailment of mankind is caused by inflammation. Cure the inflammation and you conquer the disease. Inflammation is manifested outwardly by redness, swelling and heat. Inwardly by congestion of the blood vessels, growth of unhealthy tissue, pain, fever and disease; as asthma, abscesses, hernia, bronchitis, colds, coughs, croup, catarrh, ehaps, all forms of sore throat, la grippe, mumps, muscular soreness.

SAFE SOOTHING SATISFYING

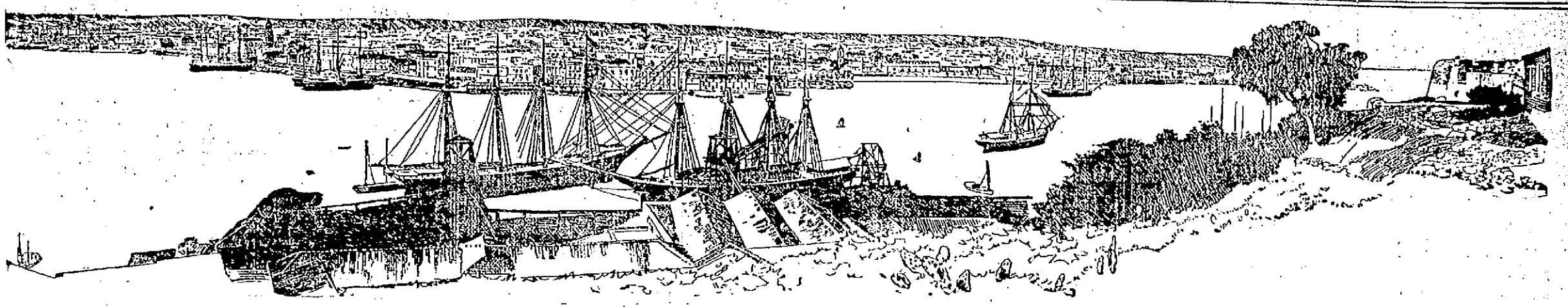
Originated by an old Family Physician in 1810. Could a remedy have existed for over eighty years unless it has cured many family ills? There is not a remedy in use today which has the confidence of the public to so great an extent as this Anodyne.

Our Book on INFLAMMATION Mailed free. The Doctor's signature and directions on every bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Price, 35 cents. Six bottles, $2.00. A. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

"Best Liver Pill Made."

Parsons' Pills

Positively cure Biliousness and sick headache, liver and bowel complaints. They expel all impurities from the blood. Delicate women find relief from using them. Price 25 cts.; five $1.00. Pamphlet free. A. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston.



PANORAMA OF HAVANA.

WITH THE PARADE

Sights and Scenes Along the Line

THE IMMENSE CRUSH AT THE NORTHERN DEPOT.

Pathetic Incidents Attended the Departure.

With time and space at command we could write columns on sights and scenes in connection with this morning's unprecedented demonstration and yet leave many unwritten, for such a general co-mingling of people has never been witnessed in this city and it is doubtful if ever again it will be.

Besides the almost entire population of the city for every mill, workshop and business place had its help out, that was on the streets, Lawrence, Haverhill, the Chelmsfords, Tyngsboros, Dracut, Tewksbury, and other villages turned out in force, coming in on the electric cars, while the trains from places further away brought hundred of people.

The sun had hardly shown itself when the discordant cry of the street fakir with flags and souvenirs was heard along the streets and in a short time everyone had a flag, the streets presenting a most picturesque sight. After eight o'clock flags were at a premium and shrewd flag sellers, who had held their goods in eserve, made a fortune, demanding exorbitant prices and getting them.

Lest I omit some it is safest to state that every public or private place was decorated, though some were particularly attractive.

For instance at the depot, the Richardson House front was covered with an immense banner that has come down from the days of the civil war.

And speaking of hotels, the Belvidere on Prescott street was resplendent with over 100 American and Cuban flags, gracefully arranged along the front of the building.

Then on Merrimack street the Bon Marche, O'Donnell & Gilbride, Mrs. Johnson, the Merrimack Clothing company and other places were tastefully adorned.

Enthusiasm was rife all along the line but at Cook, Taylor & Co.'s building and the Bon Marche building in particular.

At the depot the scene was most exciting. As far as one could see the streets were blocked with people of all sizes and conditions of life. As the parade approached the car, they lined in the streets in open file to allow the departing companies to go between them uninterrupted by the crowds. But in so doing, they reckoned without their host, for immediately the crowd behind them got in front of them and in the general mix-up several companies were lost. Hon. John Welch's volunteers, were particularly unfortunate in this respect, for they were crowded out of line in the crowd at the curbing.

The crowds innumerable of children added greatly to the confusion, for they were under men's feet; under horses in fact, they were every place where they shouldn't have been. Several were badly trampled upon and many more rendered faint by the pushing of the dense throng. One of the band men stumbled over a little girl, who was thrown to the ground and picking her up, he was thrown down his instrument smashed and kicked into the crowd. He never saw it again.

At the alley in the rear of the Richardson House there came near being serious accidents. This alley afforded a place of refuge from the mass, and suffocating hundreds made a wild rush for it. In their rush they pushed a horse attached to a light carriage into the sidewalk, while several people were thrown under the animal's feet, though, fortunately the animal remained comparatively quiet. Several women were extricated from the entrance of the alley in a fainting condition.

A pathetic sight was noted at this point. In the midst of the crowd pushing toward the alley was an elderly woman bravely trying to move toward the cars. She was time and again carried back to the building walls and as she finallygave up the task, she sobbed "Oh, my poor boy, I won't be able to bid him good-bye," and she stood firmly wedged to the wall, watching through her fast-flowing tears the younger and more agile ones kissing their loved ones good-bye while she not 75 feet away from where her loved one probably scanned the sea of faces for her, was denied the comfort of a last good-bye. Even when the train started the friends of the soldiers were loathe to leave them and women remained upon the car platforms until they were quietly but firmly removed by the police.

As the train went away several of the soldiers mounted to the tops of the cars and when last seen were still on their perches, waving flags and hats to the girls they were leaving behind them.

A very pretty scene was enacted this morning at Dumas & Co.'s book bindery, when Private Francis Burns of Company C bade good-bye to his shopmates. He was the recipient of a handsome ring. The presentation was made by the foreman, Capt. Benton Mills of Company D, Second Regiment, Milford, N. H., who made some very appropriate and touching remarks. Private Burns was visibly affected, as were also his shopmates, who sent him off with three rousing cheers, a tiger, and Godspeed.

WORK SUSPENDED.

Mayor Bennett issued an order yesterday afternoon to close all city work today in honor of the departure of the soldiers.

Work was suspended in all the mills also while the procession passed.

POST OFFICE

RESULT OF THE RECENT EXAMINATION.

The result of the recent examination for clerks and letter carriers has been announced as follows

CARRIERS.

David A. Mahoney, 17 North street, 91.23.

George A. Jacobs, 232 Concord street, 88.10.

Walter B. Stewart, 54 South Whipple street, 87.45.

Arthur J. Brown, 18 Bourne street, 86.05.

Arthur H. Tuttle, 28 June street, 85.80.

Alexander S. Moir, 151 West Sixth street, 82.55.

Henry Trollope, 54 South street, 82.13.

Horatio H. Hilton, 988 Lawrence street, 80.53.

Patrick H. Rogers, 73 East Merrimack street, 80.43.

Eugene Mayrand, 67 Austin street, 78.38.

Dennis A. Donahue, 16 Merrill street, 76.45.

Frederick N. Tilton, 57 South Whipple street, 76.13.

Ralph A. Cullinan, 111 South Highland, 76.08.

Henry M. Driscoll, 314 High street, 74.15.

Albert B. Smith, 176 Tremont street, 72.98.

David M. Gillis, 329 Stackpole street, 72.70.

Horatio William Hatch, 24 Starbird street, 71.03.

Joseph H. Howe, 5 Appleton Corporation, 70.98.

CLERKS.

Charles A. Clough, 24 Nichols street, 91.35.

Samuel A. Malhetres, 358 Stevens street, 89.60.

John J. Phelan, 239 Gorham street, 87.60.

Napoleon O. Provencher, 27 Rogers street, 81.80.

John J. Farrell, 624 Walnut street, 80.55.

Henry J. Maguire, 91 Hastings street, 79.98.

Albert Bergeron, 325 Mammoth road, 79.45.

John Francis Golden, 103 Fletcher street, 78.28.

Elbridge B. Mansfield, South Chelmsford, Mass., 77.50.

George Leo Hunt, 5 Clark's court, 77.03.

Frederick B. Reed, 9 Elm street, 76.80.

Francis E. Maguire, 120 Charles street, 76.13.

Nathaniel H. McPhee, 168 Smith street, 75.18.

Edward B. Saunders, 58 Methuen street, 75.08.

Mark M. Powers 144 Hale street, 73.40.

George J. York, 7 Sagamore street, 73.33.

James W. Myers, 12 Barrington street 72.95.

John S. Palm, 25 Fay street, 72.43.

Harry P. Farley, 12 Hudson street, 71.05.

Edward J. Boyle, 58 Common street, 70.33.

HAD A HEMORRHAGE.

Mrs. Gannon, residing in the rear of 522 Lawrence street, was seized with a hemorrhage at the waiting station in Merrimack Square this morning. She was taken to her home in the ambulance.

LONG SENTENCE.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MAN GETS 49 YEARS FOR MURDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lancaster, N. H., May 6.—Thomas Monohan, was sentenced this morning to serve 24 years at hard labor in state prison for the murder of Joseph Gotchis at Gorham, N. H., October 20, 1897, and a like sentence was imposed on the charge of murdering William Theis at the same time. The second sentence begins at the expiration of the first. Monohan is to pay the cost of prosecution.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Trousers, Shoes, Hats.

A strong list of bargains today. About 20 styles Men's Trousers in light, medium and dark shades. Usually sold $2.50 to $3.

$2.00 A PAIR

The Bacon Shoe is not put in competition with any ordinary $3 shoe. Compare it with the $4 and $5 shoes. The Bacon Shoe is guaranteed.

$3.00 A PAIR

The Uncle Sam Derby is our special block stiff hat, and it is the best hat ever made for the price, $2. It is guaranteed.

O'Hearn & Dowd

The Clothiers.

OLD POST OFFICE.

LABOR AND THE WAR

BUCHANAN ON THE ATTITUDE OF THE AMERICAN WORKINGMAN.

As a General Proposition Labor Loses All and Gains Nothing by War—In the Present Case There Are Unusual Elements. The Dude Stay-at-homes.

[Special Correspondence.]

Naturally everything excepting our immediate needs and the pressing affairs of one day at a time is lost sight of in the smoke and confusion of war. In this regard the labor movement is not an exception. While the unions continue to meet as usual and transact their business and the officials are not neglecting their routine duties, all is carried on in a perfunctory sort of fashion. Workingmen are not exceptional to the general run of citizens in times of great upheavals or calamities, and, like merchants and professional men, they are giving to their regular callings just enough attention to carry them on, while all their spare time is devoted to consideration of the war. Under these circumstances it is not likely that there will be much in the way of "labor disturbances" this spring and summer. If the war is protracted beyond first expectations and continues for months, possibly a year or more, there will undoubtedly be an extra demand for labor, and the reductions which under ordinary circumstances were to be expected during 1898 will probably not occur. War, with all its awful results and consequences, is a high price to pay for a temporary industrial peace, and it is likely to prove a bad bargain for the laborer viewed from any standpoint.

How does labor feel about the war? is a hard question to answer. It is difficult because of the varied and sometimes conflicting opinions expressed by the spokesmen of labor. These differences of opinion are traceable to variety in the make up of men, which is apparent among workingmen as among those in other walks. As a general proposition it can be safely stated that, considering only the native born population in the test, the percentage of patriots is higher among the wageworkers than can be shown by the business, professional or leisure classes. This truth has rather a singular appearance when it is remembered that labor has so little at stake in the country, but it is a truth nevertheless that in workshop, factory and store it is the wageworker and not the employer who is eager to resent an insult to the flag. It is the workingman who always comes to the rescue of the nation when it is threatened by a foreign foe; it is the workingman who stands in the trenches to be slaughtered for the honor and glory of his country. He it is who never counts the personal cost when the rallying call is sounded.

All this is known truth, and yet in recent years another spirit, a spirit of counter influence, has been working among the laborers of this country and of two or three European countries as well. Mudsill has learned to read, and the employment of this knowledge has inculcated the habit of thinking. His reading and thinking have caused him to doubt, and now out of the doubt has evolved the conclusion that the workingman is a fool to go to war to settle the quarrels of potentates or to protect the possessions which plutocracy has filched from labor. And Mudsill is right. If the men who create all the wealth of the country possessed some of it, if the home builders were the home owners, then it would be sound sense for them to endanger their lives, if necessary, to protect their homes. Do such conditions exist?

Then again Mudsill is sometimes heard muttering words like these: "Isn't this flag they are waving now and calling upon me to defend the same flag that the butchers of Homestead, Pullman, Brooklyn and Lattimer carried? Are not the militiamen with whom and under whom I am asked to serve these self same butchers? Have I any interest in common with the fellows who make wars, conduct them and generally get richer out of them?" Mudsill mutters and mutters, but nobody gives him a satisfying, reassuring answer to his query.

This dubious, doubting patriot might go further and inquire into the methods employed by his masters to raise the money to carry on war. He might read up on the subject of the civil war debt and learn how devilish sharks manipulate the legislative and executive branches of our government that they may lay tribute upon the children and widows of the men their wars sacrifice upon the altars of hate, jealousy and greed under the guise of patriotism. He would learn that in times of war scare or actual war the great men of the nation, the custodians of the country's honor (and all the tangible things besides) instead of rushing off to the enlisting office are busy at all hours arranging plans for the issuance of bonds. By this time Mudsill ought to know who pays government bonds, interest and principal. If he had the good sense, backed up by the right kind of courage, he would say, "Not a shot will I fire, not a step will I march, unless the government absolutely throws over the bond scheme and adopts the honest, just and scientific system of issuing money that will not place my children and grandchildren in slavery to the usurers of the world." But Mudsill hasn't sense enough to vote that way, to say nothing of fighting that way. He'll know more anon if he doesn't get killed in battle or starve to death fighting for a crust in the industrial war.

To come down to the present. There are reasons why the laborer's attitude may differ at this time from that he has taken toward wars generally. In these reasons are found the causes for the differences of opinion that exist among the workingmen of the country at this time. The conflict between the United States and Spain is conceded to be, so far as we are concerned, upon higher ground than the customary cause holds. While, so far as the rulers, political and financial, are concerned, the bond and the dollar are at the bottom of the whole trouble, the rank and file of American manhood are arrayed against the cruel domination of Spain over Cuba. Add to this the anger inspired by the treacherous destruction of the Maine and the sailor boys that went down with her in Havana harbor, and you will find why intelligent, progressive workingmen are found on the side of war at this time. It would be a hopeful sign if it could be shown that labor was for war in the present case because it had arrived at the decision that the overtaxed Cubans should be freed from the burden of debt that has been laid upon them to support a lazy, dissolute royalty and to enrich the blood sucking usurers of continental Europe. If with the cry of "Cuba libre!" could be coupled "Confusion to debt slavery!" then there would be cause for rejoicing. If American workingmen could be brought to fight to free the debt ridden slaves of Cuba, they might, while they had their hand in, be induced to say to the Shylocks of the United States treasury and Wall street: "No more bonds! No more mortgages on the future results of my toil and the toil of my children, or, by the Eternal, I'll show you I can fight as fiercely for my own as for the oppressed of another country!" But this hope is as pale and unstable as the smoke that now floats up and away from my pipeful of long cut.

In the meantime labor will bear loss and loss divided on the question of the present war as hostilities continue, and, as usual, it will do the fighting for the flag—and pay the bondholder interest for 50 years after the war is over.

It is some consolation to know that in the first selection of militiamen from New York to go to the front three famous dude, striker shooting regiments were elected to stay at home. These were the Seventh of New York, the Twenty-third of Brooklyn and the Seventy-fourth of Buffalo. At this writing there are two opinions as to the failure of these regiments to be among the volunteers. One story is that they hadn't the nerve to go to the front where they would probably have to stop bullets as well as launch them, and failed to respond to the president's call in sufficient numbers to warrant the ordering out of their regiments. The other story is that the war department decided that it wanted soldiers and not cotillon leaders for the campaign in Cuba. Some evil minded wretch started a story around the armories of New York that the Spaniards had guns and knew how to use them; that they wouldn't be such soft marks as the strikers of Brooklyn and Buffalo proved to be.

JOS. R. BUCHANAN.

FROM MAINE TO CALIFORNIA.

The household remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumption, is Cleveland's Lung Healer. It has won its place upon its merit and it has given such universal satisfaction that we recommend to all our friends and customers to use it. Call and get a free trial bottle. Large size, 25c.

Respectfully,
F. H. Butler & Co.
265 Central and 331 Middlesex Sts.

THE FATAL INFLUENCE OF AL-

Call at The Sun office when you are in want of rent receipts. We have them put up in book form, one hundred receipts to a book, at 25 cents each.

Fine job printing done at this office.

Old and Reliable
Cures Colds Quick

For over forty years it has been used and proved to cure the most stubborn lung or bronchial colds. It soothes and heals quickly, preventing serious development. It does not upset the stomach.

MASTA'S
PULMONIC
BALSAM.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



"We don't want to fight, but by jingo if we do,
We've got the ships, we've got the men, and we've got the money, too."

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of The Associated Press.
Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

A FACT



The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers printed in Lowell, morning or evening. It has double the circulation of all the other evening papers in Lowell combined.

On the basis of circulation, its advertising rates are much cheaper than those of any other paper in Lowell.

For news, for illustrations, for enterprise, and for advertising it is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.



Rear Admiral Sampson, it is your turn.

Will General Miles not get a chance to show his fighting qualities?

It seems to be the plan of the government to end the war without invading Cuba. That would be almost as cruel as one of Weyler's trocha proclamations.

The commanders of the army and navy have apparently decided not to notify Spain of their plan of campaign by giving it to the press. There has been too much publicity in the affairs of the war and navy departments.

There is deep sympathy everywhere for the relatives of the brave seamen who fought with Dewey at Manila. The suspense they have had to bear since the battle on Sunday morning is very severe.

It is to the disgrace of Ex-Minister Phelps that the friends of Spain in London have been printing quotations from his speeches against his own country in order to create a sentiment in favor of Spain. Phelps has always proved himself to be an English flunky of the worst type.

The Associated Press has secured several fast boats for the purpose of obtaining the news of the war at the different points at which the fleet or the army may operate. As The Sun office is the headquarters for the Associated Press in the afternoon, the public who buy the various editions of this paper can be assured of all the latest news from the seat of war.

The Hawaiian government has offered the use of the island to the United States government as a base of supplies in the Pacific pending the settlement of the war. It seems that President Dole is determined to force his little island upon the United States whether we want it or not. The offer in the present case, however, is duly appreciated and will probably be accepted.

The people of this country have reason to believe that the government has determined to seize Porto Rico at the earliest moment, possibly today. This would make a valuable base of supplies for the United States fleet, and it would take that necessary resource from the Spanish fleet. When the island of Cuba is granted its own independence, it may perhaps be placed under an American protectorate, and if so, the island of Porto Rico would be a very valuable acquisition for the United States as a strategetic point in defending Cuba against future attacks.

The arrangement said to have been effected between the United States and England providing that the latter will stand by the United States against a movement on the part of certain European powers to end this war prematurely in the interests of Spain, is one that will render the United States secure in seizing the Spanish colonies. Spain will no doubt make a piteous appeal for intervention and peace after she has suffered another defeat like that administered at Manila, and no doubt Germany, Russia and Austria will readily respond to any such appeal. Under the proposed agreement with England, the United States can prosecute the war to the end with perfect security against European intervention. If England, as reported, has been promised the Canary islands in case she opposes any movement on the part of the other European powers against the United States, she will gladly accede to the request and it will redound to the benefit of both nations. It will be comparatively an easy matter to take the Canaries from Spain, and a bunch of islands of that character is just what England is looking for, but she could not seize them herself without getting involved in a war with the other powers.

Although the present war will not be one of long duration, it will nevertheless, be very expensive, but the United States has an excellent opportunity to make Spain pay the entire expense whether she likes it or not. This can be done by taking possession of her colonies. Spain has no money with which to pay debts much less a war indemnity.

That the maintenance of war is costly everyone will admit but few realize the cost of maintaining a first class warship. The daily cost of such a ship on duty is $1500 and at this rate it costs about $50,000 a day to maintain the entire navy.

The cost of the battleship New York of Captain Sampson's fleet at Havana for the past year was $391,065.09, of which sum $257,702.76 was for salaries; $35,000 for rations; $6500 for equipment; $28,200 for steam engineering; $3216 for navigation; $1,474.70 for ordnance; and $9100 for repairs. The expense during war when so many precautions have to be taken is undoubtedly much greater. If one ship costs so much the cost of the entire fleet will be seen to be enormous.

The gift of three hundred dollars to Archbishop Corrigan on the occasion of the twenty-fifth anniversary of his episcopate is one which shows in a striking manner the zeal of his people and the churches throughout his archdiocese. Such a gift can only come as a result of lifelong devotion to a good cause. The qualities that brought forth that magnificent offering will probably also bring the higher honor of his promotion to the cardinalate.

It is reported that Sir Julian Pauncefote, the English minister to the United States is to be superseded by the ablest diplomat in England. The intent of this change probably is, that England wishes to have her ablest representative at Washington when the Philippine Islands and the other slices of territory that may come into our possession by the present war may be divided up.

The Boston liquor dealers are safe for another year. The bill to reduce the number of licenses to eight hundred has been referred to the next legislature and it is not improbable that the liquor dealers next year will possess the power to kill it as they have done this year.

Colonel Cody, the famous Buffalo Bill, should be commissioned to take down the first Spanish commander met in battle by the American troops. If he gets within shot of such an official the Spanish army will certainly lose its head.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Enterprising tobacconists are making the most of the fight at the Philippines and have large supplies of Manilla cigars on sale. Of course, they may not all be Manilla, but then they smoke the same by any name. Havana cigars are getting scarce, at least the bona fide Havanas, although they continue to come from Key West, and smokers still buy them for the real thing, which proves again that a cigar by any name smokes the same. As to the quality of the smoke, that is another question, but after you have lighted a cigar one must go through to the end, even if it is bitter, or else throw it away and lose his money and his smoke. And if it is good, it is a case of all's well that ends well.

Another illustration of the curious conceptions of things medical and surgical by the lady is shown by the action of Miss Baker of New Zealand. She volunteered to fill up the void in an extensive burn with which another person was afflicted, by donating some skin. Now she has sued the surgeon for the price of 52 inches of skin. The foolishness of her action lies in the fact that in skin grafting only the outer cuticle is taken and the skin proper is left intact. There is no pain in taking it, and no injury follows or any loss of flesh. According to Miss Baker's story she must have lost at least a pound of flesh, to say nothing of blood, but in reality the amount was probably but a few grains and not a drop of blood lost. There is a historic legal case where a surgeon opened an abscess in a girl's leg, and later he was sued for malpractice, the parents saying that he taken out several pounds of flesh. Luckily he had taken photographs before and after and by comparison it was proved that if he had done as the plaintiffs said he had, the limb would have been elephantine in size.

At the custom house especial interest is felt in the naval battle at Manila, as Lieutenant F. A. Holmes of Lowell, formerly in charge of the hydrographic bureau, was appointed in March to the position of navigating officer of the Baltimore, and was therefore in the thick of the fight. The officials and employees say that they eagerly watch for the papers for the latest and most authentic news.—Boston Traveller.

Daniel J. Donahue, Esq., was watching the militia marching to the depot today, when a friend inquired: "Why don't you go with them, Dan?" The squire replied: "I tried to. I volunteered to go with the regulars, but when it came to the physical examination I was rejected as the doctor told me that I injured my eyesight when, as a principal assessor, I looked at high buildings, previous to assessing their value."

A BICYCLE RACE.

A bicycle race that promises to be of great interest will be held Saturday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock when G. L. Douglass and M. McKenzie, two local cracks, will race twice around the old boulevard for an 18 pair of tires.

BE SURE you get what you want when you ask for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Unequalled in Merit, Sales, Cures. There's no substitute for HOOD'S.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

QUESTION OF PRICES.

They Are the Essence of the Monetary Problem.

CONTROLLED WHOLLY BY MONEY.

The Less Money There Is In Proportion to Things to Be Exchanged the Lower Prices Will Be—We Should Make Gold Cheaper, Not Dearer.

The London Financial News is undoubtedly right in its suggestions that with poorer crops or lower prices (in Europe) our gold will begin to flow out again, but it fails to indicate the character of the currency reform that will keep it from going. The veriest tyro ought to understand that the mere substitution of bank notes for government paper will not do. A million dollars in bank notes will displace just as much gold as the same amount of national currency will. If we were to retire $500,000,000 in greenbacks, etc., and $500,000,000 in bank notes were issued in their stead, so far as the outflow of gold is concerned the situation would be unchanged. If instead of issuing $500,000,000 in bank notes $1,000,000,000 were put in circulation the effect would be to raise prices in this country. Foreign purchases in the United States would be checked, while ours abroad would be increased, and gold would be exported in much greater amount. But if only $250,000,000 in bank notes were issued the effect would be to make money scarce and prices would fall. The United States would be a good place to buy in, and by increasing our exports at lower prices we would doubtless be able to retain enough gold to maintain the parity of the bank notes.

No currency reform can possibly insure the permanent maintenance of the gold standard unless it be a reform that involves a contraction of our paper currency and consequently lower prices. If we had no silver or paper money, the gold standard would be perfectly secure, but where would prices go? What would be the condition of our producers? Prices would drop out of sight and producers who were in debt would be ruined. As we have repeatedly stated, prices are the very essence of the whole monetary problem, and yet these great publications which live only to enlighten the people upon financial matters never touch the question of prices when discussing plans of currency reform. Without making the slightest effort to demonstrate that the gold standard is a good thing, they broadly assume that it is, and then they further assume that such an adjustment of the paper currency as will insure gold redemption is all that is necessary to give mankind perfect money. According to their philosophy, the chief function of gold seems to be the redemption of other forms of money, while the chief function of the other forms is to be redeemed. When dealing with trade matters, they do attach some importance to prices.

Every business man regards a fall in the prices of his goods and property as a bad thing. Hence a general fall is everywhere looked upon as unfavorable to business, while a general rise is considered an advantage. These facts are so patent that no trade or financial journal can ignore them when dealing directly with manufacturing and trade, but the moment they take up the money question they are as oblivious to the matter of prices as if there were no connection between prices and money. It ought to be plain to all that prices depend absolutely upon money and are controlled by it. Prices are fixed by the exchange of goods and property for money. If there were no money there could be no prices. The less money there is in proportion to the things to be exchanged for it the lower the prices will necessarily be. The more money there is in proportion to those things the higher the prices will be. Any person of average intelligence ought to be able to comprehend as simple a proposition as this.

Nevertheless the gold standard press throughout the world goes right on harping about gold redemption and parity as if the maintaining of one dollar on a par with every other dollar were the chief aim of our existence. The preservation of parity may be desirable, but the maintenance of a sufficient quantity of money to give the producer a fair price for his product, thereby enabling him to pay his debts, taxes and other fixed charges on an equitable basis, is infinitely more important.

The financial journals of England generally speak for the creditor class of that country. They desire what they call currency reform in this country because they know that to work it out on a gold basis means a cheapening of our products and an enhancement of their gold. Aside from the items of payment which we must regularly make to Europe mentioned by The Financial News our annual interest payments cannot be less than $200,000,000 a year, and they are probably more. The lower our prices fall the more it takes of our product to fill these payments and the greater becomes the value of the English creditor's gold claim. Low prices benefit the foreign creditor and injure the American producer and debtor. Reform of our monetary system is certainly needed, but not a reformation on the gold standard lines for the benefit of the foreign creditor through the ruin of the American producer. What we want to do is to make gold cheaper, not dearer. The most effective means to this end is to restore bimetallism—to put silver into full competition with gold, thus permanently raising prices both at home and abroad. H. F. BARTINE.

Pingree Getting His Own Way.

Governor Pingree appears to be carrying everything before him in his fight for reform in the taxation of corporations in Michigan. People laugh at Pingree, but somehow he has a way of laughing last.—Boston Herald.

A DELIGHTFUL PARTY.

There was a delightful party Wednesday night, given by Miss Rose Purcell of Centralville, in honor of Miss Belinda Hart of Europe. There was vocal and instrumental music and a general good time was enjoyed by all. Those contributing to the musical entertainment of the evening were Miss Rose Nugent, Miss Nellie Devine, Miss Belinda Hart, Miss Alice McElroy, Miss Mary O'Brien, Miss Lizzie Whalen, Mr. Charles Deland, and Mr. Frank Donnelly. During the evening, refreshments were served by Miss Margaret Mulcahy and Miss Rose Purcell. Dancing was also enjoyed.

TERRIBLE EFFECT OF EXPLOSION

Lawrence May 5.—John Morissey, aged 16, was frightfully injured Wednesday evening by the bursting of a rock in a crevice of which a charge of powder had been placed. The accident occurred in a field off Short street.

The fuse was slow in communicating with the powder and young Morissey, who was one of a crowd of boys, supposing that the spark had gone out, went to investigate. As he neared the spot, the powder exploded, shattering the rock and the fragments flew in all directions.

Morissey was struck in the face and left shoulder. His face was mangled, his right eye destroyed and his left shoulder and elbow fractured. He was conveyed to the general hospital. His home is on Elm street.

LIGHT SENTENCE.

Michael Rooney of Stoneham pleaded guilty yesterday in Boston in the United States district court on four counts charging him with counterfeiting and uttering $2 government notes. By agreement of Daniel J. Donahue of Lowell, counsel for the accused, and the assistant district attorney, Rooney paid the costs and was given two months in East Cambridge jail.

First class job printing done at this office.

it's neglect of throat and bronchial troubles that leads to death-dealing disease.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

No wonder Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is praised by its users. Its curative effects are like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

Weak Men Made Vigorous



What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A WRITTEN GUARANTEE to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., Cor. Centre and Merrimack streets.

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY

And the latest novelties of the season, also a special and select line of Walking Hats at

Miss Ella Burkes' Millinery Parlors

In the Pollard block, Palmer street, up one flight. Call and inspect our goods. We guarantee satisfaction.

NOTICE

Description filed in the office of the City Clerk Lowell pursuant to the provisions of Section 1, Chapter 446, Acts of 1893, "An act to protect the owners of cans, bottles, boxes, siphons and fountains used in the sale of milk, cream soda water, mineral and aerated waters, ale, beer, ginger ale or other beverages."

Name of person or corporation, Michael Whelton.

Principal place of business, Lowell.

Nature of business transacted, Lithia Spring Water.

Kind of receptacle used, glass jars in crates.

A description of the name or names, mark or marks, device or devices used, "Lithia Lithia Spring Registered," stenciled on crates.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto signed my name this 5th day of May, in the year eighteen hundred and ninety eight.

MICHAEL WHELTON.

THE KLONDIKE CAFE

129 Middle Street, under new management. Meals served at all hours. Boarders by day or week. Our 25c. dinners a specialty. Gent's board per week $3, Ladies $2.25 for 21 meals; also a specialty, dinner tickets, 7 dinners for $1.25. Call and give us a trial, at Lucinda's, 129 Middle street, cor. of Palmer Street.

STEINERT'S MAMMOTH MUSIC STORE

STEINWAY, HARDMAN, EMERSON, GABLER AND PEASE

PIANOS

Call at our new store,

MASONIC TEMPLE

130 Morrimack St.,

(Formerly Dijou Shoe Store)

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS



Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

IRONCLAD

Is what people want these days. Practically "iron clad" is the man who rides along the highways in a carriage made or repaired by the Sawyer Carriage Co.

So Well Equipped IS HE ARE THEY.

See them now. Summer's about here

SAWYER CARRIAGE CO. Worthen St.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

(LIMITED.)

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE

JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:

JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
JOHN CLANCY & CO.
JAS. A. CAWLEY.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
THOMAS EMERSON.
GARVEY & MEADE.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.

It can also be found at the following places:

JNO. H. BURKE.
JAS. CAININ & CO.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
DOLAN & CONNORS.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
TURCOTTE & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
M. J. BRUIN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
R. V. SAUNDERS & CO.
P. E. McMAHON & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
JAS. F. DOHERTY & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
JNO. J. CONNELL & CO.
JAS. H. RILEY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
A. L. PENDERGAST.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
C. H. CHAGNON.
JAS. J. COURTNEY & CO.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

(LIMITED)

BUY YOUR

Man's, Boys', Ladies' Clothing

ON CREDIT.

At cash prices, of the popular CENTRAL SUPPLY CO., 317 Merrimack street, opp. Chris. Holmes. OPEN EVENINGS.

GATELY & PEARSON, SOLICITORS OF PATENTS

Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty. 41 HILDRETH BUILDING.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Gardiy, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.

M. H. Carey. (Clerks) H. Gervais.

Toothache!

It don't make any difference what shape your tooth is in, if it is aching, call at 177 Middlesex street, and have it stopped forever. Wm. H. Goldspring can, by placing his finger upon any aching tooth, stop the pain instantly and forever. Do not suffer with toothache but call and see him.

He will treat patients without charge. If satisfied with his treatment, pay what you choose. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

177 Middlesex St., Room 1.

DRAWING AND PAINTING

MISS HELEN WRIGHT

Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

SCHOEFFLER'S DYSPEPSIA CURE CURES DYSPEPSIA.

25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

Notice, For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $20 Suits for $15; his $18 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.

Few doors from the corner of Central St.

You Have Struck the Right Place When You Have Found

Peter Watson's

CELEBRATED BAKERIES

For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at

62 to 80 CHARLES ST. and 485 LAWRENCE ST.

If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

TO RENT—Two new Cottage Houses at Willow Dale, on Bowers' Avenue.

DONOVAN & MANSUR

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

PETER H. SAVAGE,

Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN ST.

Telephone connection 614-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 GORHAM STREET.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

R. J. MOWER, PRACTICAL

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

285 CENTRAL ST.

Take My Advice and Call on the

Eagle Clothing Co.

We carry the largest stock of Ladies' and Gents' Garments in this city. Our prices are the lowest. THE EAGLE CREDIT HOUSE, 190-192 Middlesex St.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock

And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.

GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S

11 Middlesex Street.

SAM SMITH'S

Is the place to bring your Boots and Shoes for repairing. Boot work. Best leather and lowest prices in the city. Men's Boots, nip and heel, 55c.; Ladies' 35c.; Children's, 50c.. Call

111 MARKET STREET.

(Opposite Carpet.)

OLD WASHINGTON TAVERN

This old hostelery has been refitted and furnished and is up-to-date in every particular. The best meal of any hotel in the city. Special rates to theatrical and commercial men. Best wines and liquors, everything first class. Our 50c. course dinner a specialty.

Washington Tavern

CENTRAL & CHURCH STS.

JOHN J. REGAN, Proprietor.

SHOW CASES

Just arrived a large invoice of Show Cases, from 2 to 6 feet in length.

SHOW CASES.

Made to order any size or shape.

SHOW CASE

Glass a specialty. Show cases repaired.

Second hand Show Cases bought or exchanged.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

Sweet Peas

The choicest mixture, made up of more than fifty distinct shades and colors.

40c. lb., 10c. qr., 5c. oz.

Complete descriptions of all kinds of Flowers, Vegetables and Garden Requisites will be found in our

SEED CATALOGUE

For 1898. Now ready and free to all. Call for copy.

Store open Monday and Saturday evenings.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.

SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.00 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND

Office Removed to

3 HILDRETH BUILDING

House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6.62/3 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy. Wm. H. Emery.

A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

The Bugle Call

Has been sounded and the gathered hosts of newest and prettiest styles in Spring Footwear awaits your coming. Here are a few of the bargains we offer. Ladies' polka dot and small rose figure vesting top, in tan and black, $2 a pair. Little Men's Calf Lace Shoes, wedge heel, 75c. a pair. Another lot of Young Men's Vici, dark olive shade, very popular, good wearer, only $2 a pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON STREET.

Spring Cleansing

Blankets, Gent's Spring Overcoats, Ladies' Spring Sacks Cleansed or Dyed.

Bay State Dye House

54 PRESCOTT STREET.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
137 Central St., opp. American House,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,
49 John street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE,
Room 16 Hildreth Building.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 373 Bridge Street,
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOWELL HIGH GRADE

FERTILIZERS

Lowest in Price,
Highest in Standard.

FOR SALE BY

E. N. Wood & Co.,

19-23 Market St., Lowell, Mass.

WAREROOMS

PIANO BUYERS

Should call at ESTEY parlors. Manufacture and sell at factory prices. Easiest terms. Lowell. Pianos all grades and prices.

145 Merrimack Street.

THE SUN LATEST! 6 O'CLOCK.

THE SOLDIERS' FAREWELL

Was One of the Greatest Events in Lowell's History.



COL. C. A. R. DIMON, Chief Marshal of the Parade.

Thousands and Thousands Accompanied The Departing Soldiers to Their Train and the Enthusiasm and Excitement Exceeded Anything Ever Seen in This Patriotic Community.

This was the greatest day in Lowell's history.

There may be one greater one and it will be when the gallant soldiers, who today went to the war, return, having seen active service.

Lowell's two companies of the Sixth Regiment, emulating the example of the Old Sixth, the regiment of Ladd and Whitney, departed to the front and patriotic Lowell turned out by the thousands to do them honor.

Though the arrangements were speedily made and, in fact, not completed, the departure of the troops excels anything in the history of the patriotic old state.

Everyone, all stations of life, all creeds and nationalities, were decorated with the national colors, while thousands of people with nothing else in common were this once akin and cheered long and loudly as the bell on the engine of the special train at the Northern depot shortly after 10 o'clock gave a sharp warning ring and the train moved slowly, taking the two companies to—time alone will tell. Perhaps only to South Framingham but probably to the Philippines or to Cuba.

As early as sunrise this morning the crowds began to assemble along the principal streets, to get points of vantage ere the immense throng collected. The favorite spots in the early morn were City Hall, gaily decorated in flags and bunting, and the Armory, where the soldier boys gathered betimes, speedily discarding their heavy overcoats and rolling them up to carry on their knapsack as the delinquent sun warmed and dried the dripping streets.

One of the first men on deck was old Mr. J. P. Searles, the only living survivor of the Mexican war, who as early as 7 o'clock was out with a large American flag inquiring of Chief Marshal Dimon as to the parade.

He was given a prominent place in the line.

Then the different marching bodies began to gather within the shadow of the monument to the memory of Ladd and Whitney, and many a man who marched into line doffed his hat to the granite shaft as memory took him back to a similar, but much less elaborate event in the dark days of '61.

Owing to the fact that several of the bodies in line had neglected to notify the chief marshal of their intention to parade, there was some confusion in getting formed, the line extending from the corner of Market and Dutton street up almost to the corner of Merrimack and Suffolk streets. Shortly before 9 o'clock, the column, with its several thousand organized men and thousands of civilians in the rear, was ordered to move, the bands simultaneously striking up each a patriotic air that roused to the cheering pitch the enthusiasm of the assembled multitudes.

Then the immense column, the like of which never before has been seen in Lowell, moved along Dutton street in indifferent order, depending upon a chance at the armory to countermarch and get into regular formation.

Up over Thorndike street hill they went, past the depot, now alive with cheering and flag-waving humanity to Westford street and the armory, where with but little delay, it marched back again in the following order.

FORMATION OF PARADE.

The formation of the parade is as follows:

Mounted officers—Messrs. Walsh, Sparks, Whitney and O'Connel.

Chief marshal, C. A. Dimon, assistants, Col. A. M. Chadwick, George L. Hubbard; chief of staff, Capt. Charles H. Kimball.

Aids—Commander S. G. Smiley, Alderman Rivet, E. G. Foss, Dr. Downs, George W. Pattee, Rev. Dr. Chambre, Capt. J. ... Hill, Capt. C. H. Coburn, Dr. George E. Pinkham, M. C. Parker, Col. James Francis, A. L. Bachelder, Hon. E. J. Noyes, H. S. Cushing, Major C. H. Stott, Capt. George D. Kimball, C. O'Donnell, P. Gilbride, J. V. Keyes, Gardner King, J. V. Keyes, H. L. Williams, Herbert V. Hunt, C. F. Callahan, Alexander Abels, C. Holmes, C. E. Mitchell, C. A. Spencer, Richard Welch, George F. Stiles, Capt. J. P. Thompson, Major E. T. Rowell, Capt. James T. Smith, Dr. H. G. Smith, Dr. F. C. Plunkett, Col. George J. Carney, J. R. Fulton, Joseph Smith, E. B. Conant, Charles E. Carter, Joseph Bennett, H. K. Gates, T. P. Boulger, H. C. McOsker, Hon. C. D. Palmer, Cyrus Irish, Frank W. Sherburne, William J. Viney, Gen. Adelbert Ames, Rev. J. Q. Craig, Lieut. Geo. E. Worthen, John J. Burns, Joseph Sweeney.

Naval Veterans, with flag, Capt. E. A. Robinson.

Bories' Military Band.

Police Department; headed by Police Commissioners Faulkner, Rice and Brady, escorting His Honor, the Mayor, members of the city government, and city officials.

Delegation of Newspaper Men.

Survivors of the old Sixth Regiment, Major Thomas O. Allen, Col. A. Pindar, Captain D. Moody Prescott, M. V. M. Libbey and Frank Calvert, Capt. Jim Eddie Hill.

Fire Department, commanded by Chief Hosmer.

Post 32, G. A. R.

Lowell Military Band.

Post 120 on right side and Post 185 on left side of the street, carrying national colors, and forming a hollow square in which marched:

Past commanders and past members of Putnam Guards, with Mr. Putnam leading; volunteers for the war, of the Putnam Guards; past commanders and members of Company C followed by Company C volunteers for the war.

National Band.

High School Regiment.

Cadet Col. Charles Wilson; Cadet Reg. Adj. Arthur Butler; Cadet Q. M., Alfred Kennedy; Cadet Reg. Sergt. Maj. Douglas Rivet, Cadet Q. M. Sergt. Timothy Coleman, Cadet Color Sergt. Arthur Kelly.

First Battalion—Cadets: Maj. Freder-

(Continued to Page Two.)

KILLED TWO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New Orleans, La., May 6.—Corporal Carey of the police force was shot and killed by a negro, who a little later shot and killed police officer Trump. A crowd chased the negro into a barn and are preparing to burn him.

RAN INTO A FREIGHT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Philadelphia, May 6.—The Pennsylvania limited express which left Jersey City at 10.10 this morning ran into a freight train at South Bristol this noon. William A. Herman, engineer, and Fireman Connolly of the express train were seriously hurt, but all of the passengers escaped injury. The freight train was taking the siding when the accident occerred.

The engine and four coaches on the express train were derailed and several freight cars were broken to splinters.

TRIED TO RUN THE BLOCKADE

(Continued.)

mington. The prize crew anchored her this morning and the prize court will probably determine what is to be done with her.

A BIG VESSEL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, May. 6.—The Lafayette, which hails from St. Nazaire, France, is an iron vessel of 3394 tons gross register, 311 feet long, 41 feet beam and 28 feet depth of hold. She was built at Greenock in 1891.

GOING TO PORTO RICO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, May 6.—A Kingston, Jamaica, special despatch reports the sighting off the east coast of Cuba of four war vessels, supposed to be American. It is thought to be part of Admiral Sampson's squadron en route to Porto Rico.

ROOSEVELT MUSTERED IN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 6—Theodore Roosevelt was mustered in as lieutenant colonel today, Adjutant General Corwin administering the oath.

TWO MORE PRIZES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, May 6.—When sunrise this morning lifted, the regulations forbidding the entrance of vessels into Key West harbor during the dark hours, two little prizes were brought in. They were both Spanish fishing schooners, the Oriente and the Antonio Suarez. The Oriente was captured by the gunboat Helena off Havana yesterday. She was bound from Yucatan, for Havana with a cargo of dried fish and had been out, thirty days on account of gales and contrary winds. The Helena put a prize crew on board and sent her in here. The Antonio Suarez was captured by the despatch boat Unias. It is said she was signalling information to a French steamer as to where she could land without interference from the blockading fleet.

A NAVAL POWER

THE U. S. TO TAKE THE PHILIPPINES AND TAKE MORE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 6.—The policy of the government now seems to be to hold the Philippines and annex Hawaii. If the Canaries be captured with Porto Rico, the United States can give the former to England in lieu of her friendly feeling and her refusal to join the European powers against this country.

CLOSE OF REICHSTAG.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Berlin, May 6.—The ceremony of the closing of the last session of the present Reichstag took place today in the white hall of the royal castle. The emperor in the speech from the throne, referring to the war between Spain and the United States, said: "The government will fulfill the duties involved by its neutral position; but it will, on the other hand, protect so far as possible, German navigation and commerce, from molestation or injury.

A CHALLENGE.

Benjamin F. O'Hara called at The Sun office this morning to publish a challenge to Hon. John Welch for some indignity offered by the latter to the challenger while in the volunteer regiment going to the depot, said indignity putting Mr. O'Hara out of line. Mr. O'Hara says he will give Mr. Welch the choice of weapons, whether pistols, shotguns, swords or Gatling guns.

CAMP DEWEY.

NEWS FROM THE NINTH REGIMENT.

Camp Dewey, South Framingham, May 5.—Judging by appearances, each regiment of the M.V.M. will have a very respectable nucleus left to take care of the armories and perform the duty of home guard while their comrades are at the front fighting for the country.

Today the various companies of the Second Infantry, which came up for examination, were depleted of many of their best members at the hands of the examining surgeons and tonight nearly 100 men were sent to their homes and other men to take their places were telegraphed for, to be put through the sieve tomorrow.

Shortly after dinner, the officers of the Ninth Infantry were ordered up to headquarters for physical examination and for a little while all proceeded well and the officers began to take courage that the whole of the 45 would pass the ordeal, but a snag was struck shortly before supper and one after another they filed out to the quarters with a dejected look, and the words: "Failed to pass" were written against the names of Capt. Wm. F. Shaughnessy of Company K, Clinton; Capt. David M. Crothy, Lieut. C. J. Murphy of Company D, Charlestown, Lieut. Matthew Hindes of Company G, Worcester.

The field and staff of the Ninth were next ordered up, and Adjutant J. J. Kelley was one of the first to pass was followed by Major P. J. Grady and J. J. O'Connor, who all came out with beaming countenances and received the congratulations of their brother officers. Lieut.-Col. L. J. Logan was also pronounced "sound as a bell," and in condition to fight any three Spaniards. Next came the popular commander of the regiment, Col. Fred B. Logan.

He also successfully passed a severe examination and the news reached the men long before the colonel had time to cross the parade ground, and as he passed down the line he received an ovation from his boys.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, May 6.—For Boston and vicinity: Generally cloudy; probably rain tonight and Saturday morning, followed by clearing weather. Northerly winds.

A GRAVE DISPUTE

Will Result From the Capture of Lafayette

SAY THE OFFICERS OF THE VESSEL.

But President's Proclamation Justifies Action.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 6.—The seizure of the French liner Lafayette by the gunboat Annapolis caused a distinct sensation in official and diplomatic circles but as it is believed to involve the possibility of more serious complications than had arisen thus far.

The officials of the state department and of the French embassy received the news of the capture from the Associated Press despatches and in both quarters it was given grave attention. In the state department it was taken as a forerunner of a number of cases of like character to follow, for this was the experience of the United States blockading forces during the civil war.

Using the facts as reported, the officials of the department declare positively that there can be no question that the Lafayette was a blockade runner, pure and simple, and as such is a lawful prize. In his proclamation, the President said on the 26th ultimo: "The right of search is to be exercised with strict regard for the right of neutrals, and the voyages of mail steamers are not to be interfered with, except on the clearest ground of suspicion of a violation of the law in respect of contraband or blockade.

It will be noticed that in this the President expressly warns foreign vessels, even mail vessels, against breaking the blockade, which seems to have been exactly what the Lafayette attempted. It is said that whether or not, the ship carried contraband of war is absolutely immaterial in the disposition of her case. In his preceding proclamation of the 22nd ultimo the President said: "Any neutral vessel approaching any of said ports, or attempting to leave the same without notice or knowledge of the establishment of such blockade will be duly warned by the commander of the blockading forces, who will endorse or have registered the dates of such warning, and where such warning was made and if the same vessel shall attempt again to enter any blockading port, she will be captured and sent to the nearest convenient port for such proceedings against her and her cargo, as prize, as may be deemed advisable."

The embassy was advised eight days ago that the Lafayette was on her way to this side and notice was accordingly sent to the state department that this French merchantman might be expected to reach Havana about this time. No answer was received from the state department after giving this notice, the French authorities took it for granted that the Lafayette would be allowed to proceed on her voyage without molestation. The understanding here is that she sailed from St. Nazaire, not far from Corruna, Spain, as St. Nazaire is the usual sailing point for steamers of this line. One of the officers of the legation made the trip on one of these vessels a short time ago and says no stop is made at Corruna, except occasionally on a return voyage. It was the understanding also that the Lafayette was stopping at Havana merely to re-coal, prior to going to Vera Cruz, Mexico, the end of the line.

FIRING HEARD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Charleston, S. C., May 6.—Firing at sea was heard off Charleston this morning, but no vessels have been sighted.

REGAINED HEALTH.

Gratifying Letters to Mrs. Pinkham From Happy Women.

"I Owe You My Life."

Mrs. E. WOOLHISER,

Mills, Neb., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I owe my life to your Vegetable Compound. The doctors said I had consumption and nothing could be done for me. My menstruation had stopped and they said my blood was turning to water. I had several doctors. They all said I could not live. I began the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it helped me right away; menses returned and I have gained in weight. I have better health than I have had for years. It is wonderful what your Compound has done for me."

"I Feel Like a New Person."

MRS. GEO. LEACH,

1609 Belle St., Alton, Ill., writes:

"Before I began to take your Vegetable Compound I was a great sufferer from womb trouble. Menses would appear two and three times in a month, causing me to be so weak I could not stand. I could neither sleep nor eat, and looked so badly my friends hardly knew me.

"I took doctor's medicine but did not derive much benefit from it. My druggist gave me one of your little books, and after reading it I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I feel like a new person. I would not give your Compound for all the doctors' medicine in the world. I can not praise it enough."

CITIZENS SPEAK

Tell What They Know of the Assessors' Dept.

EX-MAYOR PICKMAN SAYS "EFFICIENCY FIRST."

Many Varying Views Were Expressed.

The investigating committee of the assessors' department held a public meeting at City Hall last night that was attended by fifty or sixty citizens.

It was announced that the committee was anxious to get an expression of public opinion and those present were invited to express their views.

Marcellus Fletcher was the first to speak. He said he wanted to criticize the methods of the assessors and not the men themselves. "I don't see," he said, "why it should cost $22,000 to assess the city of Lowell when it only costs $4400 to assess the city of Lawrence. Why should it cost more than in Fall River? In Lawrence there are three assessors, the chairman receiving $900. In the spring they employ clerks at $2.50 a day. In other seasons they are their own clerks. If Lawrence can get her taxes assessed for a fifth of what it costs Lowell, ought we not to look into the system there?

"What would I do to remedy the matter? I would not have more than five assessors in this city. In the spring at assessing season let them employ enough clerks to do the necessary work and abolish the permanent clerks altogether. I would have five assessors; let them receive $1200 a year; a fair salary for any man. I think $2200 is too much, about twice too much. Pay $1200 and you can get all the men you want. I think the assessors here are as competent as any we can get. But we pay too much for them."

James T. Smith said that the assessors department was maintained at its greatest simply as a matter of patronage. It would not be cut down because so doing would cut off votes. "The assessors' department is maintained at a cost twice as great as it should be," he went on, "and a poor laboring teamster is docked when he loses two hours work because of rain. It is done in spite of the fact that children are dying in tenement houses for lack of proper nourishment and the poor of the city are crying for proper bathing facilities.

Lawrence Cummings asked Mr. Smith if he had any plan to correct the evil he complained of, or if he had any better method.

Mr. Smith said he had not. As he understood it, the meeting was not called to consider such details. That was for the careful consideration of others when it was ascertained that the citizens wanted something different. What is wanted is the best service for the least money. Worcester's system is considered a splendid one and Mr. Smith explained it at some length and said that when it was examined by a Lowell committee a few years ago the total expense was about $10,000 a year.

Mr. Cummings had a word to say about patronage that showed an opinion different from that of Mr. Smith. In fact he thought patronage had good results if facts were to be relied on. "The republican party," he said, "had been in power in Massachusetts for 42 consecutive years and patronage did not seem to weaken it to any appreciable degree." He did not think there was any more corruption in the county machine than in others.

"There is one thing I want to say right here," said Mr. Cummings, "and protest against it and that is the actions of Councilmen Smith and Howe in coming to this committee and interfering in the work it is doing. I consider this one of the most important committees appointed since the financial commission, and it is doing the work in a most faithful and thorough manner. It is certainly doing its work better than the Board of Health committee did the work it was appointed to perform."

"This is not a time to higgle and haggle about small expenses, when matters like the Tremont & Suffolk valuations are to be considered, and I consider Mr. Smith's resolution recently introduced detrimental to the work this committee was appointed to perform."

In the course of his remarks Mr. Cummings had also said it seemed to be the aim of some men when they get into the city government to find jobs for all their friends. "And they do this," he said, "regardless of its cost to the city."

Mr. Howe, who was present, rose directly to say he was after nothing for his friends, and meant to do his duty by the city this year whether it brought him a re-election or not. One of the things he wanted to reduce the expenses of the assessors' department and to save money generally for the city of Lowell.

"In the city today there are 1600 men ready to work for anything they can get. They are out of work; some of them have houses bearing mortgages, the interest on which they can't pay. And yet we keep these principal assessors' salaries so they can live in luxury and belong to clubs. It is time for a little philanthropy in our consideration of things. I have seen the dirty work in the city and I would like to see methods of business prevail in our departments."

Mr. Chalifoux, the next speaker, said he thought enough consideration had not been given in the past to the assessors' department. He referred to the effort of Mayor Courtney four years ago to have the department investigated and said it failed. The cost of the department was twice too great. Various city councils had realized the situation but did not wish to put anyone out of employment. "I think the assessors are efficient men," he said. "They should be that, but the expense of the department should be reduced one-half. The Appleton mills stock has been reduced from $600,000 to $100,000. It means that the stockholders considered that stock costing $1000 a share is worth only $250 a share. There is a decrease also in the valuation of Lawrence stock.

"Now in our city affairs we have got to find a way of reducing expenses. Industrial problems confront us and we must meet them. We've got to get a system that is complete, that will not cost us much. People cannot pay the money on propert... under existing conditions. They c... afford to buy real estate. I have ... to take less rent for my property as... am going to pay less to meet the loss. We must avoid lawsuits in the assessors' department and I am in favor of a good, strong, compact department."

Senator George E. Putnam did not think the principal assessors overpaid for the work they do. He would not do it for less.

Ex-Mayor Pickman said he was deeply interested. In his judgment the first consideration should be, not economy, but efficiency. "We should first have results" said he. "Economy comes next. It is for this committee to determine, if by making a change the department should deteriorate. In comparing with other cities the first question should be do they get as good results? I think the weak spot lies in that there may be more men employed all the year around than are necessary. It is to be considered whether men employed for short periods each year can do as efficient work as the men in the Lowell department. If they can the system of other cities is superior in this respect. But the main question for this committee to consider is whether this department is more efficient than others. If this can be shown the taxpayers of Lowell are satisfied.

After the meeting the committee voted to visit Cambridge and Lawrence next Tuesday to inquire about the assessors' departments of those cities.

PATRIOTIC ACT.

LOWELL COUNCIL VOTES TO PAY DUES OF VOLUNTEERS.

The regular meeting of Lowell Council, Royal Arcanum, was held in Odd Fellows Temple last evening at which the following resolution was introduced by Past Grand Regent A. W. David, and unanimously adopted.

"Whereas, in obedience to the call of the President of the United States for volunteers for the war with Spain, Lowell has nobly responded as usual and as members of Lowell Council may enroll themselves in the service of this country, therefore be it.

"Resolved, That Lowell Council, No. 8, Royal Arcanum, pay the assessments and dues of all members of the Council during such service and until peace is declared."

Grand Regent A. G. Walsh, who has been recently elected to office, paid a visit, this being his first official visit to any council since his election. He made some very interesting remarks which instilled enthusiasm into the members.

At the close of the business meeting a phonographic entertainment was given by Arthur B. Merrill and songs were rendered by Thomas P. Boulger of Industry Council, and John S. Jackson of Lowell Council. Coffee and cheese were served at the conclusion of the entertainment.

Brother Hurtubise was delegated to present a bouquet to Capt. Greig in the parade.

MRS. C. D. GILMAN'S RECITAL.

The pupils of Mrs. Carrie Davis Gilman in giving the fourth piano recital of the season yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. G. J. Bradt in Westford street had the assistance of Miss Etta M. Rutherford, soprano.

Miss Rutherford's numbers were a cradle song by Mendelssohn and "Twilight Fancy," by Molloy. Both numbers were excellent and were appreciated at the true worth by those present.

The pupils who had piano numbers were Alice and Elsie Bradt, Anna Coffey, Annabel Staples, Fannie Sawyer, Paul Gilman, Etta Hogan, Edith Lennon, Winthrop Bowers, Maude Conant, Samuel Scott, Myrtle Kilpatrick, Mabel Russell, Hilda Dugdale, Mary Allen, Alice Bradt, Gertrude Starkey and Albert Healey.

Many compositions well known to musicians were on the programme, all chosen with special reference to the ability of the pupils. Mrs. Gilman herself played several duet numbers with the pupils.

THE DAY NURSERY.

Children's Operetta, "King's Fool Cleverly Played.

MANY FINE SPECIALTIES ENTERTAIN LARGE AUDIENCE.

The Performance Was a Grand Success.

"The King's Fool," written by Mrs. Julian Talbot, and a decidedly interesting and catchy operetta, was presented to an immense audience last evening. The performance was in aid of the Day Nursery. The characters all of which were well sustained, were assumed as follows:

King Joker, a reformed jester,
.....Clinton Carpenter
Lord Valiant, royal counsellor, whose advice goes a begging,
.....Herbert Webster
Rupert, prince of good fellows and a match for any blockhead
.....Thomas O'Donnell
Prince Paul .....Victor Jewett
Prince Cecil, quite irresistible,
.....Ernest Fletcher
Prince Philip .....Frank Libby
Capt. Bells, a charmer ..John Phelan
Lord Lobster, a submarine general,
.....Paul Markland
Bob, vendor of lemonade,
.....Herbert Parker
Tom, a peanut man .....Sam Stott
"Minion" .....Herbert Horne
Princess Favorita, whose heart is hard, but not of stone ..Miss Grace Hunson
Princess Amethyst, a jewel of a girl,
.....Miss Minnie Clifford
Princess Curlin, a little dear,
.....Miss Cora Littlehale
Princess Rose, one of the "buds"
.....Miss Ethel Hanson
Queen Cookie, otherwise "Ann Maria,"
.....Miss Flossie Collins
Mad'moiselle, a school mistress and "a model of propriety" .....Paul Burtt
Florizelle, who reads the future,
.....Miss Edith Freeman
Lady Kate, loyal maid of honor,
.....Miss Cecil Pierce
Lady May, loyal maid of honor,
.....Miss Rebecca Devell

Housemaids—Misses Elizabeth Huntley, Elsie Harwood, Willette Clifford, Harriet Grin, Ethel Shaw, Bertha Warren, Ella Haynes, Florence Bean, Evelyn Cormack, Louise Gulney, Ella Collins, Marguerite Elvin, Kitty O'Donnell, Maud Ludwig, Gertrude Fox, Alice Akers.

Jesters, relatives of the king joker—Clifton Hedrick, Earl Bishop, Willard Parker, Earl Fowler, Albert Rhodes, Sidney Hunking, Master Brent Johnson.

The Princess's Grand Alliance of Warriors—Robert Libby, Robert Crowley, Hal Pierce, Freeman Cowell, John Loughlin, Joseph Herrick, Dana Whipple, Arnold Halstead, Charles Littlehale, Gordon Bixby, Royal White, Herbert Whipple.

The Fairy Band—Nellie Hudley, Sidney Whipple, Eleanora Clifford, Nellie Fairweather, Mildred Melvin, Kitty McAleer, Mildred Davenport, Ruth Sawyer, Nellie Fineuf, Carrie Tyrrell, Julia Burke, Ralph Fadden.

Ladies and gentlemen of the court—Annie Kirby, Alice Griffin, Olive Emerson, Mary Mason, Emily Tyrell, Marian Starkey, Lina Richardson, Ethel Wilson, Grace Maxfield, Harriette Richardson, Alice Fineuf, Florence Shaw, Agnes Gordan, Marinda Batchelder, William Richardson, Harold Thomas, Arthur Bean, Herbert Horne, Boyd Putnam, Harry Hatch, Harry Chalifoux, Sam. Stott, Robert Means, Harold Jewett, Burton Carey, Willie Burke, Roy Bishop, Morton Elu, James Reilly, Clinton Carey, Marcus Cole, Arthur Means.

The specialties introduced were very fine.

Miss Daisy Sawyer gave a tambourine dance.

There was an attractive ballet of roses in which the following danced: Roses: Anna Coffey, Hazel Shirley, Ethel Chalifoux, Marguerite Skillings, Roxy Murphy, Alice Roach, Lottie Quirk, Harriet Mansur, Beatrice Horne, Gertrude Harvey, Nina Conant, Fannie Sawyer, Florence Fairburn, Alice Mountford, Sidney Whipple, Chester Runels, Percy Munn.

E. Lincoln Nowell gave a Parisian dance that was original.

Misses Ethel Wilson and Grace Maxwell were bright in the newsboys' song.

The "happy family of trained animals" made a hit. The following boys were the "animals": Robert Means, Marcus Cole, Harold Jewett, Burton Carey, Willie Burke, Roy Bishop, Morton Elu, Clinton Carey, James Reilly.

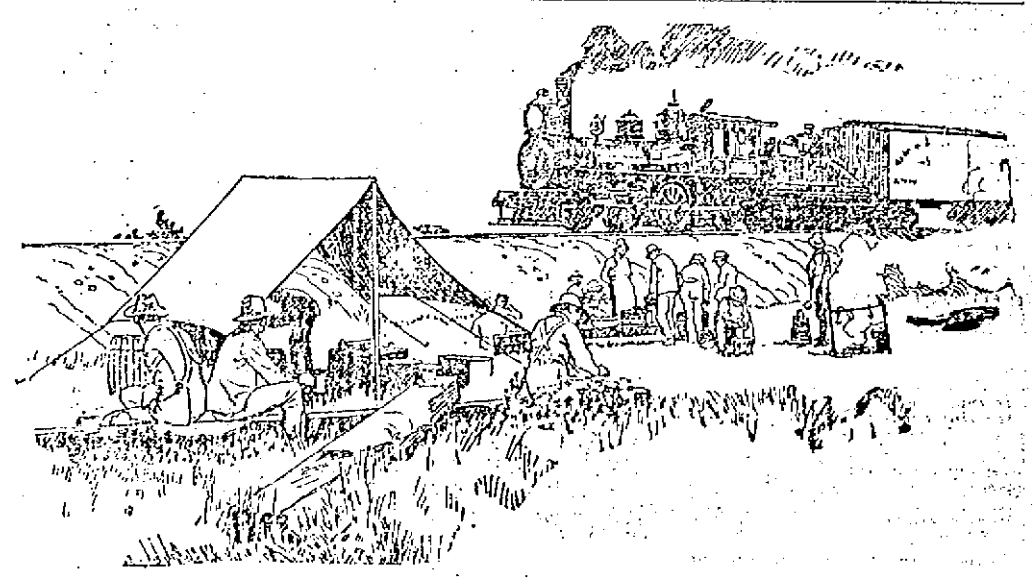
Baby Tyrrell had an up-to-date skirt dance.

The performance will be repeated tonight.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Kind You Have Always Bought

Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.



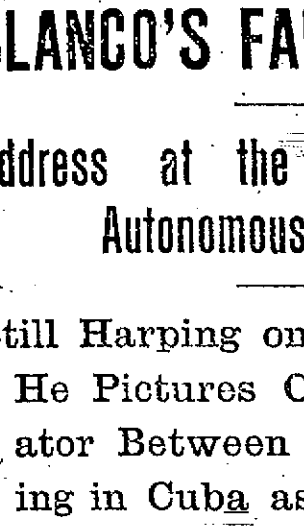
A COMPANY KITCHEN AT CHICKAMAUGA.

BLANCO'S FANCIFUL PLIGHT

Address at the Opening of the Autonomous Parliament.

Still Harping on Our Duplicity—He Pictures Cuba as the Mediator Between Continents Fighting in Cuba as Reported by the Spanish Authorities.

Havana, May 6.—General Blanco opened the first congress of Cuba elected under the autonomous form of government. Every effort was made by the Spanish officials to give brilliancy to the occasion. There was a procession, and the streets were decorated with flags and banners. The captain general made an address in which he said: "If the declarations of the United States had been sincere, its guns ought to be saluting today the first Cuban parliament instead of threatening the lives of its members and proving herself so false to their policy, ambitions and plans. Spain has given the island all she is authorized to give for the purpose of restoring peace and without any conditions. The autonomist form of government established is as ample as that of the British colonies, and Spain has declared that it will be made more ample still if such a course is judged to be necessary by the members of this congress.



CAPTAIN GENERAL BLANCO.

"Rigid customs and other rules were abolished in order to help the reconcentrados, the victims of the fight sustained by the United States. We admitted free of duties the 'help' sent from America—sent for the purpose of increasing the existing discords. In short, nothing has been left undone which might satisfy the aspirations of the people, if compatible with the national honor.

"On the petition of his holiness, the pope, and the European powers, hostilities were suspended in order to treat for peace. Ignoring all this, the president of the United States declared that the autonomous form of government had turned out to be a failure when parliament had not even assembled, and the patriots of the United States were excited by the declaration that Spaniards caused the Maine catastrophe, forgetting the generous hospitality her sailors received here. Now the United States is taking up arms to impose its domination.

"Before such an outrage, Spaniards and Cubans must be united to defend the fatherland, and the reconciliation will be all the more sacred in view of the actual circumstances in the case. The defenders of Spain and of the autonomy of Cuba all have Spanish blood in their veins, or were born on this soil.

"All the new laws must be put in force on July 1. Preference should be given to the measures providing for public security and the maintenance of the national honor of Spain, the only country which can protect the development of this colony and bring about the formation of a great country united to the old Castilian nation and at the same time be the mediator, in the new world, between both continents."

VICTORIOUS AS USUAL.

Havana, May 6.—Colonel Devas fought an insurgent band Tuesday which had 10 of its number killed, among them being Leader Nunez, and 23 were taken prisoners, together with a quantity of arms, ammunition and medicine. The Spanish column, which completely destroyed the camp, had four wounded.

At Paluyo village a body of Spanish cavalry had an engagement with the insurgents under General Maximo Gomez, the latter leaving four dead on the field and the Spanish one. The government troops had an officer and seven soldiers wounded.

At Loma Cruz the local guerillas surprised a body of insurgents, killing 10. Two persons were killed and two wounded by an explosion in a sugar refinery at Cardenas.

DARING WORK OF BANDITS

They Entered a Maine Hotel Armed and Masked.

And Demanded the Clerk to Throw up His Hands—His Boldness and Tact Soon Caused Them to Retreat.

Portland, Me., May 6.—Two masked robbers attempted to hold up the clerk of the West End hotel about 10 o'clock last night. Twenty-five or more travelling men were sitting about the office when the door of the ladies' entrance opened and two men wearing workingmen's overalls stepped into the office. "Hold up your hands," they commanded, as they levelled their guns at the men sitting around the office.

Edward Anderson, an elevator boy, and Charles Adams, a bellboy, who were talking together, were knocked down by slungshots in the hands of the burglars, who then turned their attention to the men in the office. George M. Perry of Boston, who represents the Holbrook Manufacturing company of New York, saw the highwaymen knock down the boys and started across the floor towards them. He was ordered to hold up his hands, but instead of doing so he attempted to grab one of the fellows. At this moment Perry was felled to the floor by a slungshot in the hands of the other robber, and when those in the office saw this they made a break for the doors.

Walter Castner, the night clerk, had loaded his revolver when the two boys were knocked down, and started to get out into the office floor with it in his hand. By this time the burglars had lost their nerve and made a break for the door by which they entered. They ran across the square towards the union station, and escaped. They are thought to be the same pair who operated in Boston and Lynn all winter.

MANILA'S WEALTH

And the Philippine Islands is Marvelous.

ITS TRADE MOSTLY WITH THE UNITED STATES.

The Population is Reckoned About 15,00o000.

Washington, May 6—The understanding at the state department is that Consul Oscar F. Williams, our representative at Manila, until the recent war began, is now aboard the flagship Olympia in Manila harbor, having accompanied Commodore Dewey from Hong Kong, so that advices may come from him to the state department, as well as from Commodore Dewey to the navy department.

A mail report from Consul Williams reached the state department recently dated Manila, February 28 last.

It gives a full description of the Philippine islands, their resources, their growth of American trade etc., and will be incorporated in the next volume issued by the bureau of statistics of the state department. Mr. Williams' report says:

"Local and European authorities estimate the area of the Philippine Islands at 150,000 square miles, and their population at 15,000,000.

"The island of Luzon, on which the city of Manila is situated, is larger than New York and Massachusetts, and has a population of 5,000,000, and the island of Mindanao is nearly, if not quite as large. There are scores of other islands."

Mr. Williams states that 22 consulates, representing the leading commercial countries of the world, are established at Manila.

He adds the surprising statement: "The volume of the export trade, coming under my official supervision, equals that of my 21 consular colleagues combined."

He then shows in detail how the trade of the Philippines with the United States exceeds that of all other countries combined, and is growing at a remarkable rate. As indicating the extent of this trade, he says:

"Today I have authenticated invoices for export to the United States amounting to $133,000."

He says the exports to this country average $1,000,000 a month. The report states that 216,000 bales of hemp were exported during the last three months Of these, 138,52 went to the United States and 78,000 to Great Britain and other countries.

Mr. Williams shows from this that the United States has 61 per cent. of the export trade from the Philippines as against 38 per cent. for Great Britain and other countries.

He says that last year the increase of shipments to the United States was 183,000 bales, and the decrease to Great Britain 22,000 bales. He adds:

"Of increased shipments from the Philippines, those to the United States were 61 per cent. greatr than to all other countries combined."

He also gives details of the large shipments of sugar, cigars, tobacco, woods, hides, shells, indigo, and coffee.

In the item of sugar, which is second in importance, the shipments to the United States were 55 per cent. of the total to all points.

In a previous report dated February 10, Mr. Williams stated that Manila had just passed through a devastating fire, the total loss being $2,500,000.

He said the city would have been totally destroyed had it not been for the splendid service of an American fire engine brought from Seneca Falls, N. Y.

In another report, Mr. Williams gives the railroad and ocean steamship facilities of the Philippines.

The main railroad from Manila is first class, having steel rails, stone culverts and English engines, which make 45 miles an hour.

There are four steamship lines to Hong Kong and a monthly line from Manila to Liverpool.

A gazetteer published at Hong Kong gives the population of Manila as 225,000.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

BASE BALL.

The great game between the South Ends and the Emeralds will be played on the Fair Grounds tomorrow afternoon. It will be the only game played as it has been found necessary to postpone the Mountain Rock game because of the condition of the grounds. "Billy" Connors will pitch for the Emeralds, and McCarthy will play in the field, ready to relieve Connors, if necessary. The teams will line up in their best form and owing to the fact that the rivalry is intense and the South Ends have had the better of the previous contests, the game will surely be exciting. It will be the North common against the South common and both teams will go on the grounds heavily backed. The pitchers will have a battle and everything will depend on them. It is a toss-up between the two teams. John Lynch will umpire the game and play will be called at 3 o'clock.

THE JUVENILE DIAMOND.

Shamrocks silent.

Unvanquished High schools.

The Shamrocks are also on top.

High school vs. Shamrocks would sound good.

Billerica, Andover, Nashua, Milford, Danvers, Haverhill, Salem and Tufts freshmen have teams that are equal in strength to the Lowell High school nine.

Thirteen errors in one game does not indicate superior playing. That many misplays were made in the Haverhill-Salem High schools contest.

Stirk was missed from the Shamrocks.

Out of one chance, Kearns made a wonderful catch of a sky-scraper in the High school game Wednesday. Who could improve upon that?

The Lowell High school team goes to Kingston, N. H., Saturday to play the Sanborn nine a return game. It is to be hoped that the New Hampshire town is bereft of a class of professional (?) ball tossers who attend juvenile games for the sole purpose of guying the players.

The local High school nine ought to arrange for games with all the out-of-town teams given above. Newburyport also has a nine.

Tufts had eight errors in their game with the Salem High.

Salem, Haverhill and Lowell are the leaders in the High schools race.

PATRIOTIC PARTY.

A very pleasant party was given in honor of Master Bert Dunham at his home in Stackpole street, Wednesday evening. About 25 young guests were present and a fine time followed. A spread was prepared by Mrs. Dunham. The party broke up at an early hour, before which there was a flag raising. Mr. Dunham raised the Stars and Stripes above his home amidst patriotic songs by the young people.

HIS ARM BROKEN.

Herbert O'Rorke, the seven-year-old son of Hugh O'Rorke of Kidder street was run over by a bicyclist in Gorham street yesterday, while playing in front of Good Templars' hall. He had his right arm broken and was badly bruised. The 'scorcher" rode away without giving his name.

PILL SENSE—It stands to reason that Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills will crowd out of the market many of the nauseous old timers. A better medicine at less than half the price is all the argument needed to keep the demand what it has been—phenomenal—40 doses 10 cents. They cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, and allay all stomach irritations. At all druggists.—28.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., Central and Merrimack streets, and by C. E. Carter, Branch and Smith streets.

BANG! BANG!

2000 lbs. Pork Chops, 3 lbs. for 25c.; Fore Quarter Lamb, 5c. lb.; Fore Quarter Veal, 5c. lb.; 3 pecks Kale, 25c.; 3 peoks Dandelions, 25c.; 5 lbs. Rhubarb, 25c.

CENTRAL

CASH MARKET

CENTRAL AND CHARLES STS.

RURAL DELIVERY

Of Mail Disapproved by the Senate.

OTHER MATTERS OF IMPORTANCE DISCUSSED.

Homestead Laws Extended to Alaskan Territory.

Washington, May 6.—During almost the entire session yesterday the senate had under consideration the postoffice appropriation bill. The measure carries $59,224,300, being very much the heaviest of all the appropriation bills. The most important action taken upon the measure was the adoption of an amendment offered by Mr. Tillman (S. C.) reducing the number of deliveries of mail in all cities of the country to not exceeding four each day. The amendment was sharply antagonized as a blow to business interests in the large cities, but the feeling of the senate was such that, despite the vigorous opposition, it prevailed by a decisive majority.

A lively debate was precipitated by an amendment of the committee striking out the appropriation of $300,000 for rural delivery. The proposition was discussed for nearly two hours. By the close vote of 25 to 22, however, the committee was sustained and the bill carries no appropriation for such delivery. An important amendment will prevent star route contractors from sub-letting their contracts. In order to get their money they must be able to swear that they performed the service themselves.

Just before adjournment the senate passed an important war measure authorizing the president and general officers of the army to supply the Cuban insurgents with arms and munitions of war and empowering officers of the army serving in Cuba to supply the needy inhabitants of the island with medicines and subsistence.

The Alaskan bill, extending the homestead laws to and providing for certain railway rights of way in the district of Alaska, was passed by the house. The labor arbitration measure providing for the arbitration of labor disputes between employes and certain common carriers, a bill which has been endorsed by labor organizations throughout the country, received approval.

It provides that in case a serious controversy concerning wages, hours of labor, or conditions of employment shall arise between a carrier subject to the act of the employes, the chairman of the interstate commission and the commissioner of labor shall, upon the request of each party, endeavor amicably to settle the dispute by mediation, and in case the endeavor shall fail then the controversy may be submitted to arbitration of a board of three persons, each party to the controversy to name one arbitrator and the two thus named to name the third. The agreement to submit must contain stipulations that the arbitration shall be begun within five days and the award shall be filed within 20 days from the appointment of the third arbitrator. The parties shall consider the award final and conclusive and faithfully execute the same. For one year the employer shall not dismiss nor shall any employe, dissatisfied with the award, quit work under three months without giving 30 days notice.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

How well the batallion looked in line today!

The janitor of this school will no longer perform his faithful duties here but will be changed to another school. Everybody who knows Mr. Condon says he is one of the best janitors the city has in its employ and are also convinced by his passing an examination last week that he is capable of taking care of any building in the state. He must also receive credit for his prompt attention to his work in the school.

Mr. William Rice will play a banjo solo the 15th of this month at the Savoy.

The lunch counter is doing a great business.

Thursday, Capt. Greig met the officers in Room 20 and discussed important matters, instructing them to drill as hard as ever until he returns to them.

Mr. Napoleon Provencher, a graduate of the '97 class, has successfully passed the postal clerks' examination.

Mr. John Phelan has also passed the required test and will enter the employ of Uncle Sam as soon as the opportunity presents itself.

NOTRE DAME MUSICAL FESTIVAL.

Past and present pupils of the Sisters of Notre Dame are uniting their efforts in making the May Festival which is to be held in Associate Hall next Wednesday afternoon and evening a grand success. The musical programme for the entertainment is one of unusual brilliancy.

A large number of tickets are being sold and the affair promises to be one of social as well as artistic success.

CALLED TO MAINE.

Rev. Mr. Lockhart, who has been pastor of the Chelmsford Free Baptist church for the last eight years, has received a call to North Berwick, Me.



The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

WANT COLUMN.

FIRST CLASS board at 118 Appleton street. Gents $2.50; Ladies $1.75. Meals, gents 20c.; ladies 15c.

MANHATTAN music at Burbank hall, Saturday afternoons. Burbank orchestra Saturday evenings.

TO LET—Front room, furnished or unfurnished, 18 Rockdale avenue, near Fletcher street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

FOR SALE—Nearly new upright piano, cost $375. Will sell at a sacrifice as party is leaving town. 25 Chase avenue, Pawtucketville, city.

GRAND RECEPTION at Burbank hall Thursday, May 5th. Valuable prizes given in cake walk. Admission 25c.

FREE DINNER SET—Ladies, send us your full address, plainly written, and we will express you 125 of our sweet and exquisite Arabian Perfume Packets (in powder form to scent gloves, handkerchiefs, clothing, etc.) to sell among friends at 10 cents each. When sold, remit us the money (after deducting express charges) and we will send you for your trouble, a lovely decorated English Dinner Set of 100 pieces (full size for family use.) Each set is artistically decorated in colors, tasteful leaf and flower pattern. The shapes are of latest style, which every lady will appreciate. Order at once and name nearest express office. Address Arabian Perfume Co., Bridgewater, Conn.

WAGONS—Butcher cart in fine order, new high grade delivery, new grocer wagon, attractive panel side wagon, handsome light order wagon, second hand riding wagon, etc., to be sold low, second hand delivery. J. F. Libbey, 69 Robbins street.

WANTED—Men and women, $3 to $6 per day. 452 Central street.

WANTED—An English speaking agent for a good debit in the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., also one who can speak French and English. Must furnish good reference and bond. Married men preferred. Apply at the branch office, 50 Central street, room 78. Wm. Thornton, Supt.

LOST—A white bull pup. Finder please return to 47 Kirk street, or Johnson's millinery store, 230 Merrimack street and receive reward.

WANTED—Young man with $200 capital desirous of business already established in Lowell, paying a net profit of $500 annually. Address P. O. Box 458 Worcester, Mass.

SHIRTS made to order $1. Waists to order $2. Work guaranteed. Madame O. Gaibois, dressmaker, 817 Market street.

WANTED—By a man, 58, single place as coachman, hostler or general work. Swett & Co., 104 Central street.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WANTED—A young man with $800 capital, desirous of business already established in Fitchburg, Leominster and Lowell, paying a net profit of $800 annually. Triflers need not apply. Address P. O. Box 458 Worcester, Mass.

FOR SALE—The best liquor business (licensed) in a city of 30,000. The business has been established for 15 years, and is the best paying in the city, having averaged $25,000 (strictly retail) for the past three years. The plant is furnished throughout with the latest modern improvements and conveniences. The building is located admirably in the centre of the most thickly populated district and has a large established trade. The only reason for selling is that the present owner is compelled by illness to give up. Books and income will verify about statement. Address H. E. Y., Box 257, Taunton, Mass.

WANTED—Experienced stocking mill help, toppers and knitters on seamless ribbed stockings. Address at once. Uncas K'f'g Co., Danielson, Conn.

TO LET—Cottage of ten rooms, steam heat, bath, set tubs, hot and cold water cemented cellar, and barn if desired. W. H. Bagshaw, 11 Wilson street.

YOUNG MAN desires board and room in first-class boarding house. Address, stating terms, M. m., care Evening Sun.

WANT NOONANS?—Yes, you want Noonan's. It's sure to kill all kinds of insects. Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs at all drug stores. A. E. Moar's, L. L. Walker's, A. W. Dows, D. O'Brien's and Storey & Co's.

WALL PAPERS at factory prices. $2 will paper your room with the latest design of wall paper with border to match. First-class work guaranteed. We also do painting, whitewashing, kalsomining at low prices. New York Wall Paper Co., 333 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Men and women to work at home. I pay $3 to $16 per week for making crayon portraits. New pattern method, anyone who can read or write can do the work at home in spare time, day or evening. Send for particulars and work at once. Address H. A. Gripp, German Artist, Tyrone, Pa.

TO LET—Stable, two stalls, harness closet, ample carriage room, concreted, rear of 68 Tyler street, entrance from George or Church streets. Apply to Charles H. Walker.

WANTED—Lady readers to tell us what is the longest verse in the Bible. If you can tell us in what chapter it is, we will give you a prize of $100. If more than one person answers correctly we will divide cash equally. With your answer send 10 cents for our new library of 12 complete books, a grand prize in themselves. Address Keystone Book Co., 1111 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—On Gates' Land near Westford street, two tenement house with all modern improvements; good corner lot; price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their straw, leghorn or manilla hats cleansed or dyed and made in the latest shapes at the Hat and Bonnet Bleachery, 401 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—On Gorham street, 8-room cottage house and store doing a good grocery business; small barn, large corner lot of land. Price $3500. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. 1 1-2 inch one line rubber stamps, 10c.; 2 inch, 15c.; 35c. ink pads 25c.; 25c. ink pads 15c.; 50c. linen markers 25c.; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 158 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—Three miles from Lowell Post office, small farm of 6 acres, cottage house and barn, hennery and some fruit, $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

FOR SALE—Seven miles from Lowell, farm of 35 acres; two-story house and barn, wood for home use. Price $550. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central Street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 35c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, good 6-room cottage house, large lot of land. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

WANTED—Housegirls at the Lowell Employment Office, 332 Merrimack street, opposite City hall.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street Boston.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 262 Fayette street.

$15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid new 2 1-2 story hip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with tub, marble wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry; very sightly; near cars and school; will sell for $1300. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

Concrete paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 165 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

TELEPHONE 29-3.

Banner Market

GROCERY AND BUTTER HOUSE,

68, 72, 74 PRESCOTT STREET.

War! War! War!

Prices are Going Higher. Buy Now Before They Fire.

Our Butter Department Has No Equal in Lowell.

For new Spring Butter of the finest quality, at this season of the year, this is the place.

We are striving, always, to supply our patrons with the choicest makes of butter that the market will afford, and are now receiving direct from Vermont the finest and newest butter to be found in the market, not more than from 6 to 12 hours from the churn. Realizing that your tastes are fastidious, we have some very mild October Cheese, which we now offer from 10c to 12c. Cannot be purchased elsewhere for less than 15c to 18c. Strickly fresh eggs from country and farm, 15c to 18c. Eggs by the case 13 cents.

Armour's and Fairbank's Lard, in 20 lb. tubs. We have closed out many of the large lines of Canned Goods and have reduced our stock more than half, but still have some bargains in choice Peas, Tomatoes, Squash as well as Pickles and Chow Chows, which we will endeavor to close out during the next week. There are about 100 cases of these goods, and some lines will be closed out very soon. This is an exceptional opportunity to lay in a stock.

50 bush. choice Mealy White Potatoes, 90c. bush., 25c. pk.
50 bush. choice Hebron Potatoes, 90c., bush., 25c. pk.
75 bush. choice New Hampshire Red Potatoes, 90c. bush., 25c. pk.
25 bush. choice Danvers Onions, 75c. bush., 20c. pk.
15 bush. choice Red Onions, 50c. bush., 15c. pk.
All these goods are the best and will be sold out soon.
3 cans Alaska Salmon, 25c.
3 cans Baldwin Apples, 25c.
5 lb. can fine flavored O Government Java coffee, $1. We defy all to equal this coffee. Sold everywhere for 35c. lb.
3 packages Seeded Raisins, 25c.
3 lbs. 3-Crown Currants, 25c.
3 cans best Maine Succotash, 25c.
3 cans Clams, 25c.
6 cans French Sardines, 25c.

FISH DEPARTMENT.

Live Cock tail Haddock, fresh every day, 4c. lb.
Smoked Halibut, 12c. lb.
Live cock tail Haddock, fresh every day, 5c. lb.
Smoked Bloaters, 20c. doz.
Fresh Shoal Halibut, fresh every day, 10c. lb.
Smoked Salmon, 15c.
Fresh Chicken Halibut, fresh every day, 12c. lb.
Smoked Bloaters, 20c doz.
Kippered Herring, 25c. doz.
Finnan Haddy, 7c. lb.
Fresh Connecticut River Shad, 20c. each.
20 lb. boxes Boneless Cod, $1.
Fresh Penobscot River Salmon, 10c. lb.
10-lb. Scrap Cod, 30c.
Fresh Blue Fish, 8c. lb.
5 lb. box Boneless Cod, 35c.
Fresh Striped Bass, a Game Fish, 15c. lb.
3 lb. extra quality Minced Cod, 25c.
Fresh White Fish, 10c lb.
Fresh Eels, 10c. lb.
3 lb. box Fancy Boned Herrring, 25c.
Fresh Siscoes Fish, 10c. lb.
Flounder, 10c. lb.
Fresh Herrings, fresh Alewives.
Frersh Cod Steaks, 5c. lb.
Halibut Steaks, 10c. lb.
Halibut Cheaks, 10c lb.
Salt Mackerel, Salt Whole Cod.
Fresh Herring, Fresh Alewives, Spawn, 10c. lb.
Cod Liver Oil, pints, ½, ¼.
Fresh Boiled Lobsters every day at 4 p. m. Price this week 12½c. lb.
Clams, 35c. pk., 20c. a quart.
Oysters, 25c., 30c., 35c.

CUT MEATS.

Rump Steak, 15c to 25c.
Loin Steak, 15c. to 25c.
Round Steak, 10 to 12 1-2c.
Top Round Steak, 15c. to 18c.
Lamb Mutton Chops, 10c. to 15c.
Pork Chops, 10c., 12c., 15c.
Roast Beef, 5c. to 13c.
Boiling Beef, 3c. to 5c.
Pot Roasts, 5c. to 7c.
Soup Beef, 2c to 4c.

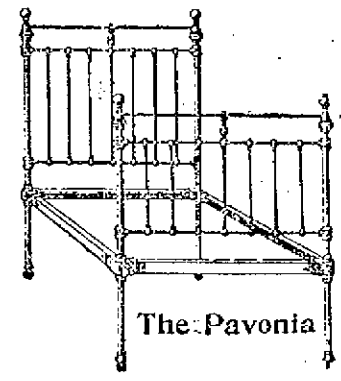
We deliver in any part of Lowell twice a day; Navy Yard once a day, and Tewksbury Center, Wednesdays and Fridays.



Getting Ready
TO
Clean House?
WE'LL HELP YOU!
Carpets at prices so low that it wont pay you to clean the old ones.

ONE WORD ABOUT
Mattings!

1 lot Seamless at 15c.
1 lot Seamless, extra heavy 20c.
1 lot Jap (Cotton Warp), 25c.
1 lot Jap (Cotton Warp), 45c.
500 Remnants Wool Carpet, 25c. yd.
Window Shades, com. to hang, 25c. ea.



The Pavonia

THIS IRON BED,
Full mount, brass rail, all sizes, Others from $2.50 to $50.
$4.50

Robertson & Co., 82 Prescott Street

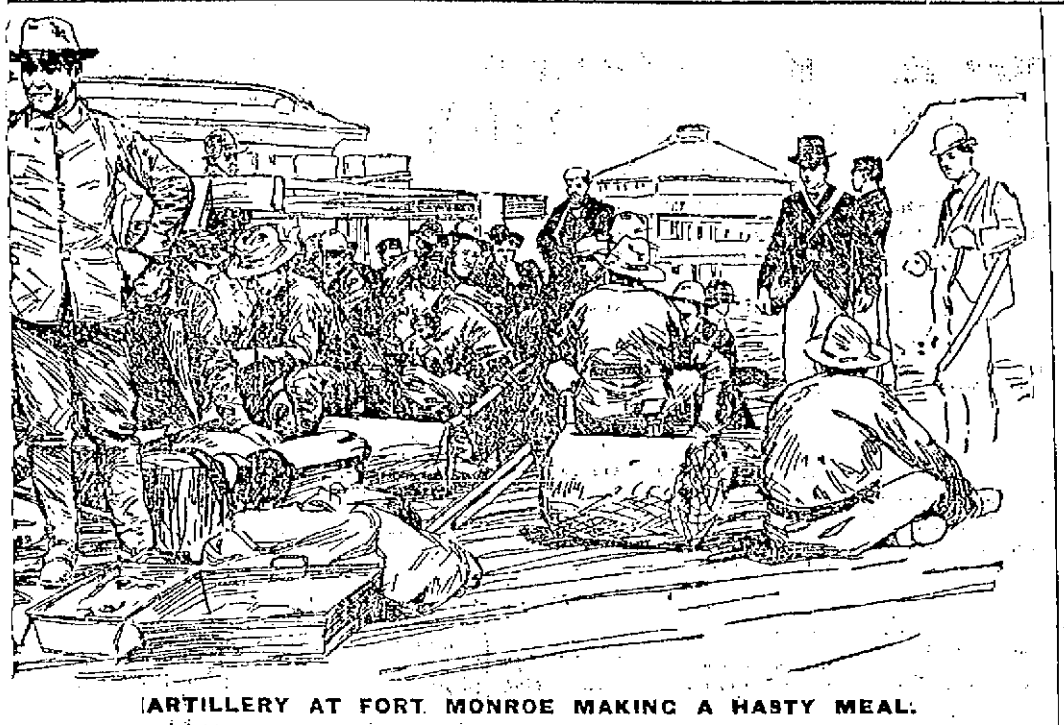
FANCY
Creamery Butter
SEE THIS STAMP ON EVERY PACKAGE.

Ask Your Grocer For It.

SHADY GROVE
Manchester N.H.
E.M.S.CO
Lawrence Mass.
SEPARATOR BUTTER

Ask Your Grocer For It.

No other Butter on the market today can Equal the Fine Flavor of the
"SHADY GROVE."
For Sale by all the Leading Grocers in the Merrimack River Valley from Franklin, N. H., to Newburyport, Mass.



ARTILLERY AT FORT MONROE MAKING A HASTY MEAL.

THE SUSPENSE IS DISTRESSING

Over the Delay of Dewey's Report to Washington.

The Philippines Isolated—No Alarm Over the Long Silence—Mysterious Movements of Sampson's Fleet—Queen Regent Said to be About to Leave Spain—Notes of the Situation.

Washington, May 6.—At the close of office hours Thursday Secretary Long had received no word from Commodore Dewey. However, he felt no apprehension over this lack of good news, because in the first place reports were not expected with the cable from Manila cut, and, furthermore, no fears were entertained as to Dewey's ability to maintain his position. There was no doubt that Dewey's fleet had annihilated the Spanish fleet, and with this much accomplished Dewey was master of the situation at Manila. It was suggested to Mr. Long that the shore batteries at Cavite and on the Corregidor Island might be a serious menace to the American fleet, but the secretary did not share this view, holding that the strength of the Olympia and other ships in Dewey's command was ample to make him master of Manila bay and its surroundings.

The department is taking steps to render effective aid to the commodore in the matter of supplies, and a constructor of high ability is to go out at once to repair the damages sustained in the battle of Manila. Preparation for a suitable convoy for the supply ships was also indicated by the choice of a commander and officers for the Charleston, now at Mare Island. Having received the surrender of Manila, the commodore would be able to secure any quantity of labor and of such material as a maritime city like Manila affords for the repair of his ships. He also would be able to place his wounded in comfort in some of the Manila hospitals or other buildings.

The department will ship 200,000 pounds of powder to the commodore to add to the stock he now has left. This will be made up of about 60,000 pounds of the grades used for big 8-inch guns, 60,000 pounds for the 6-inch guns, 50,000 pounds for the 5-inch guns and lesser amounts for other classes of guns. This, with the large number of 8-inch armor piercing projectiles, shells and 6-inch and 5-inch rifle balls, will make the shipment of ammunition a very large one. The powder and shot together will give 600 rounds for the big guns and several thousand rounds for the rapid-fire rifles.

No news could be gleaned relative to the movements of Admiral Sampson's ironclads, but from the confident tone of the few officials acquainted with the policy of the department it is inferred that they are expecting to hear very soon of news from this squadron almost as interesting and important as that received from the Philippines last Monday. A high official of the administration almost demolished the theory that Sampson was going to succor the Oregon, now on her way from Brazil to join the Atlantic squadron. He declared that the navy department was under no apprehension about the Oregon, as it did not consider that the Spanish admiral of the Cape Verde squadron would be willing to risk a combat with the Oregon even with the great odds in his favor, as, even if overwhelmed in the end, the Oregon would certainly destroy one of the Spanish ships and perhaps more, and the Spanish government could not afford to exchange pawns at this stage of the war. That left open as possible points of operations for Sampson either Porto Rico or some port on the Cuban coast, but just which theory is to be accepted is not even hinted by the department officials.

Brazil has declared its neutrality. There is no cause to regret such action on the part of Brazil, for however beneficial the delay has been to the United States in getting its warships safely along the Brazilian coast, the issue of the proclamation just now is likely to be still more beneficial in closing Brazilian ports to the Spanish flying squadron if it should be headed in that direction. It may be noted, however, that while the first reports were received with little credit, the advices, though not conclusive, inclined the officers to be belief that the Spanish flying squadron really has turned back from Cape Verde to consolidate with the home squadron at Cadiz.

Great pressure is being brought to bear upon the war department to secure appointments to second lieutenancies authorized by the recently enacted Hull bill. The list of applicants includes many bright men, for the regulation requires them to be under 30. Among them are former students at West Point, newspaper men and others with political influences back of them.

"Fighting" Joe Wheeler, one of the new major generals in the volunteer army, reported at army headquarters yesterday. He was the first of the major generals to signify to Secretary Alger his readiness for active duty. The president, however, has not as yet determined finally upon the organization of the volunteer army, and in the absence of any action in this direction, it is not likely that any designations will be positively made. The probability, however, is that General Wheeler and General Fitzhugh Lee will receive commands in the section of the country from which they come. General Wheeler has not yet determined whether he will resign his seat as a representative in congress from Alabama. This will depend upon the duration of the war.



GENERAL JOE WHEELER.

It is the understanding at the war department that the bill providing for the enlistment of over 10,000 "immunes" and a brigade of engineers will be modified so as to leave it discretionary with the president to recruit probably 15,000 men made up of such special classes as he may deem best for the service. These classes, it is expected, will include "immunes," signal corps, cowboy companies and artillery and engineer regiments. This course is regarded as better than that proposed in the bill, in that it will enable the president to provide for obtaining such troops as he may think best.

Among those who have been prominent in urging upon the officials the formation of a brigade of engineer troops is Eugene Griffin, vice president of the General Electric company, a graduate of West Point, who served 14 years as aide-de-camp with General Hancock. He has tendered his services to the government in connection with the present war, and in doing so has written an interesting letter to Secretary Alger, giving his reasons for the formation of a brigade of engineers not exceeding 3500 men, who shall be enlisted and commissioned in the service. Each of these regiments, he says, should be composed of civil, mechanical and electrical engineers and practical electricians, mechanics, artisans, draftsmen and men familiar with all kinds of engineering work, capable of being rapidly converted into military engineers with proper training.

IS DEWEY IN CONTROL?

Boston, May 6.—At the banquet of the Electric club last night a member read a dispatch from a friend in Singapore as follows:

"Reliable information received here corroborates the news of Dewey's victory, and he is now executing the duties of governor general there."

REPULSED BY CUBANS.

An Encounter With Spanish Cavalry While Landing Insurgents.

Key West, May 6.—The Leyden left here Monday afternoon with a party of insurgents under General Baldamoro Acosta, including five Cuban scouts under the leadership of Captain J. H. Dorst of the United States cavalry, besides a large quantity of arms and ammunition. The tug landed five men, with four boxes of ammunition and two horses. General Acosta also landed and penetrated to the interior, where he communicated with the forces of the insurgents. The Leyden lay outside the harbor until 5 o'clock in the morning, when, observing a troop of Spanish infantry approaching, she put to sea and got safely away. The same night she proceeded to Matanzas, and Tuesday afternoon landed another party near there. Fearing attack by the Spaniards, the Leyden returned to the original landing place.

Here she was met by Acosta and about 200 Cubans, half of whom were armed with rifles. They united with the men on the tug and an attempt was made to land the remaining arms and men, when 200 of the Villa Vicosa cavalry swooped down on them, and a fierce engagement of half an hour's duration followed. The Cubans finally repulsed the enemy, driving them into the woods.

During this engagement several rifle bullets went through the Leyden's smokestack, but no one was injured. The plucky little tug then went in search of the flagship, found her lying near Havana and reported the story. Rear Admiral Sampson sent the Wilmington back with the Leyden. The two vessels reached the scene of the landing and found the Spanish cavalry in waiting to welcome another invasion. The Wilmington promptly opened fire on a number of small houses marking the entrance to the place. The gunboat fired four shots which drove back the Spaniards, and Captain Dorst, with the ammunition, landed safely.

TO CHASE THE YANKEES.

Madrid, via Paris, May 6.—It is alleged that the governments of Cuba and Porto Rico having cabled that there is no need to fear a landing of American troops in those islands, two ironclads, two cruisers and three transports will leave Cadiz forthwith to chase the Yankees from the Philippines and then bombard Californian ports.

READY TO QUIT.

London, May 6.—A Vienna correspondent says: "Apartments have been reserved at a hotel here for the queen regent of Spain in case she arrived before apartments have been prepared for her in her brother's palace.

"Telegrams from the Austrian ambassador at Madrid (Count Dubsky) indicate that the queen regent is only waiting for a suitable moment to quit Spain without detriment to the interests of her son."

A PREJUDICED OPINION.

Madrid, May 6.—The Impartial, commenting upon a speech which the Marquis of Salisbury delivered at the annual meeting of the Primrose league in London, says: "His bitter words will arouse the indignation of all lovers of justice. Lord Salisbury voiced the theory that might is right.' One may extend his parallel between powerful and weak nations in the following manner: There are conscienceless nations which employ ironclads as the bandit uses the knife. There are nations which sacrifice their aspirations to justice and pride of race. The strong powers must beware of the despair of those they desire to despoil. These powers are preparing a terrible close of the nineteenth century. At both Washington and London the fact is solemnly proclaimed that robbery is legal."

MR. M'CALL'S MEASURE.

Washington, May 6.—Representative McCall of Massachusetts has introduced a bill "to insure and protect the commerce and merchant marine of the United States from depredations by public enemies." It empowers the bureau of navigation and auxiliary department of the treasury to examine into the value of all such vessels and their cargoes and give certificates, as well as allowing applications for such examinations to be made in foreign countries at the nearest United States consulate, the certifications to be taken as a basis for indemnification by the United States which the court of claims is authorized to make in cases of attack, etc., of a public enemy. The cargoes to be indemnified expressly except money, bullion or precious metals, securities, etc. The bill also amends the prize laws to make at least one-half of the proceeds of all prizes go into the treasury.

ABE HEWITT'S OPINION.

New York, May 6.—At a meeting of the chamber of commerce, President Seth Low of Columbia university offered a lengthy preamble and set of resolutions, pledging the unqualified and hearty support of the chamber of commerce to the president and congress of the United States in the conduct of the war. The resolutions also pledged the chamber to "bear its share of the coming burdens whatever they may be, to the end that such a peace may speedily be obtained as will insure to the benefit of our Cuban neighbors and to the domestic quiet and prosperity of the United States," and provide for the appointment of 30 members of the chamber "to take such action from time to time as may be necessary to give this action of the chamber its greatest possible efficiency and value." The thanks and congratulations of the chamber are offered to Commodore Dewey and the gallant officers and crews of the Asiatic squadron who, "by a blow struck under circumstances of peculiar heroism, have helped importantly to shorten the war."



ABRAM S. HEWITT.

The resolutions were seconded by ex-Governor Levi P. Morton. Abram S. Hewitt, in speaking to the question, said that if the United States had interfered in the Cuban question 26 years ago there would be no war today.

PREPARING FOR INVASION.

Key West, May 6.—The conditions of the Havana blockade remain unchanged, the line being rigidly kept by the Montgomery and other cruisers under Captain Converse, who is still in temporary command. Captain Lyons of the Dolphin, which has been cruising for 11 days along the western coast of Cuba, says there is great activity on shore throughout that section, especially in Bahia Honda. Groups of Spaniards can be seen working on improvised fortifications of all kinds. Earthworks have been thrown up all along the coast, and apparent preparations against invasion are being made.

During her cruise the Dolphin held up 18 vessels, all of which were released except the fishing schooner Lolo. The Dolphin had previously taken the Lolo, but had released her on the captain's promise to go in shore and remain there. Not long afterwards the Dolphin again found the Lolo cruising and apparently signalling information to someone on shore. The Spaniard was then captured despite the captain's protestations that he was not signalling.

CRITIC OF THE GOVERNMENT.

Madrid, May 5.—The debate on the government's policy was resumed yesterday, the sitting being mainly occupied with the continuation of Robledo's speech. He severely criticised the government for its lack of foresight and, after putting various questions to members of the cabinet as to the government's plans, he announced that he would ask the cortes to vote an income tax. He asked why, after issuing from the bay, Admiral Montojo returned to Cavite, "thus becoming a simple target for the enemy."

Admiral Bermejo, minister of marine, replied that Montojo acted entirely at his own discretion, no instructions having been sent him. Bermejo declined to answer a question as to the whereabouts of the Cape Verde squadron.

At a cabinet council, over which the queen regent presided, the premier explained the war situation and announced the safe arrival at Porto Rico of the Spanish Transatlantic company's steamer Alfonso XIII, having on board, it is said, reinforcements of troops and a very valuable cargo, including ammunition and supplies.

PROTECTING MILITIAMEN.

Boston, May 6.—For the protection of militiamen a bill has been reported in the senate which returns the men to their commands on their return from the United States service by granting officers leave of absence until 40 days after their discharge from the army or navy, with reasonable time to reach home; and granting all enlisted men furlough until not later than 30 days after their discharge. Any organization depleted by enlistments into the military or naval service of the United States may, in the discretion of the commander-in-chief, be recruited by enlistments in towns and cities in which are situated the armories of companies entering the United States service, for terms which shall continue for not longer than 30 days after the termination of the present war, and companies recruited shall choose officers at such time as the commander-in-chief may direct, whose commissions shall expire within 20 days after the declaration of peace.

WITHOUT AMMUNITION.

London, May 6.—A Paris correspondent says: "I hear on indisputable authority that five of the Spanish warships, including the Pelayo and the Alfonso XIII, have not yet been supplied with ammunition. This was the cause of the delay in the sailing of the Cape Verde fleet, and will probably compel it to return to Cadiz."

The Liberal, in a gloomy article which notes the "subterraneous rumblings preceding social upheaval," declares that "the fate of the country cannot remain longer with the weak hands and worn-out intellects of the men now governing the country."

REDUCING THE OUTPUT.

Fall River, Mass., May 6.—As a further step in the independent plan of curtailment of the output of the cotton mills of this city comes the announcement that the Merchants corporation, one of the largest concerns in the city, employing about 1100 hands, with a weekly payroll of $8000 and having 126,000 spindles and 3400 looms, will shut down tomorrow for at least one week.

While a definite plan of general curtailment has not been decided upon, it is stated that the American, Westamoe and Mechanics mills will also enter upon a short time schedule soon. Other mills which have a large stock of goods on hand may also be forced into the movement.

VERMONT LEGISLATORS.

Montpelier, Vt., May 6.—Mr. Smith of Burlington introduced a bill to appropriate $10,000 to meet the expenses of the special session, and authorizing the state treasurer to borrow $200,000 to meet appropriations. A bill to prevent alien railroad companies being interested in railroads in this state was passed in concurrence by the senate and signed by the governor.

The railroad bill is to checkmate the Grand Trunk's plan to secure control of the Central Vermont railroad.

MAINE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

Portland, Me., May 6.—The grand commandery of Knights Templar elected the following officers: Commander, Frank E. Sleeper, Sabattus; deputy commander, Herbert Harris, East Machias; generalissimo, Albert M. Spear, Gardiner; captain general, Clayton J. Farrington, Lewiston; prelate, E. Howard Vose, Calais; treasurer, Leander W. Fobes, Portland; recorder, Stephen Berry.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

Metropolitans Took the Opening of the Series in Boston.

Boston, May 6.—With the score 4 to 1 against them, Seymour was put in to pitch for the New Yorks in the third. He proved an enigma for the home team, and the visitors won easily. Score:

New Yorks.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Van Haltren, c. f.	5	1	2	1	0	0
Wilmot, l. f.	5	1	1	1	1	0
Joyce, 3 b.	5	0	2	11	0	0
Davis, s. s.	4	1	1	3	3	0
Gleason, 2 b.	3	0	1	2	4	0
Hartman, 3 b.	4	0	0	0	0	0
McCreery, r. f.	3	1	0	1	0	0
Grady, c.	4	1	2	8	2	0
Meekin, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Seymour, p.	3	1	1	0	3	0
Totals	37	6	10	27	13	0

Bostons.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c. f.	2	1	0	2	0	0
Tenney, 1 b.	5	0	2	7	1	0
Long, s. s.	4	0	1	2	2	0
Duffy, l. f.	3	0	1	2	0	0
Collins, 3 b.	4	0	0	3	4	0
Stahl, r. f.	3	1	1	3	0	0
Lowe, 2 b.	3	1	1	3	3	0
Bergen, c.	4	1	2	4	0	0
Nichols, p.	3	0	1	1	2	0
*Stivetts	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	4	9	27	12	0

*Batted for Nichols in the ninth.

New Yorks ....0 1 0 0 3 0 2 0 0—6
Bostons .....1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—4

Two-base hits—Grady, Van Haltren, Lowe. Three-base hit—Davis. Home runs—Wilmot, Grady. Stolen base—Bergen. First base on balls—By Meekin, 1; by Seymour, 5; by Nichols, 2. Double play—Davis, Gleason and Joyce. Hit by pitched ball—Stahl. Struck out—By Meekin, Hamilton; by Seymour, Hamilton, Tenney, Long, Stahl, Nichols, 2; by Nichols, Van Haltren, Hartman. Wild Pitch—Nichols. Time—1:51. Umpires—Lynch and Connelly.

The New Bedfords played a fast game against the Newports and won easily, 8 to 5. Sechrist had the Newport players at his mercy up to the last inning, when he let up.

The Pawtuckets trounced the Fall River team in a well-played game. The Smith family were never in it after the sixth inning when four singles, a home run and a base on balls netted six runs. Score: 12 to 3.

The Providences defeated the Torontos, 12 to 8, in a game in which hits were well bunched on both sides. They mixed called balls and good hitting for seven runs in two innings against Foutz, and McFarland was substituted. They made five runs against him and won.

The defeat of the Tauntons by the neighbors from Brockton, 10 to 4, is easily explained. Wolff gave bases on balls and was pounded so hard in the second inning that he was replaced by McGarwell, who was unable to overcome the lead.

The league games scheduled in Brooklyn, Cleveland and Cincinnati were prevented by rain.

The Springfields were unable to bunch hits on McFarlan after the first inning, while Korwan was easy for the Montreals, besides being wild. Score: 12 to 4.

Killen was taken out of the ball game in Pittsburg when the fourth man faced him, after making an error, giving a base on balls and allowing two hits to the Chicagos. The game was called at the end of the sixth inning on account of rain. Score: 4 to 4.

BAY STATE SOLONS.

Boston, May 6.—After some debate in the senate, the bill authorizing the city of Brockton to light its central police station from its electric lighting plant in the city hall was ordered to a third reading by a vote of 17 to 14.

The bill providing for the creation of a board of apportionment in the city of Boston, the engrossment of which had been reconsidered, was again passed to be engrossed by the senate.

There was a long debate in the house on the bill to grant equal privileges to all express companies on railroads in Massachusetts. The committee on railroads reported ought not to pass on the bill, and Mr. Reed of Taunton moved to substitute the bill. Mr. Reed cited three companies that had a practical monopoly of the express business in Massachusetts. A vote was not taken.

J. M. FITZGERALD'S PUPILS.

Joseph M. Fitzgerald and his pupils gave their fifth reception in Burbank hall last night, Burbank's orchestra furnishing the music for 22 numbers.

The officers were Joseph M. Fitzgerald, general manager; Oscar Gray, assistant; Charles Manual, floor director; Frank G. L. Parks, assistant; Ernest D. Bailey, chief aid; Earl Carson, William Chisholm, George Kelly, Thomas Armstrong and Thomas Tully, aids; reception committee, Ralph Quealey, chairman; George Mealey, Charles Gallagher, John McCorville, and Fred Clark.

GRANDEST DISPLAY OF FINE

MILLINERY

Ever Seen in Lowell.

Fine Imported Millinery in Trimmed Hats and Shapes, Flowers, Ribbons and Feathers, as our customers say, at about half what other dealers ask. See them and you will save money.

This week we have added to our stock the grandest line of Ladies' Skirts ever shown this side of Boston. Our Skirts are made from the very latest imported novelties and by one of the best manufacturers in the country. To see these Skirts would delight any lady whether she buys or not.

Also the grandest line of Dress Trimmings in gimps, braids, velvets and everything at about half what others ask.

If you want a spring Hat don't throw your money away paying high prices. We can save you dollars on fine Hats, also on shapes in Untrimmed shapes from 15c. to any price you want to pay.

Come and see us, you won't be sorry. We are known to give the best value in Lowell, that's what every lady says.

Our Motto—Honest dealings, low prices, good goods one price to everybody.

JOHN DRAIN

111 Gorham Street.

Quantity Makes Price

It always did and always will. We buy one hundred and fifty Bicycles at one time and carry over 500 wheels in stock. Prices from

$19.50 Up.

Good second-hand Bicycles from $5.00 up.

CASH OR CREDIT.

RING'S BIG STORE, 227-229 Dutton Street.

HONEST VALUE

And Your Money's Worth In This Space.

Children's Kid Boots, russet and black, sizes 3 to 8, 25c.
Children's Russet Spring Heel, sizes 6 to 8, 35c.
Children's Kid Spring Heel, sizes 6 to 8, 39c.
Children's Kid Spring Heel, lace or button, extra quality, sizes 5 to 8 50c.
Children's Kid Boots, lace or button, extra fine, sizes 8 1-2 to 11, 75c.
Misses' Kid Shoes, sizes 12 to 2, 75c.
Ladies' Kid Boots, lace or button, opera toe or common sense, 98c.
Ladies' Russet and Black Oxfords, sizes 3 to 7, 50c.
Ladies' Serge Congress Boots, sizes 4 to 8, 49c.
Ladies' Serge Slippers, sizes 3 to 8, 25c.
Boys' Shoes, heel or spring heel, sizes 8 to 13, 75c.
Boys' Shoes, extra quality, sizes 11 to 2, 85c.
Boys' Shoes, extra quality, sizes 3 to 5 1-2, 90c.
Men's Shoes, lace and congress, all sizes, $1.00.

HEADQUARTERS FOR GOOD WEARING $1.25 and $1.50 SHOES.

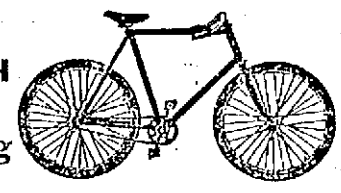
WE HAVE THE BARGAINS.

THOMAS P. BOULGER

115 Central Street

Bicycle Bargain of the Season

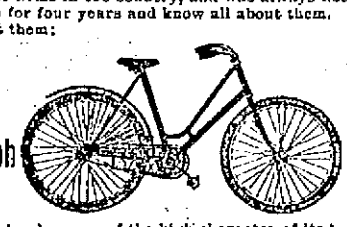
The $85 TRIUMPH Bicycle now selling



FOR $30

This Bicycle is manufactured by the Peerless Manufacturing Co., one of the oldest bicycle firms in the country, and was always listed as their $85 grade. We have sold them for four years and know all about them. Here is what the Peerless folks say about them:

The 1898 Triumph



"This wheel is presented to the public with great confidence in its meeting the requirements of a thoroughly good wheel at a comparatively low price. In material and workmanship it is excellent in every respect. It is very carefully inspected, and we think it handsome in its lines, and beautiful in its finish. We know it is strong, and is easy running because of the high character of its bearings. For every-day riding in city or country for hill climbing, coasting or touring, we believe it will prove to be entirely satisfactory to all riders. It is as well finished and as fine in appearance as many higher priced wheels.

Ladies require a wheel which is just as strong, just as easy running, and in every respect as good as that built for men's use exclusively. We think that in our Triumph we are presenting to the ladies just such a wheel; handsome, good as it looks, thoroughly reliable and comfortable. There is room for mounting, a position giving full control of handle bars and pedals, and the rider may feel that she is mounted upon a wheel she can depend upon.

Call and see them. We have them in Ladies' and Men's in different colors, and it will pay you to get a catalogue and read the specifications.

T. P. Boulger, 115 Central Street.



Fifty Cents Per Box

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Kidney Diseases, $5 a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WHITE EAGLE WITH TEA.

A new lot of eagle have arrived and we will continue to give them away with a pound of 60c. Tea, while they last. Dickson Bros., Teas, 68 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star French and German lines. Sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

Estey Parlors, 145 Merrimack street, for Piano Bargains.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson St. Telephone, 439-4.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

One Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine, only $23. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

This is a time of trial. Roarke & Sullivan's coal will stand the test. Telephone, 984 Gorham street.

MAY 16TH IS QUARTER DAY AT THE WASHINGTON SAVINGS BANK. 4 PER CENT.

If you use Flue Lining in your chimneys, you know they are safe. W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street, sells it.

PRIMARY TEACHERS.

The Primary Teachers' union will meet this afternoon in the vestry of the Paige Street Free Baptist church, at 4.30 o'clock. Rev. Joel Leonard, Ph.D., of Melrose will deliver an address on "The Pastor's View of Primary Work."

MURRAY CLUB OFFICERS.

The adjourned annual meeting was held at the home of Rev. C. E. Fisher last evening, and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Arthur D. Gilbert, president; Miss Helen Bradford, vice president; Blanche Fife, secretary and treasurer.

FIFTH ANNUAL RECEPTION.

The fifth annual reception of Joseph M. Fitzgerald's pupils was held last evening. An order of 22 numbers was danced.

After intermission a sword dance was splendidly executed by Mr. James Fraser, and was followed by a cake walk. Following are the names of the victors: First prize, Mr. Monohan and Miss Dupont; second prize, Mr. Robert Armstrong and Miss Lyons; third prize, Mr. Walsh and Miss Nettie Walsh.

The floor was managed by the following: General manager, Joseph M. Fitzgerald; assistant general manager Oscar Gray; floor director, Charles Manuel.

BRANCH STREET CHURCH.

At the adjourned annual business meeting of the Branch Street Tabernacle held last night, the following officers were elected: Collector, James M. Butler; treasurer, Samuel G. Stephens; clerk, Chester L. Chamberlain; auditors, Miss Anna A. Leach, Miss Elizabeth V. Beale. The finance committee was re-elected as follows: W. F. Hills, E. G. Stevens, George A. Shields, James M. Butler, Frank T. Fletcher; music committee, Miss Anna A. Leach, Miss Mattie H. Baron, James R. Cove. The deacons were re-elected, viz: W. F. Hills, F. T. Fletcher, James R. Cove, James M. Butler. The standing committee consists of the pastor and deacons: Messrs. George A. Shields and William V. Babkirk, Miss Abbie M. Watson, Mrs. Georgianna Foss. Baptizing committee: Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Foster, Mrs. T. A. LaPorte, Mr. George H. Eaton, Mrs. E. T. Fletcher, Mrs. George A. Shields.

ANOTHER LOWELL BOY

FIGHTING FOR THE STARS AND STRIPES IN THE NAVY.

Every day discovers another Lowell boy in the United States navy ready to give battle to the Spaniards. This time is Russell Hand, the 19 year old son of Mrs. Sadie L. Hand. He has been in the United States navy for three years and during times of peace had a berth on the battleship Indiana. He is now on the Bancroft, from which he wrote to his mother the other day, stating that Schley's fleet will also defeat the Cape Verde squadron when they meet.

ANNUAL RECEPTION

OF PROF. ELVIN'S DANCING PUPILS LAST NIGHT.

The sixth annual reception and ball of Prof. William F. Elvin's pupils was held last night at the dancing academy on Dutton street.

The hall was tastefully decorated, the national colors being much in evidence. There was a large attendance. The grand march was led by Mr. Bertram Currier and Miss Maude Coffin, followed by about 75 couples.

The officers were: Floor manager, William F. Elvin; floor director, Nils Anderson; aids, Fred Osterhout, Hector Dunn, Bertram Currier, Norman Shorey, Charles Pitcher, John Shaw and Joe Seddon.

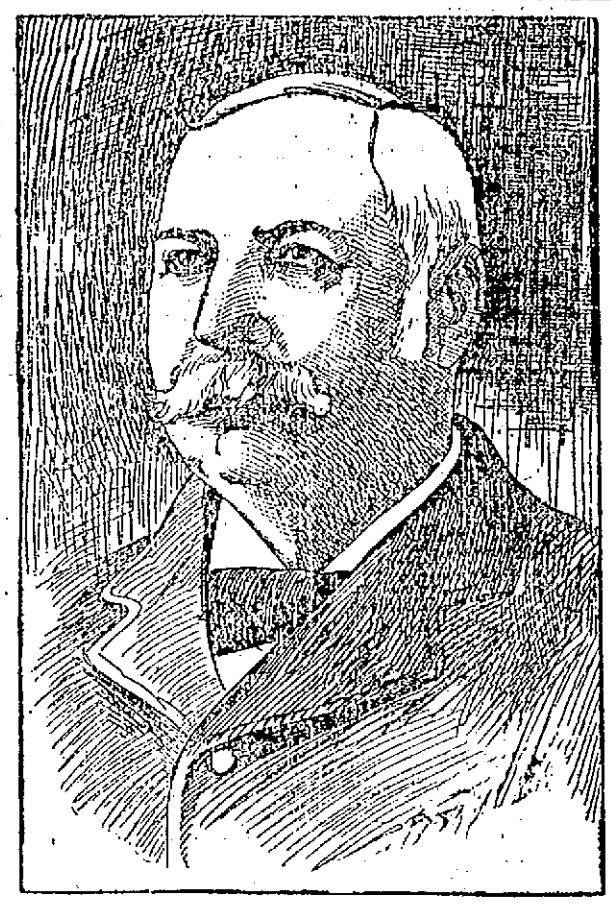
THE HIBERNIANS

LAST NIGHT HEARD REV. FR. SHEEHY AND VOTED TO PARADE.

The local divisions of Hibernians held a union meeting at their hall last night and voted to turn out in regalia today to assist in the escorting of the local militia to the depot. Remarks were made by Messrs. O'Sullivan and O'Neil, relative to today's parade after which Rev. Fr. Sheehy of Limerick, Ireland, known as Ireland's Soggarth Aroon, delivered an interesting discourse on Hibernianism. The distinguished visitor is possessed of a fine voice and the history of his native country has been his study for years. Because he, by voice and pen, resented the oppression of his countrymen in Ireland, he was thrown into prison by the English authorities where he sat side by side in the same cell with Charles Stewart Parnell. Fr. Sheehy will deliver a lecture in Associate hall, Sunday, May 8.

First class job printing done at this office.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.



MAYOR BENNETT, Who Headed the City Government in Line.

NOTES FROM CAMP

Military Captains Rejected at Framingham.

A MOST RIGID EXAMINATION ENFORCED.

Lowell Companies Will Not Suffer This.

The companies at Framingham have been surprised by the rejection of some of their officers whom they supposed to be all right and this for the slightest cause, such as defective teeth or something not more serious.

On Wednesday, five companies were examined and almost all the line officers of the Second were before the surgeons. As a result, two captains and three lieutenants will return to their armories and join the home guard.

Although it was not stated why these men were rejected, the heart and the lungs had considerable to do with the decision of the surgeons. The rejections of enlisted men will not go over 15 per cent. today, and this is considered a remarkable showing considering that the men of the Second had not been subjected to a medical examination by their regimental surgeons previous to coming to camp.

All the forenoon, the recruits of the various companies were out on the field. At 12 o'clock, the Ninth Infantry marched on to the field. The boys of the Second lined up at the end of their company streets to welcome their comrades in arms. The regiment marched directly to quarters and immediately Col. Converse issued the blankets and other camp equipments.

Immediately the regiment was settled in quarters, Col. Regan summoned the captains of each of the twelve companies and gave orders for the examinations. It is expected that the Ninth Infantry will show a less percentage than that of the Second, because every man in the regiment has been examined within the past few week by the surgeons of the regiment.

While very little work of a military character has been performed since the troops arrived they have been taught several object lessons which will long be remembered, especially by the officers in choosing men for their respective companies. Hereafter it is safe to say none but able-bodied men will be enlisted in the M.V.M. Men over whom tears were shed by their relatives who thought the men were going direct to Cuba to fight the hated Spaniard, will return to become a member of the home guard, rejected for physical disability.

Many of these men should never have volunteered their services and caused their relatives unnecessary suffering as they must have known that they could not pass the physical examination.

Company F of the 9th Infantry is undoubtedly the best fixed company for a long campaign on the field, thanks to the loyal citizens of Lawrence. Each man is supplied with a pair of common sense shoes, stockings, under clothing, two blue flannel shirts and numerous other useful articles which will come in handy if they are sent to the front.

Company M of Lowell got a rousing send-off by Lowell citizens, but it was not favored by orders for equipment by the city as was the Lawrence company but yet it is well prepared for the service.

The boys of the 9th feel justly proud of the remarkable demonstration at the camp as in Boston and will cherish with pleasure the sprig of green presented to each member on their departure for "the front" by City Forester Doogue.

The strength of the Second Infantry today was as follows: Field and staff 16, Company A, 5; B, 75; C, 75; D, 75; E, 75; F, 75, G, 75; H, 74; I, 81; K, 75; L, 75; M, 75; total, 925.

The details for guard mount of the Second was Capt. William J. Crosier, officer of the day; Lieut. William L. Young of Company D, officer of the guard. For the Ninth, Capt. J. Moynihan of Company F, officer of the day; and Lieut. Crane, officer of the guard.

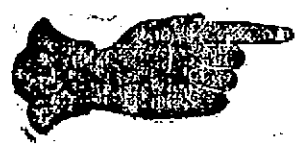
MIDDLESEX COMPANY vs. McCUE.

This was one of the suits in equity brought by Prentiss Webster to settle the title and boundaries of the Middlesex company's pond in the Concord river. Charles Cowley brought it up before Judge Knowlton on Wednesday, and a final decree was entered establishing the defendant's right to the land and the plaintiff's rights in the pond pursuant to the decision made by the full bench of the supreme court.



SUPT. DAVIS of the Police Department.

A GREAT SEND OFF!



It was cheering to the Boys in Blue to receive such a tremendous Send Off. We know something of the feeling. We appreciate the "Send Off" given us in our attempts—Achievements—Successes in Great Mark Down Sales.

May the send off be as lasting with the "Boys" as with us.

We have always been in it—We hope they may.

A few more days of the **BIG SALE.** Fail ye not to pay a visit.

The following are (not Torpedo Destroyers) but price reducers. Make time and money by reading all items.

RIBBON VALUES.

A lot of Colored Silk Ribbons, worth 15c and 19c, for 5c a Yard.

Fancy Silk Ribbons, all kinds, a large assortment, worth 25c. A big send off at 9c Yd.

A lot of Fancy and Plain Colored Silk and Satin Ribbons, worth 39c. Big reduction, ain't it, only 15c a Yard.

KID GLOVE VALUES.

160 dozen 4-button and Foster Lacing Kid Gloves that were $1.00, in all shades and black, for only 49c a Pair.

240 dozen two-clasp real kid gloves, in tans and blacks, all the new spring colorings, always $1.25, now only 79c a Pair.

Two-clasp and Foster lacing real kid Gloves, always $1.50. We are giving great values though, so down they go at 98c a Pair.

CORSET VALUES.

Three tremendous bargains in Corsets for today and tomorrow.

One lot of Corsets, slightly and muchly soiled, worth as high as a dollar a pair, for a small price, viz., 29c a Pair.

CORSET VALUES.

Some $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.25 Corsets, principally the popular American Lady Makes, but other good makes, all go in for a send off at 69c a Pair.

One lot of Corsets, not so much damaged as the first lot, a superior lot that will, no doubt, delight our customers at 49c a Pair.

INSIDE SKIRT VALUES.

Some of these were wet through and through, it simply proved their superior materials as they stood the test grandly.

One lot of Skirts in Fancy Checks and Stripes, also black satine, good dollar values for 79c.

Near Silk Skirts, in fancy checks, plaids, etc., also black Henrietta, with double flounce, a great bargain at $1.23.

One lot, some damaged a little—price damaged much. A reduction has been made of as much as a dollar on a skirt—Morcens, Lastings, etc., in circular flounce, only $1.98.

GENT'S FURNISHINGS.

Men's Fine Balbriggan Underwear, finished seams ribbed Skirt, only 49c. Shirts and drawers.

Men's Fancy Outing Shirts, a great variety, worth much more money, nevertheless, they go at 49c.

Men's Golf Hose in all the new weaves and designs, been sold at 50c, etc., now they are 25c a Pair.

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

We have been fortunate in securing another lot of Misses' and Children's Reefers at a tremendous reduction from the regular prices for cash. This means that on Saturday morning will be offered a full line of Garments, in sizes from 2 to 14, at exactly 50c on the dollar.

SHIRT WAISTS.

The grand opening of Shirt Waist season will be remembered by the following bargains:

1 lot Fine Percale and Linen Waists at 25c.

1 lot Fine Lawn and Linen Waists, detachable collars, 49c.

1 lot Fine Gingham and Fancy Trimmed Waists, 98c.

THESE ARE GREAT DAYS AT

THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS COMPANY, HUSTLERS.

SUDDEN DEATH.

OF MRS. FRED C. MILLER OF WESTFORD STREET.

Betsey E. Miller, wife of Fred C. Miller, the well known architect, died at their home, 479 Westford street of apoplexy Thursday afternoon at twenty minutes past 1 o'clock. Mrs. Miller was in the best of health in the morning but was stricken with the fatal shock at 8 o'clock and died as above stated. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband, Fred C. Miller; three sons, Fred C. Miller, Jr., of Pittsfield, George S. Miller U. S. C. E.; and Royal F. Miller, one daughter, Bertha M. Miller of this city besides a very aged mother.

GREAT AUCTION.

A very large stock of Groceries, Teas, Coffees, etc., at 378 and 382 Broadway, will be sold at auction to the highest bidders Friday and Saturday, May 6th and 7th, commencing at 2 p. m. and will continue each afternoon and evening. All goods must be taken away by Monday, as the store must be vacated on that day.

—Joseph Rutherford, Auctioneer.

Fine job printing done at this office.

REMEMBERED BY HIS FRIENDS.

Frank M. Iby, who has been employed in Filling's shoe shop, was yesterday presented a purse of about $100 by his fellow workmen. Mr. Iby who is going with Company G, is the only man from Filing's factory to volunteer.

James H. Pearson and Henry Hopkins of Company G received purses of about $40 from their associates in Lamson's shop.

A subscription was taken up in the Bleachery yesterday for a bouquet to Captain Carr, an overseer there. It was presented to him in the parade this morning.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, SATURDAY, MAY 7.

Sun rises—4:32; sets, 6:50.

Moon rises—9:03 p. m.

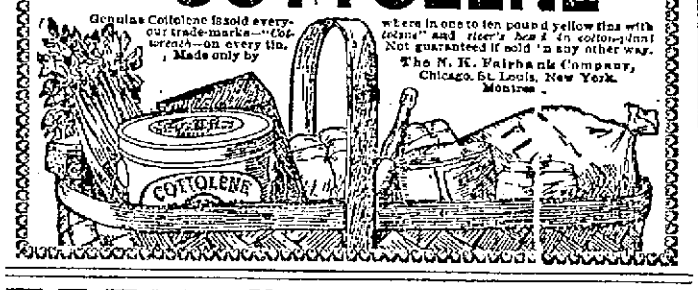
High water—12 noon; 12 night.

It will probably be slightly cooler Saturday, but there is promise of clearing weather during the evening and night, and the conditions now seem favorable for fair weather, more sunshine and warmer temperatures Sunday, with high to fresh westerly winds.

That Can

marked **Cottolene,** contains the shortening that makes everything else in the market basket more fit for food. It is the sign of a healthy household, where lard has been thrown aside; wherein thrift and good living and freedom from dyspepsia result from the use

OF **COTTOLENE**



Genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in one to ten pound pails with trade-marks—"cotton plant" and "steer's head in cotton-seed"—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Montreal.

TEETH

No Charge For Extracting

$5 to $10 a Set

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial Teeth without plates; also Rubber Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted—no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Not open Evenings

DR. J. B. FICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists. Room 21, 58, 59, Runels' Bl'g, cor. Merk & Bridge

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS

High Class Garments a Specialty.

Excellent material and good work for little money.

New styles added to our stock daily. Prices from $4.95 up to $22.50.

Suits and Bicycle Skirts made to order.

SPECIAL VALUES IN BLACK SATIN DUCHESSE

21 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $1 a yard, at 69c.

24 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $1.25 a yard, at 79c.

27 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $1.50 a yard, at 89c.

23 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $1.75 a yard, at 98c.

23 inch Black Satin Duchesse, worth $2 a yard, at $1.25.

CREDIT TO ALL

The rather cool weather during April has left us with more goods on hand than we care to have. Shivering days these—too cold to be without a jacket or wrap of some kind. We will give you a chance the next two weeks to buy one at a big reduction in price and terms.

JACKETS, CAPES, TAILOR-MADE SUITS, BICYCLE SUITS, SILK WAISTS, TRIMMED HATS,

All marked down. Every garment at your disposal for a little down and a little each week.

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDRENS' CLOTHING, SPRING OVERCOATS.

They are yours for your simple promise to pay us a little something every week. When you trade with us you needn't do much thinking. There is only one kind here and that's the best. It's so natural that we must give you the best. Your bill comes due gradually, there is plenty of time to test our statement

Caesar Misch

78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL

YOU CANNOT BEAT IT THE BICYCLE WE OFFER AT $25

It's listed at $50.00. Our stock is large, we want to turn it into money and have cut the price in two. Don't buy until you visit

RING'S BIG STORE,

221-229 DUTTON STREET.

S. T. Farrell

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY'S

GREAT LEADERS.

Ladies' Fast Black and Tan Seamless Hose, worth 19c., only **10c.** pair.

Ladies' Stainless Black Hose, ribbed and plain, with double sole, heel and toe, worth 25c., only **12 1-2c.** pair.

Men's Bedford Half-Hose, the greatest sock of the day, worth 25c., only **12 1-2c.**

Men's summer weight Merino Shirt and Drawers, fine quality, only **25c.** each.

Boys' Fast Black School Hose, with double knee, heel and toe, only **12 1-2c.** pair.

See our stock of LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS and WRAPPERS before buying elsewhere, it will pay you.

110 and 112 Merrimack, Formerly Central Street.